## **Louisville Metro Housing Authority**

# Moving to Work Annual Report

## Fiscal Year 2016

July 1, 2015 – June 30, 2016

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## I. Introduction

The Louisville Metro Housing Authority, formerly known as the Housing Authority of Louisville, is a nonprofit agency responsible for the development and management of federally assisted housing in the Louisville Metro area. In 2003, Louisville Metro Mayor Jerry Abramson and the Louisville Metro Council approved the merger of the Housing Authority of Louisville and Housing Authority of Jefferson County, thereby creating the Louisville Metro Housing Authority (LMHA). A nine-member Board of Commissioners, appointed by the Metro Mayor, serves as the policy making body of the agency. LMHA has over 4,000 public housing units, and administers rental assistance for more than 9,000 families through its Section 8 programs.

## Moving To Work (MTW) Demonstration Program Overview

LMHA, then the Housing Authority of Louisville, became one of a small group of public housing agencies participating in the Moving to Work (MTW) Demonstration Program in 1999. The MTW Program, authorized by Congress and signed into Law as part of the Omnibus Consolidated Rescissions and Appropriations Act of 1996, offers public housing agencies (PHAs) the opportunity to design and test innovative, locally-designed housing and self-sufficiency strategies for low-income families. The program allows exemptions from existing low-income public housing (Section 9) and Housing Choice Voucher (Section 8) rules, and it permits LMHA to combine public housing operating and capital funds, along with Housing Choice Voucher rental assistance funds, into a single agency-wide funding source.

Under the MTW Program, LMHA creates and adopts an MTW Annual Plan that describes new and ongoing activities that utilize authority granted to LMHA under its MTW Agreement with HUD. This Plan focuses primarily on the Public Housing, Housing Choice Voucher (HCV), and Capital Fund programs, as these are the LMHA programs that fall under MTW. The Annual Plan also focuses on newly proposed MTW activities and MTW activities that are ongoing. In addition, it contains information about some of LMHA's non-MTW initiatives, such as public housing site improvements, resident self-sufficiency programs, and new or upcoming grant opportunities. The MTW Annual Report - prepared at the end of each Fiscal Year (FY) - is an update on the status and outcomes of those activities included in the MTW Annual Plan.

## **MTW Objectives**

MTW is a demonstration program that allows PHAs to design and test ways to achieve three statutory goals. Each one of LMHA's MTW activities must achieve at least one of these statutory objectives:

- Reduce costs and achieve greater cost effectiveness in federal expenditures;
- Give incentives to residents, especially families with children, to obtain employment and become economically self-sufficient; and
- Increase housing choices for low-income families.

At the inception of LMHA's status as an MTW agency, LMHA carefully evaluated its own goals and objectives against those of the demonstration. The outcome was six long-term goals for LMHA's participation in the MTW program.

## Locally Defined LMHA MTW Goals

These goals, as outlined in the FY 1999 MTW Annual Plan, are locally-driven refinements of HUD's objectives:

- Increase the share of residents moving toward self-sufficiency;
- Achieve a greater income mix at LMHA properties;
- Expand the spatial dispersal of assisted housing;
- Improve the quality of the assisted housing stock;
- Reduce and/or reallocate administrative, operational and/or maintenance costs; and
- Enhance the Housing Authority's capacity to plan and deliver effective programs.

Since that time LMHA has recognized a growing number of populations with specific needs that often go unmet by existing housing and support service infrastructure. The agency has revised and updated its goals to reflect changes in the local community and the evolution of the HUD MTW demonstration into a performance-driven program. In addition to the goals above, LMHA has set the goal to:

• Develop programs and housing stock targeted to populations with special needs, especially those families not adequately served elsewhere in the community.

## **MTW Activity Overview**

An MTW activity is defined as any activity LMHA engages in that requires MTW flexibility to waive statutory or regulatory requirements.

During FY 2016, LMHA proposed; HUD approved; and LMHA implemented one new MTW activity:

• Activity #45-2016: MTW Special Referral Program – Coalition for the Homeless "Move Up" Initiative

LMHA made significant changes to two MTW activities:

- Activity #13-2009: HCV Homeownership Program Exception Payment Standards
- Activity #9-2007: Public Housing Term Limits and Employment/Educational Work Requirements for New Scattered Sites

LMHA also closed out one MTW activity:

• Activity #21-2010: Public Housing – Occupancy Criteria Changes for New Scattered Sites – Mandatory Case Management

A complete list of LMHA's MTW activities (along with their current status) follows:

## Moving to Work (MTW) Activity Matrix

#	Fiscal Year	MTW Activity	Status
45	2016	MTW Special Referral Program – Coalition for the Homeless "Move Up" Initiative	Implemented
44	2015	MTW Special Referral Programs	Implemented
43	2015	HCV Program - HUD/MDRC Rent Reform Demonstration	Implemented
42	2015	MTW Special Referral Program – Centerstone (formerly Seven Counties Services, Inc.)	Implemented
41	2014	Public Housing - Special Occupancy Requirements for Floors 1-9 of Building C at Dosker Manor	Proposed, Not Approved
40	2014	HCV Program - Financial Aid Disregard in Calculation of TTP	Implemented
39	2014	HCV Program - Rent Increase Limit	Implemented
38	2013	MTW Special Referral Program – Parkland Scholar House	Implemented
37	2013, 2014	Public Housing - Sublease Agreement with Frazier Spinal Cord Rehab Institute	Not Approved in 2013, Approved in 2014, Implemented
36	2013	MTW Special Referral Program – Wellspring at Bashford Manor/Newburg	Implemented
35	2012	MTW Special Referral Programs – Allocation of MTW Housing Choice Vouchers	Implemented
34	2012	MTW Special Referral Program – Wellspring at Youngland Avenue	Implemented
33	2012	Public Housing - Rents Set at 30% of Adjusted Income	Closed Out
32	2012	HCV Program & Public Housing - Elimination of the Earned Income Disregard	Implemented
31	2012	MTW Special Referral Program - Stoddard Johnston Scholar House	Implemented
30	2012	MTW Special Referral Program – 100,000 Homes Initiative	Implemented
29	2011, 2015	Public Housing - Sublease Agreement with YouthBuild Louisville	Not Approved in 2011, Approved in 2015, Implemented
28	2011	Public Housing - Locally Defined Guidelines for Development, Maintenance, & Modernization	Not Yet Implemented
27	2011	HCV Program & Public Housing - Amend Admissions Policy to Allow for Deduction of Child-Care Expenses in Determination of Eligibility	Implemented
26	2011	Public Housing - Acquisition of Mixed-Income Sites	Implemented
25	2010	Public Housing - Sublease Agreement with Catholic Charities	On Hold
24	2010	Public Housing - Increased Flat Rents for New Scattered Sites	Closed Out
23	2010	Public Housing - Lease-up Incentives for New Residents at Dosker Manor	Implemented
22	2010	Public Housing - CFL Trade-in Pilot Program for Avenue Plaza Residents	Single Budget Authority Only, Closed Out
21	2010	Public Housing - Occupancy Criteria Changes for New Scattered Sites - Mandatory Case Management	Closed Out
20	2010	MTW Special Referral Program - Downtown Family Scholar House	Implemented

#	Fiscal Year	MTW Activity	Status
19	2010	HCV Homeownership Program - Weatherization and Energy Efficiency Pilot	Single Budget Authority Only, Closed Out
18	2009	Public Housing - Simplification of the Public Housing Development Submittal	Implemented
17	2009	HCV Program & Public Housing - Multicultural Family Assistance Program	Single Budget Authority Only, Implemented
16	2009	Public Housing - Streamlined Demolition and Disposition Application Process for MTW Agencies	Closed Out
15	2009	MTW Special Referral Program - Louisville Scholar House	Implemented
14	2009	Center for Women and Families at the Villager - Determinations for Program Eligibility	Non-MTW
13	2009	HCV Homeownership Program – Exception Payment Standards (Revised FY 2016)	Implemented
12	2009	HCV Program - Maintenance Specialist	Single Budget Authority Only, Not Yet Implemented
11	2009	HCV Homeownership Program - Flexibility in Third-Party Verifications	Implemented
10	2008	Locally Defined Definition of Elderly	Implemented
9	2007	Public Housing - Employment/Educational Work Requirements for New Single- Family Scattered Site Homes (Revised FY 2014, FY 2016)	Implemented
8	2008	HCV Program & Public Housing - Standard Medical Deduction	Implemented
7	2008	MTW Special Referral Program - Day Spring	Implemented
6	2008	HCV Program - Earned Income Disregard for Elderly Families	Implemented
5	2007	HCV Program - Spatial Deconcentration of HCV Assisted Units	Closed Out
4	2007	HCV Program & Public Housing - Alternate Year Reexaminations of Elderly and Disabled Families (Revised FY 2012, FY 2014)	Implemented
3	2006	HCV Homeownership Program - Amount and Distribution of Homeownership Assistance	Implemented
2	1999	MTW Inspections Protocol	Implemented
1	2005	MTW Special Referral Program - Center for Women and Families	Implemented

## Short and Long Term MTW Plan

The mission of the Louisville Metro Housing Authority (LMHA) is to provide quality, affordable housing for those in need, to assist residents in their efforts to achieve financial independence, and to work with the community to strengthen neighborhoods. During FY 2016, LMHA focused on the **short term** goal of effectively implementing its FY 2016 Annual Plan. Key outcomes and accomplishments include:

- Continued to expand service-enriched housing choices for vulnerable populations whose needs are not adequately met elsewhere in the community by implementing a new MTW Special Referral Program with the Coalition for the Homeless. The "Move Up" program provides a limited HCV Program admissions preference (no more than 100 vouchers at any given time) for chronically homeless families, allowing them to transition from temporary homeless services vouchers to permanent housing in the private rental market.
- Finished enrolling participants in a HUD-directed, rent reform demonstration in the HCV Program, which has been designed to test and evaluate an alternative rent policy, in conjunction with several MTW public housing agencies, including the LMHA. The Housing Authority has modified its policies and rent calculation methodology for a group of program participants (the Alternate Rent Group), and will compare the results to a group of program participants who are assisted under the rent policies used for all other LMHA-assisted HCV households (the Control Group).
- Expanded the number of exception payment standard census tracts used in the HCV Homeownership Program, increasing the ability of families to purchase homes in areas of opportunity.

In the **long term**, LMHA will continue to focus on the goals below. Progress made toward these objectives during FY 2016 follow:

## **Reposition and Redevelop the Conventional Public Housing Stock**

The physical stock of the remaining original family developments owned and managed by LMHA needs to be completely redeveloped. These sites – large, dense, urban, and often isolated – need major renovation or replacement. LMHA's goal is to transform these communities in the coming years, replacing the current public housing developments with mixed income communities, while at the same time providing replacement units so that the overall number of families served will not decrease. In the elderly developments, modernization efforts will proceed with an eye toward appropriate and expanded service provision. Key FY 2016 initiatives included:

• **Russell Choice Neighborhoods Initiative (Vision Russell)** Begun in 2010, the Choice Neighborhoods Initiative (CNI) is a HUD-funded grant program that

Begun in 2010, the Choice Neighborhoods Initiative (CNI) is a HUD-funded grant program that replaces the HOPE VI Program. There are three types of CNI funding available: **Planning, Action, and Implementation.** 

Planning: LMHA was awarded a \$425,000 Planning grant in January 2015. By January 2017, Louisville will complete a Transformation Plan for the Russell neighborhood (including the Beecher Terrace public housing development), which will concentrate on the following goals: transform Russell into a neighborhood of opportunity and choice; revitalize Beecher Terrace as part of an overall plan for improving the Russell neighborhood; and attract investments to Russell to improve quality of life for residents.

CNI Planning grant funds CANNOT be used for Beecher Terrace demolition, relocation, or replacement housing; rather, the planning process is examining options for the redevelopment of the Beecher Terrace site. Any future redevelopment would require one-for-one replacement of any units demolished. Displaced residents would be allowed to return either on-site or to off-site replacement housing as long as they were lease-compliant at the time of departure from the original site and remained lease-compliant during the relocation period (No work or minimum income requirements are permitted.). In addition, LMHA would be required to offer an admissions preference for returning residents for both on- and off-site replacement units.

- Action: In June 2016, LMHA was awarded \$1 million in CNI Action funds, which will be used to complete physical, community, and/or economic development projects that enhance and accelerate the transformation of the Russell neighborhood. By November 11, 2016, LMHA must submit a draft Action Activities Plan to HUD describing the Housing Authority's intended use of these funds. Funds must be expended by December 31, 2017.
- **Implementation:** LMHA submitted an application for \$29,575,000 in CNI Implementation funds for the transformation of Beecher Terrace (the target public housing project) and the surrounding Russell neighborhood in June 2016. Should the Housing Authority's application be unsuccessful, LMHA intends to re-apply in FY 2017.

## • Sheppard Square HOPE VI Revitalization

LMHA received a \$22 million HOPE VI grant to revitalize the Sheppard Square public housing development in FY 2010. The decades old development, which was built in 1942, suffered from inherent design deficiencies, as well as numerous operations failures. On-site, the new Sheppard Square will consist of public housing, low-income housing tax credit, and market rate units in a variety of housing types including single-family homes, semi-detached and row townhouses, and multi-family apartment buildings. Off-site, the public housing replacement units will include service-enriched units and single-family homes and apartments in mixed-income communities. All new construction will meet Energy Star standards and the Enterprise Communities Green Community criteria. As with Liberty Green and all subsequent revitalization plans that require demolition of existing public housing units, LMHA has committed to one-for-one replacement of the 326 public housing units formerly on the Sheppard Square site.

As of June 30, 2016, LMHA had completed all on-site demolition work, and constructed 255 new rental units. During FY 2016, LMHA made great strides toward its off-site public housing replacement commitment, acquiring 37 of 84 planned scattered site units in areas of low poverty.

## • Liberty Green (Clarksdale) HOPE VI Revitalization

In redeveloping the Clarksdale public housing development, LMHA has to date received a total of \$40 million in Federal HUD HOPE VI Revitalization grant funds, obtained over \$200 million in physical development leverage, and partnered with several for-profit and non-profit developers to create more than 1,900 public housing, low-income tax credit, market rate rental, and homeownership units. All the rental units included in the original Revitalization Plan are complete. Following the economic downturn, the site plan was revamped to respond to evolving market conditions, and the unit mix was shifted toward market rate rental. During FY 2016, a local developer completed construction of 173 market rate rental units in three buildings, with a portion of the units designated for University of Louisville students, and has plans to build a HOME2 Suites by Hilton hotel containing approximately 100 rooms during FY 2017.

## • Redevelopment of the Friary

During FY 2016, LMHA continued holding 24 units off-line at the Friary, a historic structure that LMHA used as public housing until a few years ago when the site was emptied in preparation for comprehensive rehabilitation. During FY 2015, LMHA procured a private developer to redevelop the site, and during FY 2016, LMHA received HUD approval to sell the site to the private developer. The developer has obtained state historic tax credits to partially finance the rehab work, and plans to apply for low-income housing tax credits during FY 2017. Once the building has been renovated, LMHA plans to use 18 units for public housing. An additional six replacement public housing units will be acquired in non-impacted areas.

## Increase Housing Choice through Stronger Rental Communities and Options, and Expanded Homeownership Opportunities

Key FY 2016 initiatives included:

• Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) Homeownership Program: Homeownership is an important housing option for many low-income families, and it is an affordable and secure way for qualified LMHA families to achieve self-sufficiency. LMHA had the first Section 8 closing in the nation in November of 1997, and the award winning program offers a comprehensive route to self-sufficiency for low-income families through mortgage assistance, counseling, and maintenance support. The HCV Homeownership option has helped LMHA families make the transition from renting to owning by allowing them to utilize their voucher to pay a portion of their mortgage for up to 15 years.

Participants challenge their over-representation in poverty statistics and under-representation in indicators of success. In addition to financial assistance, the program provides intensive pre and post purchase counseling and requires homebuyer participation in Individual Development Accounts with a two to one match for repairs and maintenance to help families navigate the process of buying and owning a home and increase their chances of success.

Through a significant change to MTW Activity #13-2009 implemented in April 2016, LMHA has expanded the number of HCV Homeownership Program exception payment standard areas. Setting the payment standard to 120% of Fair Market Rent (as opposed to the standard 110%) in additional non-impacted census tracts will encourage program participants to purchase homes in areas of opportunity.

## • Green / Healthy Homes Initiatives

Sheppard Square: LMHA's greenest construction project to date, the Sheppard Square revitalization features mandatory recycling and composting; rain water retention, bio swales, and pervious pavers in the parking lots; photovoltaics; electric vehicle charging stations; a green roof; and four energy efficient / storm resistant houses. In addition to the Enterprise Green Community certification (Block B was certified during FY 2016 and an application for the remaining blocks is pending), LMHA is pursuing LEED Neighborhood certification, funded in part by a U.S. Green Building Council grant.

Thanks to funding from the Carol Mount Peterson Foundation, during FY 2016 LMHA expanded the St. Peter Claver Community Garden (located behind the Sheppard Square Management Office), adding 10 new raised beds to the 23 available previously. The grant also funded a new a "fitness garden" on the property with 10 fitness stations positioned along a walking path that connects to a newly designated "Mayor's Mile" within the footprint of Sheppard Square; a large, multi-purpose lawn area that provides space for activities such as

yoga, tai-chi, and other group fitness classes; and up cycled playground equipment for children.

Also in FY 2016, LMHA received a \$30,000 Place-Based Strategies Grant from Ohio Capital Impact Corporation, which will allow the Housing Authority to construct a splash pad on the St. Peter Claver site during FY 2017.

- **Parkway Place:** In FY 2016, LMHA secured a \$38,750 grant from the Humana Foundation grant to construct a walking path with fitness stations; create a soccer field; and make improvements to the on-site community garden.
- **Smoke-Free Housing:** In January 2016, LMHA updated its public housing *Admissions and Continued Occupancy Policy* to begin phasing in a no-smoking requirement across all of its public housing stock. All newly admitted public housing families, as well as families transferring between public housing units, are now required to sign a no-smoking lease addendum indicating they will not smoke in their dwelling unit or in the common areas of their building. This policy will allow LMHA to gradually transition its public housing stock to no-smoking by prohibiting smoking in individual units whenever an existing family moves out and a new family moves in.

## • Community and Resident Safety

Promoting the safety and security of public housing residents is of the utmost concern to the LMHA. During FY 2015, LMHA received \$250,000 through HUD's Capital Fund Emergency Safety and Security Program to implement safety improvements at Dosker Manor Building A, a high-rise tower serving elderly and/or disabled households. During FY 2016, the Housing Authority began installing new locks and lighting, and the first-floor lobby security station will be relocated and upgraded during FY 2017.

## **II.** General Housing Authority Operating Information

			A. MIW Kep	ort: Housing Stock Information					
		New Hou	sing Choice Vouchers	that were Project-Based During	the Fiscal Year				
Prope	erty Name	Anticipated Number of New Voucher to be Project Based *		Descripti	on of Project				
	N/A	0	0		N/A				
	N/A	0	0	N/A					
N/A		0	0	N/A					
N/A		0	0	N/A					
				Anticipated Total Number of Project-Based Vouchers Committed at the End of the Fiscal Year *	Anticipated Total Number of Project- Based Vouchers Leased Up or Issued to a Potential Tenant at the End of the Fiscal Year *				
Anticipated Total Number of New Vouchers to be Project- Based *		Actual Total Number of New Vouchers that were Project- Based	0	0					
		0	0	Actual Total Number of Project-Based Vouchers Committed at the End of the Fiscal Year	Actual Total Number of Project-Based Vouchers Leased Up or Issued to a Potential Tenant at the End of the Fisca Year				
				0	0				

LMHA Note: The Housing Authority does not currently have any project-based vouchers under lease.

### Other Changes to the Housing Stock that Occurred During the Fiscal Year

**Sheppard Square HOPE VI Revitalization:** In 2010, LMHA was awarded a HOPE VI grant for the revitalization of Sheppard Square, a 326-unit family development. The revitalization effort, which includes a mix of market rate, tax-credit, and public housing rental units, as well as homeownership opportunities, is occurring in a series of phases. By FYE 2016, LMHA had constructed 255 of 310 planned on-site units.

As with all redevelopment efforts subsequent to the Park DuValle HOPE VI Revitalization, LMHA is committed to one-for-one replacement of the 326 public housing units razed at Sheppard. In FY 2012, LMHA received approval from HUD to acquire existing, off-site scatteredsite units to replace a portion of the units that were demolished at Sheppard Square. By FYE 2015, 21 of 84 planned off-site public housing replacement units had been acquired, and an additional 16 were acquired during FY 2016. LMHA plans to acquire the remaining 47 units during FY 2017.

Wilart Arms: LMHA acquired 15 units within the 66-unit Wilart Arms Apartments (formerly known as Hallmark Plaza Apartments) as part of a Mixed-Finance initiative between the Kentucky Housing Corporation (the Commonwealth's tax credit administrator), LMHA, the Housing Partnership, Inc. (HPI), and HUD'S Federal Housing Administration Office of Multifamily Housing. The property, located off Dixie Highway in the Shively community, will be managed by non-profit HPI. The bedroom distribution of the units is as follows: 2 one-bedroom, 10 two-bedroom, and 3 three-bedroom. Two of the units are both accessible and adaptable to persons with hearing and/or visual impairments. Of the remaining 51 units at Wilart Arms, 11 units are tax credit units and 40 are Section 8 Multi-Family units.

**The Friary:** During FY 2016, LMHA continued holding 24 units off-line at the Friary, a historic structure that LMHA used as public housing until a few years ago when the site was emptied in preparation for comprehensive rehabilitation. During FY 2015, LMHA procured a private developer to redevelop the site, and during FY 2016, LMHA received HUD approval to sell the site to the private developer. The developer has obtained state historic tax credits to partially finance the rehab work, and plans to apply for low-income housing tax credits during FY 2017. Once the building has been renovated, LMHA plans to use 18 units for public housing. An additional six replacement public housing units will be acquired in non-impacted areas.

**Disposition of Units Under Abatement:** LMHA held 21 scattered site units in KY001000017 (Fegenbush-Whipps Mill) offline during the fiscal year pending HUD approval of a disposition application (which was received on August 4, 2016). While the units have undergone extensive lead and mold abatement work, yet more work would have been required to put them back into productive use at a cost that LMHA determined was not feasible. Instead, the units will be sold via a closed bidding process during FY 2017 with proceeds used to purchase replacement units in non-impacted census tracts.

**Metropolitan Sewer District (MSD) Disposition:** LMHA held one single family home off-line in KY001000047 (Clarksdale I Scattered 69) pending disposition to MSD. Located in a Special Flood Hazard area, the property will be sold to MSD as part of the Maple Street Drainage Acquisition Project funded by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). HUD approval of the sale was received on August 4, 2016. Sale proceeds will be used to purchase a replacement unit in a non-impacted census tract.

**Disposition of Kentucky Street Units:** LMHA held 23 units located on Kentucky Street (13 units in KY001000017 and 10 units in KY001000034) off-line pending disposition to Simmons College, a pre-eminent, non-profit, historically black college located in Louisville. Disposition approval was received from HUD on December 7, 2015. Sales proceeds will be used to purchase replacement units in non-impacted census tracts.

Examples of the types of other changes can include but are not limited to units that are held off-line due to the relocation of residents, units that are off-line due to substantial rehabilitation and potential plans for acquiring units.

Scattered Sites (KY 1-056, KY 1-038, KY1-034, KY 1-024 and KY1-017)	
HVAC Replacement – Bland Street, Del Maria	
Purchase of Wilart Arms property	
Sprinkler system at the Friary	
960 South Sixth Street Renovations	
Repair Fire Damage 1141 South 6th Street	
Avenue Plaza/550 Apartments (KY1-014)	
HVAC Replacement	
Dosker Manor (KY 1-012)	
Sump Pump Replacement bldgs A and C	
PTAC Replacement	
Parking Lot Repair	
Parkway Place (KY1-003)	
Community Center and Maintenance Garage Sprinkler	
Window Replacement	
Beecher Terrace (KY1-002)	
Baxter Community Center and Maintenance Garage Sprinkler	
Domestic Hot Water Pipe Replacement	

Overview	of Other Housing Owne	ed and/or Managed by the PHA at Fiscal Year End					
Housing Program *	Total Units	Overview of the Program					
Tax-Credit	21	In 2013, LMHA acquired full ownership of all rental units constructed through Phase I of the Park DuValle HOPE VI Revitalization, including 59 public housing units, 21 tax credit units, and 20 market rate units.					
Market Rate	20	me as above e Louisville Metro Housing Authority Development Corp. (formerly uisville Housing Services) developed affordable condominium meownership, providing construction, financing, and property unagement expertise. LMHADC (using LMHA staff) continues to					
Other	83	The Louisville Metro Housing Authority Development Corp. (formerly Louisville Housing Services) developed affordable condominium homeownership, providing construction, financing, and property management expertise. LMHADC (using LMHA staff) continues to manage the condominium regime for each of the following sites: HPP I (3 units); HPP II (15 units); HPP III (20 units); and Parkland Place (12 units)					
Total Other Housing Owned and/or Managed	124						
* Select Housing Program from Developments for other non-MTW		d, Locally Funded, Market-Rate, Non-MTW HUD Funded, Managing s. or Other.					
	lease describe: Most of th	e funding for the developments was in debt with local e developments were also partially funded by City					
	HOME Fu ago.	and loans at a reduced 3% rate, more than 20 years					

						11.5.1	Report.Lea	sing		
				B.	MTW	Rep	ort: Leasin	g Information		
			Actual N	umber	of Hous	ehold	ls Served a	t the End of the F	ïscal Year	
		Hou	sing Prog	ram:			-		seholds Served*	
								Planned	Actual	
Number of U MTW Fundeo					-	l Non	-Traditional	2	3	
Number of U MTW Fundeo			*		•	l Non	-Traditional	0	0	
Port-In Vouc	hers (not ab	osorbed)	1					0	0	
	Т	otal Pro	ojected a	ıd Actu	ial Hous	seholo	ds Served	2	3	
* Calculated I ** In instance Served, the P	es when a L	local, No	on-Traditio	onal prog	gram pro	vides	a certain sub		not specify a number of	units/Households
		Ноц	sing Prog	rom				Unit	Months	
								Planned	Actual	
Number of U MTW Funded	d Property-	Based A	Assistance	Progra	ms ***			24	35	
Number of U MTW Funded	d Tenant-Ba	ased As	sistance P		•	l Non	-Traditional	0	0	
Port-In Vouc	,	,					1/7 1	0	0	
10	tal Project	ed and	Annual U	nit Mo	nths Oc	cupie	d/Leased	24	35	
	LMHA	served	more fam	ilies that	n anticipa		hrough the Y partnership.	outhBuild Louisville	e local non-traditional M	ГW
Served, the P	HA should	estimate	e the numb	er of ho	ouseholds	s serve	ed.		ot specify a number of u	
The Unit Mo	nths Occup	ned/Lea	sed is the	otal nui	nber of r	month	s the housing	g PHA has occupied	d/leased units, according	to unit category
of households	served (0.7	74) is les	ss than the	number	r of units	lease	d (2), as sho	wn in the previous t	d, when looked at by un ables. Because YouthB aber of units leased (1).	
								Average Number of Households Served Per	Total Number of Households Served During	
Households S								Month 0	the Year	

### Reporting Compliance with Statutory MTW Requirements: 75% of Families Assisted are Very Low-Income

HUD will verify compliance with the statutory objective of "assuring that at least 75 percent of the families assisted by the Agency are very lowincome families" is being achieved by examining public housing and Housing Choice Voucher family characteristics as submitted into the PIC or its successor system utilizing current resident data at the end of the agency's fiscal year. The PHA will provide information on local, nontraditional families provided with housing assistance at the end of the PHA fiscal year, not reported in PIC or its successor system, in the following format:

Fiscal Year:	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016*	2017	2018
Total Number of Local, Non- Traditional MTW Households Assisted	0	0	0	1.21	1.74	1.59	х	Х
Number of Local, Non- Traditional MTW Households with Incomes Below 50% of Area Median Income	0	0	0	1.21	1.74	1.59	Х	Х
Percentage of Local, Non- Traditional MTW Households with Incomes Below 50% of Area Median Income	0	0	0	100	100	100	Х	Х

served (0.92) is equal to the number of units leased (0.92).

	Reporting	g Compliance wit	h Statutory MTW Req	uirements: Maintai	in Comparable Mix	
		• •	• •		family size) are served, as would have be ovide information in the following formation	
			or the Mix of Family Siz	es Served		
Family Size :	Occupied     Utilized       Number of     Number of       Public Housing     Section 8       :     units by     Vouchers by       Household     Household Siz       Size when PHA     when PHA       Entered MTW     Entered MTW		Non-MTW Adjustments to the Distribution of Household Sizes *	Baseline Number of Household Sizes to be Maintained	Baseline Percentages of Family Sizes to be Maintained	
1 Person	2496	54	0	2550	54.89	
2 Person	555	33	0	588	12.66	
3 Person	689	32	0	721	15.52	
4 Person	436	22	0	458	9.86	
5 Person	158	20	0	178	3.83	
6+ Person	137	14	0	151	3.25	
Totals	4471	175	0	4646	100	
Explanation fo Baseline Adjustn to the Distributic Household Siz Utilized	Section 8 V MTW appli 1-2 people, with the cal In 2003, the form LMH.	Youchers by House ication, which was 3-4 people, and 5+ tegories above, bas e Housing Authority A. Though the orig ic information (by h	hold Size when PHA Ento prepared in 1997. The app people. For purposes of the ed on the characteristics of Louisville (HAL) mentional agencies' Public House	ered MTW" come from plication reported hous his report, the historic of the 2014 population rged with the Housing sing and Section 8 pro	Attered MTW" and "Utilized Number of m the Housing Authority of Louisville's schold size data in the following categori data was prorated, in order to conform of households served. Authority of Jefferson County (HAJC) grams were merged that year, who were then served by HAJC, and is n	to

			Mix of	Family Sizes	Served		
	1 Person	2 Person	3 Person	4 Person	5 Person	6+ Person	Totals
Baseline Percentages of Household Sizes to be Maintained **	54.89	12.66	15.52	9.86	3.83	3.25	100.01
Number of Households Served by Family Size this Fiscal Year ***	5377	2531	2202	1525	765	547	12947
Percentages of Households Served by Household Size this Fiscal Year ****	41.53	19.55	17.01	11.78	5.91	4.22	100.00
Percentage Change	-24.34%	54.41%	9.59%	19.46%	54.27%	30.00%	-0.01%
Justification au Explanation for F Size Variations Over 5% from Baseline Percent	nd monit amily size. I the tages comp	oring and evaluatin LMHA will investi- sseline percentage 5% from the basel liance with this ob	ng compliance with gate changes to de s, as shown above ine percentages on jective.	h the MTW ob emographics, h , and will repo nee HUD has	jective to serve sub- nousing stock, and p rt justifications and published a methodo	stantially the same m olicies that may expla explanations for fami ology for monitoring a	•
ATW adjustment	s" include, t	out are not limited	to, demographic cl	nanges in the c	community's populat	tion. If the PHA incl substantiating the nu	udes non-MTW
** The numbers i naintained."	n this row w	vill be the same nu	mbers in the chart	above listed u	nder the column "B	aseline percentages of	of family sizes to be
y family size wh mmediately abov	en PHA ent e.	ered MTW" and '	Utilized number of	f Section 8 Vo	ouchers by family size	ze when PHA entere	er of Public Housing units d MTW" in the table
	-			-	-		erved that are directly du hay alter the number of

Housing Program	Description of Leasing Issues and Solutions
Public Housing (Dosker Manor)	<ul> <li>LMHA had been experiencing lower than normal occupancy rates at many of its mixed population high-rises; therefore, LMHA used its MTW authority to locally reduce the age of elderly to 55. Subsequently, occupancy rates significantly improved at all affected sites, although occupancy rates at Dosker Manor did not reach levels deemed acceptable by LMHA. As a result, LMHA began offering lease-up incentives at this site.</li> <li>During FY 2015, the agency was awarded Emergency Safety and Security Grants funding for Dosker Manor, and the Housing Authority began implementing security upgrades at the site during FY 2016. LMHA will continue to consider if an official elderly and/or disabled-only designation of one or more buildings at the site is appropriate.</li> </ul>
MTW Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) Program	LMHA has been experiencing lower than normal leasing rates in its HCV Program. Strategies to increase leasing include: absorbing incoming ports; accepting new families off the wait list; accepting homeless veteran and Special Referral Program referrals; and hiring new staff for vacant positions including Housing Specialists, Rental Assistance Monitors, and Housing Clerk Typists. In addition, during FY 2016 Metro Government hired two additional housing inspectors, who will be dedicated to HCV units. This will reduce the average number of days it takes to complete initial inspections, allowing units to be added to the HCV Program more quickly.

#9-2007 (Employment Requirements for Scattered Sites)       55       The ability to obtain and maintain su employment         #29-2015: Public Housing Sublease Agreement with YouthBuild Louisville       1       The ability to obtain and maintain su employment         #43-2015: HUD / MDRC Rent Reform Demonstration for HCV Households       161       The ability to obtain and maintain su employment				
Scattered Sites)     55     employment       #29-2015: Public Housing Sublease Agreement with YouthBuild Louisville     1     The ability to obtain and maintain su employment       #43-2015: HUD / MDRC Rent Reform Demonstration for HCV Households     161     The ability to obtain and maintain su employment       #44-2015: Special Referral MTW HCV     32     The ability to obtain and maintain su employment	Activity Name/#	ctivity Name/# Number of Households Transitioned * Agency Definition of Self Sufficie		
Agreement with YouthBuild Louisville     1     employment       #43-2015: HUD / MDRC Rent Reform Demonstration for HCV Households     161     The ability to obtain and maintain su employment       #44-2015: Special Referral MTW HCV     32     The ability to obtain and maintain su		55	The ability to obtain and maintain suitabl	
Demonstration for HCV Households     161     employment       #44-2015: Special Referral MTW HCV     32     The ability to obtain and maintain su	e	1	The ability to obtain and maintain suitable employment	
32		161	The ability to obtain and maintain suitable employment	
	1	32	The ability to obtain and maintain suitable employment	
Households Duplicated Across       0       * The number provided here should	Households Duplicated Across	0	* The number provided here should mat	

*LMHA Note:* The Housing Authority defines self-sufficiency as follows: "The ability of a non-disabled / non-elderly family to obtain and maintain suitable employment."

"Suitable employment" provides an annual gross earned income equal to or exceeding \$14,500 (the hourly minimum wage of \$7.25 multiplied by 2,000 hours).

	II.6.Report.Lea	asing		
	C. MTW Report: Wait Li	ist Information		
	Wait List Information at F	ïscal Year End	<u> </u>	
Housing Program(s) *	Wait List Type **	Number of Households on Wait List	Wait List Open, Partially Open or Closed ***	Was the Wait List Opened During the Fiscal Year
Federal MTW Housing Choice Voucher Program	Community-Wide	17502	Open	No
Federal MTW Public Housing Units	Community-Wide	3901	Open	No
Federal MTW Public Housing Units	Site-Based	5091	Open	No
Federal MTW Public Housing Units	Program Specific	154	Open	No
Federal MTW Public Housing Units / Federal MTW Housing Choice Voucher Program	Merged / Program Specific	979	Open	No
Project-Based Local, Non-Traditional MTW Housing Assistance Program	Program Specific	5	Open	No
Nore can be added if needed.				
		W Housing Choice V		
MTW Housing Assistance Program; and Cor ** Select Wait List Types: Community-Wide by HUD or Local PHA Rules to Certain Cate Program is a New Wait List, Not an Existing	nbined Tenant-Based and Project- e, Site-Based, Merged (Combined legories of Households which are D Wait List), or Other (Please Provi	busing Assistance Pr Based Local, Non-Tr Public Housing or Vo bescribed in the Rules de a Brief Description	raditional MTW Hou oucher Wait List), P s for Program Partic n of this Wait List T	ed Local, Non-Traditiona using Assistance Program rogram Specific (Limited cipation), None (If the
MTW Housing Assistance Program; and Cor ** Select Wait List Types: Community-Wide by HUD or Local PHA Rules to Certain Cate Program is a New Wait List, Not an Existing	nbined Tenant-Based and Project- e, Site-Based, Merged (Combined legories of Households which are D Wait List), or Other (Please Provi	busing Assistance Pr Based Local, Non-Tr Public Housing or Vo bescribed in the Rules de a Brief Description	raditional MTW Hou oucher Wait List), P s for Program Partic n of this Wait List T	ed Local, Non-Traditiona using Assistance Program rogram Specific (Limited cipation), None (If the
MTW Housing Assistance Program; and Cor ** Select Wait List Types: Community-Wide by HUD or Local PHA Rules to Certain Cate Program is a New Wait List, Not an Existing	nbined Tenant-Based and Project- e, Site-Based, Merged (Combined L gories of Households which are D Wait List), or Other (Please Provi lescription of the populations for w	busing Assistance Pr Based Local, Non-Tr Public Housing or Vo bescribed in the Rules de a Brief Description	raditional MTW Hou oucher Wait List), P s for Program Partic n of this Wait List T	ed Local, Non-Traditiona using Assistance Program rogram Specific (Limited cipation), None (If the
MTW Housing Assistance Program; and Cor ** Select Wait List Types: Community-Wide by HUD or Local PHA Rules to Certain Cate Program is a New Wait List, Not an Existing	nbined Tenant-Based and Project- e, Site-Based, Merged (Combined legories of Households which are D Wait List), or Other (Please Provi	busing Assistance Pr Based Local, Non-Tr Public Housing or Vo bescribed in the Rules de a Brief Description	raditional MTW Hou oucher Wait List), P s for Program Partic n of this Wait List T	ed Local, Non-Traditiona using Assistance Program rogram Specific (Limited cipation), None (If the
MTW Housing Assistance Program; and Cor ** Select Wait List Types: Community-Wide by HUD or Local PHA Rules to Certain Cate Program is a New Wait List, Not an Existing	nbined Tenant-Based and Project- e, Site-Based, Merged (Combined I spories of Households which are D Wait List), or Other (Please Provi lescription of the populations for w N/A	busing Assistance Pr Based Local, Non-Tr Public Housing or Vo bescribed in the Rules de a Brief Description	raditional MTW Hou oucher Wait List), P s for Program Partic n of this Wait List T	ed Local, Non-Traditiona using Assistance Program rogram Specific (Limited cipation), None (If the
Housing Choice Voucher Units; Tenant-Base MTW Housing Assistance Program; and Cor ** Select Wait List Types: Community-Wide by HUD or Local PHA Rules to Certain Cate Program is a New Wait List, Not an Existing *** For Partially Open Wait Lists, provide a c	bined Tenant-Based and Project- e, Site-Based, Merged (Combined I egories of Households which are D Wait List), or Other (Please Provi lescription of the populations for w N/A N/A N/A N/A	busing Assistance Pr Based Local, Non-Tr Public Housing or Vo bescribed in the Rules de a Brief Description	raditional MTW Hou oucher Wait List), P s for Program Partic n of this Wait List T	ed Local, Non-Traditiona using Assistance Program rogram Specific (Limited cipation), None (If the
MTW Housing Assistance Program; and Cor ** Select Wait List Types: Community-Wide by HUD or Local PHA Rules to Certain Cate Program is a New Wait List, Not an Existing	hbined Tenant-Based and Project- e, Site-Based, Merged (Combined I egories of Households which are D Wait List), or Other (Please Provi lescription of the populations for w N/A N/A N/A describe: / activities. One subleases two uni is. The other subleases up to three	busing Assistance Pr Based Local, Non-Tr Public Housing or Vo escribed in the Rule: de a Brief Descriptic hich the waiting list i hich the waiting list i s at the Liberty Grea public housing units	raditional MTW Hor pucher Wait List), P s for Program Partic n of this Wait List T s open.	ed Local, Non-Traditiona using Assistance Program rogram Specific (Limited ipation), None (If the 'ype).
MTW Housing Assistance Program; and Cor ** Select Wait List Types: Community-Wide by HUD or Local PHA Rules to Certain Cate Program is a New Wait List, Not an Existing *** For Partially Open Wait Lists, provide a c If Local, Non-Traditional Program, please LMHA has two local, non-traditional MTW Frazier Rehab spinal cord injury out-patient	nbined Tenant-Based and Project- e, Site-Based, Merged (Combined I egories of Households which are D Wait List), or Other (Please Provi lescription of the populations for w N/A N/A N/A describe: / activities. One subleases two unit is. The other subleases up to three 5 households on the Frazier Rehab N/A	busing Assistance Pr Based Local, Non-Tr Public Housing or Vo escribed in the Rule: de a Brief Descriptic hich the waiting list i hich the waiting list i s at the Liberty Grea public housing units	raditional MTW Hor pucher Wait List), P s for Program Partic n of this Wait List T s open.	ed Local, Non-Traditiona ising Assistance Program rogram Specific (Limited ipation), None (If the 'ype).
MTW Housing Assistance Program; and Cor ** Select Wait List Types: Community-Wide by HUD or Local PHA Rules to Certain Cate Program is a New Wait List, Not an Existing *** For Partially Open Wait Lists, provide a c If Local, Non-Traditional Program, please LMHA has two local, non-traditional MTW Frazier Rehab spinal cord injury out-patient	nbined Tenant-Based and Project- e, Site-Based, Merged (Combined I egories of Households which are D Wait List), or Other (Please Provi lescription of the populations for w N/A N/A N/A N/A describe: / activities. One subleases two unit is. The other subleases up to three 5 households on the Frazier Rehab	busing Assistance Pr Based Local, Non-Tr Public Housing or Vo escribed in the Rule: de a Brief Descriptic hich the waiting list i hich the waiting list i s at the Liberty Grea public housing units	raditional MTW Hor pucher Wait List), P s for Program Partic n of this Wait List T s open.	ed Local, Non-Traditiona using Assistance Program rogram Specific (Limited ipation), None (If the 'ype).
MTW Housing Assistance Program; and Cor ** Select Wait List Types: Community-Wide by HUD or Local PHA Rules to Certain Cate Program is a New Wait List, Not an Existing *** For Partially Open Wait Lists, provide a con- lif Local, Non-Traditional Program, please - LMHA has two local, non-traditional MTW Frazier Rehab spinal cord injury out-patient program participants. At FYE, there were	nbined Tenant-Based and Project- e, Site-Based, Merged (Combined I egories of Households which are D Wait List), or Other (Please Provi lescription of the populations for w N/A N/A N/A describe: / activities. One subleases two unit is. The other subleases up to three 5 households on the Frazier Rehab N/A	busing Assistance Pr Based Local, Non-Tr Public Housing or Vo escribed in the Rule: de a Brief Descriptic hich the waiting list i hich the waiting list i s at the Liberty Grea public housing units	raditional MTW Hor pucher Wait List), P s for Program Partic n of this Wait List T s open.	ed Local, Non-Traditiona using Assistance Program rogram Specific (Limited ipation), None (If the 'ype).

If there are any changes to the organizational structure of the wait list or policy changes regarding the wait list, provide a narrative

The following changes to LMHA's public housing Admissions and Continued Occupancy Policy (ACOP) became effective January 1, 2016: • The admissions preference for involuntarily displaced applicants was changed from a Category 3 to a Category 1 preference;

The admissions preferences for applicants living in substandard housing and for those who are excessively rent-burdened were removed;
The admissions preference for victims of physical violence was update to denote that most recent incident must have occurred no more

than 30 calendar days before the date the applicant begins the full application process;

• The admissions preference for homeless applicants was updated to indicate that homeless status will be verified through the Kentucky Homeless Management Information System, and that the applicant must have experienced homelessness within the 30 calendar days immediately prior to the date they begin the full application process; and

• The provision that individuals who are elderly, disabled, and/or displaced will be offered housing before other single persons was removed.

Please note: These changes do not apply Park DuValle Phases II-IV, Liberty Green, or Sheppard Square.

## **III. Proposed MTW Activities: HUD Approval Requested**

All activities proposed in the FY 2016 Plan that were granted approval by HUD are reported on in Section IV as "Approved Activities."

# **IV. Approved MTW Activities: HUD Approval Previously Granted**

This section of the Annual Report describes approved MTW activities. It includes a brief description, information on the activity's impact and status, and fiscal year outcomes. Activities are organized by status:

- A. Implemented;
- B. Not yet implemented;
- C. On hold; and
- D. Closed out.

## A. Implemented MTW Activities

For each previously approved and implemented activity, LMHA has provided:

- 1) The Plan Year in which the activity was first approved and implemented;
- 2) A description of the activity, information on its impact, and an update on its status;
- 3) A description of any benchmarks that were not achieved;
- 4) A description of any metrics that have been revised; and
- 5) A description of any changes to the data collection methodology.

Within this Report, implemented MTW activities have been grouped by topic area as follows:

- A.1 Occupancy at Elderly/Disabled High Rise Developments
- A.2 MTW Rent Policies (Non Rent Reform Demonstration)
- A.3 HUD/MDRC HCV Rent Reform Demonstration
- A.4 Occupancy Criteria for New Scattered Sites
- A.5 Public Housing Development
- A.6 Expanded Homeownership Opportunities
- A.7 Local Leased Housing Program
- A.8 Local, Non-Traditional Housing Programs

## A.1 Occupancy at Elderly/Disabled High Rise Developments

LMHA had experienced decreasing occupancy rates at several of its elderly/disabled sites for many years, with an average occupancy rate of 90.8% in FY 2008. Through a combination of MTW initiatives implemented beginning that year, LMHA has increased occupancy across these sites to an average of 93.6% at the end of FY 2016. Higher occupancy rates improve LMHA's operating revenues (which achieves greater cost effectiveness federal expenditures), and increase housing choices for 0- and 1-bedroom qualified applicants age 55 to 61.

## **ACTIVITY #10-2008: Local Definition of Elderly**

- 1. Plan Year Approved and Implemented Activity #10-2008 was proposed and implemented in FY 2008.
- 2. Description and Impact

This activity allows LMHA to use the following local definition of elderly: any family whose Head of Household, Cohead, or Spouse is age 55 or above. LMHA had been experiencing decreased occupancy rates at its elderly/disabled high-rises prior to adopting a local definition of elderly for these communities. The MTW age criterion is used to determine eligibility for residency at Avenue Plaza, Dosker Manor, Lourdes Hall, and Will E. Seay Plaza (formerly Bishop Lane Plaza).

Opening up these sites to non-disabled persons between ages 55 and 61 has helped raise occupancy rates and increased the pool of 1-bedroom and efficiency units available to these applicants. While these sites had an average occupancy rate of 90.8% when this activity was implemented in FY 2008, at the end of FY 2016, the average occupancy rate was 93.6%. Higher occupancy rates improve the agency's operating revenues and maximize the cost effectiveness of federal funding.

This activity was implemented in FY 2008; it is on schedule.

LMHA tracks the following HUD Standard Metrics for this activity:

	Housing Choice #	4: Displacement Pre	vention	
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?
Number (#) of households (HHs) at or below 80% AMI that would lose assistance or need to move	HHs losing assistance/moving prior to implementation of the activity (#).	Expected HHs losing assistance/moving after implementation of the activity (#).	Actual HHs losing assistance/moving after implementation of the activity (#).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.
(decrease). This activity affects families whose Head, Cohead or Spouse is age 55+.	As of FY 2007: 0 Annual # of HHs at each site losing assistance/moving prior to implementation.	0 Expected # of HHs at each site losing assistance/moving annually.	0 Actual # of HHs at each site losing assistance/moving annually.	Yes Explanation to be provided

Data Source(s): Emphasys LIB

Housing Choice #5: Increase in Resident Mobility				
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?

Number (#) of households (HHs) able to move to a better unit <sup>1</sup>	HHs able to move to a better unit &/or neighborhood of opportunity prior to implementation of the activity (#). This # may be zero.	Expected HHs able to move to a better unit &/or neighborhood of opportunity after implementation of the activity (#).	Actual increase in HHs able to move to a better unit &/or neighborhood of opportunity after implementation of the activity (#).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.
&/or	As of FY 2007: 0	100	128	Yes
neighborhood	Prior to implementation, # of	Expected # of non-	Actual # of non-	Explanation
of opportunity	non-disabled HHs where	disabled HHs where	disabled HHs where	to be
as a result of	head, cohead, or spouse is at	head, cohead, or spouse	head, cohead, or spouse	provided
the activity	least age 55, & neither the	is at least age 55, &	is at least age 55, &	-
(increase).	head, cohead, nor spouse is	neither the head, cohead,	neither the head,	
	older than 61.	nor spouse is older than	cohead, nor spouse is	
•		61 living at an affected	older than 61 living at	
		site at FYE.	an affected site at FYE.	

Data Source(s): Emphasys LIB

<sup>1</sup>Better unit is defined as a unit at one of the sites affected by the activity.

2.i. Rent Reform Hardship Requests

N/A. This is not a rent reform activity.

3. Benchmarks Not Achieved

N/A. This activity has proven effective, and all benchmarks have been met.

4. Revised Metrics

No benchmark had been established previously for standard metric Housing Choice #5: Increase in Resident Mobility.

5. *Changes to Data Collection Methodology* N/A. LMHA has not changed its data collection methodology.

## ACTIVITY #23-2010: Lease-Up Incentives for New Residents at Dosker Manor

- 1. Plan Year Approved and Implemented Activity #23-2010 was proposed and implemented in FY 2010.
- 2. Description

This activity provides lease-up incentives to new residents at Dosker Manor, an elderly/disabled high-rise located in downtown Louisville. New residents receive a waiver of the initial deposit and the first month's rent free.

Before the initiative's implementation in FY 2010, occupancy at Dosker Manor had consistently averaged below 90% for some time. In FY 2009, the year before implementation, occupancy was 87%. At the end of FY 2016, occupancy at this site was 92.3%.

This activity was implemented in FY 2010; it is on schedule.

The LMHA tracks the following HUD Standard Metrics for this activity:

### Cost Effectiveness #5: Increase in Agency Rental Revenue

Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?
	Rental revenue prior to	Expected rental	Actual rental revenue	Whether the
	implementation of the	revenue after	after implementation	outcome meets or
	activity (in dollars).	implementation of the	of the activity (in	exceeds the
Rental revenue		activity (in dollars).	dollars).	benchmark.
in dollars	As of FY 2013: <sup>1</sup>	\$1,250,000	\$1,396,080	Yes
(increase).	\$1,212,767			
	Annual Dosker Manor	Expected gross annual	Actual gross annual	Explanation to be
	rental revenue prior to	Dosker Manor rental	Dosker Manor rental	provided
	implementation	revenue	revenue	

Data Source(s): PHA financial records <sup>1</sup> FY 2013 is the earliest year for which data is available.

- 2.*i. Rent Reform Hardship Requests* N/A. This is not a rent reform activity.
- *3. Benchmarks Not Achieved* N/A. All benchmarks were achieved.
- 4. Revised Metrics

No benchmark had been established previously for standard metric Cost Effectiveness #5: Increase in Agency Rental Revenue.

 Changes to Data Collection Methodology N/A. LMHA has not changed its data collection methodology.

## A.2 MTW Rent Policies (Non Rent Reform Demonstration)

The MTW Demonstration also allows LMHA to rethink other policies – like the rent policy for the Public Housing and HCV programs – to encourage families to work towards financial self-sufficiency. Alternate rent structures also ease the burden on residents and the agency. As part of LMHA's rent reform goals, the Authority will continue to use HUD's Enterprise Income Verification (EIV) System in its day-to-day operations.

## ACTIVITY #40-2014: Financial Aid Disregard in Calculation of TTP – HCV Program

- Plan Year Approved and Implemented Activity #40-2014 was proposed and approved in FY 2012. The activity was implemented in FY 2016.
- 2. Description and Impact

When calculating an HCV participant's Total Tenant Payment (which is based on their annual income), this activity allows LMHA to disregard financial aid exceeding amounts received for tuition and fees for all households regardless of age or family status where the head of household is a student. Typically, PHAs are only allowed to disregard this type of financial assistance in cases where the student is both over the age of 23 and has dependent children.

This activity was implemented in January 2016, but has not yet been used. Housing Specialists will continue to screen student heads of household for eligibility at admission and recertification.

	Cost Effe	ectiveness #1: Agency Cos	t Savings	
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?
	Cost of task prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars). As of FY2015: \$25.07/	Expected cost of task after implementation of the activity (in dollars). \$26.90/ HH (\$26.90/staff	Actual cost of task after implementation of the activity (in dollars). \$0/ HH (\$26.90/staff	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark. No
	household (HH) (\$25.07/staff hour * 1.0 hr)	hour * 1.0 hr) <sup>1</sup>	hour * 1.0 hr)	
Total cost of task in dollars (decrease).	Average cost per household of calculating TTP annually for households (HHs) receiving financial aid disregard where HoH is under the age of 24 or does not have dependent children prior to implementation	Anticipated average cost of calculating TTP annually for student- headed HHs where the student is either not over the age of 23or does not have dependent children during FY	Actual average cost of calculating TTP annually for student- headed HHs where the student is either not over the age of 23or does not have dependent children during FY	Explanation to be provided

LMHA tracks the following HUD Standard Metrics for this activity:

Data Source(s): Emphasys; Staff logs; PHA financial records

This activity is not expected to affect agency cost. LMHA estimates the average cost will continue to be (average staff cost per hour) \* (1.0 hours) with the benchmark adjusted each year to account for variations in staff cost.

Cost Effectiveness #2: Staff Time Savings					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?	
	Total amount of staff time dedicated to the task prior to implementation of the activity (in hours).	Expected amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after implementation of the activity (in hours).	Actual amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after implementation of the activity (in hours).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.	
Total time to complete the task in staff hours (decrease).	As of FY2015: 1.0 hr/HH Average mount of staff time spent prior to implementation calculating TTP annually per student-headed HHs where the student is either not over the age of 23or does not have dependent children	1 hr (1 HH * 1.0 hr) Anticipated amount of staff time spent during FY calculating TTP annually for student- headed HHs where the student is either not over the age of 23or does not have dependent children	0 hr (0 HHs * 1.0 hr) Actual amount of staff time spent during FY calculating TTP annually for student- headed HHs where the student is either not over the age of 23or does not have dependent children	No Explanation to be provided	

Data Source(s): Emphasys; Staff logs; PHA financial records

	Cost Effectiveness #3: Decrease in Error Rate of Task Execution					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?		
	Average error rate of task prior to implementation of	Expected average error rate of task after	Actual average error rate of task after	Whether the outcome meets		
Average error rate in	the activity (%).	implementation of the activity (%).	implementation of the activity (%).	or exceeds the benchmark.		
completing a task as a	As of FY2015: Not tracked	Not tracked	Not tracked	Not tracked		
percentage (decrease).	Average error rate, as a %, of tracking/calculating	Expected error rate, as a %, of tracking/	Actual error rate, as a %, of tracking/	Explanation to be provided.		
	HH TTP for affected HHs prior to implementation	calculating HH TTP for affected HHs during FY	calculating HH TTP for affected HHs during FY			
Data Source(s): St	aff logs; Emphasys					

	Cost Effectiveness #5: Increase in Agency Rental Revenue				
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?	
Rental revenue	Rental revenue prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Expected rental revenue after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Actual rental revenue after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.	
in dollars	N/A. LMHA does not rec	eive rental revenue from th	e HCV Program.		
(increase).	Gross annual rent revenue from activity- eligible HHs prior to activity implementation	Expected annual rent revenue from activity- eligible HHs during FY	Actual annual rent revenue from activity- eligible HHs during FY	Explanation to be provided.	
Data Source(s): En	nphasys; PHA financial record	ls			

2.i. Rent Reform Hardship Requests No hardship requests were received during FY 2016.

3. Benchmarks Not Achieved

This activity was not implemented until halfway through FY 2016 (January 2016), and no eligible families have yet benefited from the financial aid disregard.

4. Revised Metrics

The metrics included above are new. LMHA proposed this activity before HUD Standard Metrics were required, and in previous years reported on this activity in the "MTW Activities Not Yet Implemented" section, which does not call for the presentation of metrics.

5. Changes to Data Collection Methodology Data is recorded by staff at the time of the household's admission and during all subsequent recertifications.

## **ACTIVITY #32-2012: Elimination of the Mandatory Earned Income Disregard**

1. Plan Year Approved and Implemented

Activity #32-2012 was proposed and approved in FY 2012. It was implemented in the HCV Program in FY 2012 and in the Public Housing Program in FY 2014.

2. Description and Impact

This activity eliminates the Earned Income Disregard (EID), which allows tenants who have been out of work to accept a job without having their rent increase right away. During the first year of employment, all earnings are excluded from the calculation of the tenant's rent. During the second year of employment, only half of the tenant's earnings are excluded from this calculation. A tenant may only benefit from the EID for a maximum of 48 months during their lifetime.

### HCV Program

This activity was implemented on schedule in the HCV program in FY 2012.<sup>1</sup> The 15 families actively taking advantage of the EID benefit at that time were allowed to continue receiving the disregard under the rules applicable to traditional PHAs. During FY 2012, the Housing Authority saved \$391 in administrative costs by eliminating the calculation of EID, and annual rent revenue increased by approximately \$7,646. Full savings from the activity were not realized that year, as some families continued to receive the EID (Over the course of the year, the number of households receiving the EID decreased from 15 to 5).

By the end of FY 2014, no HCV program households were receiving the EID, saving the agency \$447 in administrative costs and increasing annual rent revenue by approximately \$23,246 when compared to the FY 2011 benchmark. These savings continued through FY 2016.

## Public Housing Program

LMHA stopped processing the EID for newly-eligible families in the Public Housing program as of April 1, 2014. At baseline, 62 households were receiving the EID. Annual administrative costs to the agency were \$2,154, and the agency forewent approximately \$93,300 in annual rent revenue.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Under MTW activity #6-2008, elderly families, whose only other source of income (in addition to earnings from employment) is their Social Security entitlement, are eligible for a \$7,500 annual EID. These families are excluded from activity #32-2012.

By June 30, 2016, only 10 families were receiving the EID, saving the Housing Authority \$1,781 in administrative costs, and increasing annual rent revenue by \$73,873 when compared to benchmark.

The LMHA tracks the following HUD Standard Metrics for this activity:

	Cost Effectiveness #1: Agency Cost Savings				
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?	
	Cost of task prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Expected cost of task after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Actual cost of task after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.	
		HCV Program	n		
	As of FY2011: \$447	\$0 (0 HHs * \$0)	\$0 (0 HHs * \$0)	Yes	
	(15 households (HHs) *				
Total cost of	\$29.80)				
task in dollars		Public Housing Pro	ogram		
(decrease).	As of FY2014:1 \$2,154	\$0 (0 HHs * \$0)	\$373 (10 HHs *\$37.33	No	
	(62 HHs *\$34.74)		(1.05 hr *\$35.55/hr))		
	# of HHs receiving EID	Anticipated # of HHs that	Actual # of HHs	Explanation to	
	multiplied by the	will receive EID multiplied	receiving EID	be provided	
	average cost per HH to	by the average anticipated	multiplied by the actual		
	track/calculate annually	cost per HH to track/	average cost per HH to		
	prior to implementation	calculate annually	calculate/track		
			annually		

Data Source(s): Emphasys; Staff logs; PHA financial records <sup>1</sup> Activity implemented in Public Housing program during FY 2014. No FY 2013 data is available. FY 2014 data will be used as the baseline against which future outcomes will be measured.

	Cost Effectiveness #2: Staff Time Savings				
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?	
	Total amount of staff time dedicated to the task prior to implementation of the activity (in hours).	Expected amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after implementation of the activity (in hours).	Actual amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after implementation of the activity (in hours).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.	
		HCV Program	m		
Total time to complete the task in staff	As of FY2011: 20.1 hrs (15 households (HHs) * 1.34 hrs)	0 hrs (0 HHs * 0 hrs)	0 hrs (0 HHs * 0 hrs)	Yes	
hours		Public Housing Pr	ogram		
(decrease).	As of FY2014: <sup>1</sup> 65.1 hrs (62 HHs * 1.05 hrs)	0 hrs (0 HHs * 0 hrs)	10.5 hrs (10 HHs * 1.05 hrs)	No	
	# of HHs receiving EID multiplied by the average staff time required per HH to track/calculate EID annually prior to implementation	Expected # of HHs receiving EID <i>multiplied</i> by the average staff time required per HH to track/calculate EID annually	Actual HHs receiving EID <i>multiplied by</i> the average staff time required per HH to track/calculate EID annually	Explanation to be provided	

Data Source(s): Emphasys; Staff logs; PHA financial records <sup>1</sup> Activity implemented in Public Housing program during FY 2014. No FY 2013 data is available. FY 2014 data will be used as the baseline against which future outcomes will be measured.

Co	Cost Effectiveness #3: Decrease in Error Rate of Task Execution					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?		
	Average error rate of task prior to implementation of the activity (%).	Expected average error rate of task after implementation of the activity (%).	Actual average error rate of task after implementation of the activity (%).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.		
Average error rate in	HCV Program					
completing a task as a percentage	As of FY2011: Not	N/A (EID no longer	N/A (EID no longer	N/A		
(decrease). The task	tracked	calculated)	calculated)			
is tracking/calculating	Public Housing Program					
a household's (HH's) TTP according to the	As of FY2014: <sup>1</sup> Not tracked	Not tracked	Not tracked	Not tracked		
mandatory EID rules.	Average error rate, as a <i>percentage</i> , of tracking/calculating HH TTP according to EID rules prior to implementation	Expected error rate, as a <i>percentage</i> , of tracking/calculating HH TTP according to EID rules annually	Actual error rate, as a <i>percentage</i> , of tracking/calculating HH TTP annually	Explanation to be provided.		

<sup>1</sup> Activity implemented in Public Housing program during FY 2014. No FY 2013 data is available. FY 2014 data will be used as the baseline against which future outcomes will be measured.

	Cost Effectiveness #5: Increase in Agency Rental Revenue				
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?	
	Rental revenue prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Expected rental revenue after implementation of the activity (in dollars). HCV Prog	Actual rental revenue after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.	
Rental revenue	N/A. LMHA does not receive rental revenue from the HCV Program. Public Housing Program				
in dollars (increase).	<b>As of FY2014:</b> <sup>1</sup> \$93,300	\$93,300	\$73,873	No	
	Gross annual rent revenue foregone from HHs receiving EID prior to implementation	Expected increase in annual rent revenue increase due to elimination of EID	Actual increase in annual rent revenue during FY due to elimination of EID	Explanation to be provided.	

Data Source(s): Emphasys; PHA financial records

<sup>1</sup>Activity implemented in Public Housing program during FY 2014. No FY 2013 data is available. FY 2014 data will be used as the baseline against which future outcomes will be measured.

### 2.i. Rent Reform Hardship Requests

No hardship requests were received during FY 2016.

### 3. Benchmarks Not Achieved

The benchmarks for this activity reflect full implementation, at which point zero households will receive the EID. While this activity has been fully implemented in the HCV Program (and all benchmarks have been achieved), 10 Public Housing families who were receiving the EID when

this activity was first implemented, continue to benefit from the disregard. Once the EID eligibility window for these families has expired, LMHA expects the benchmarks will be fully met.

4. Revised Metrics

HCV Program metrics were not revised. No benchmarks had previously been established for the Public Housing Program.

5. *Changes to Data Collection Methodology* N/A. There were no changes to data collection methodology.

## **ACTIVITY #8-2008: Standard Medical Deduction**

- 1. Plan Year Approved and Implemented Activity #8-2008 was proposed and implemented in FY 2008.
- 2. Description and Impact

Under this activity, disabled and elderly (age 62+) families in both the Public Housing and HCV programs are eligible to receive a \$1,600 standard medical deduction. Families electing the deduction do not have to furnish documentation of medical expenses, such as bills, receipts, records of payment, dates of trips, mileage log, or receipts for fares and tolls. The standard medical deduction is not mandatory; if the families' health care costs exceed the \$1,600 exemption, the family can choose to have their expenses itemized.

This activity continued to result in administrative cost savings during FY 2016. Foregoing the verification of medical expenses for the 4,773 households that took the standard medical deduction resulted in savings of \$45,899.

This activity was implemented on schedule in FY 2008.

	CE #1: Agency Cost Savings					
Unit of Measurement	<b>Baseline</b> <sup>1</sup>	Benchmark <sup>2</sup>	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?		
	Cost of task prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Expected cost of task after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Actual cost of task after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.		
Total cost of		HCV Progra	am			
verifying household (HH) medical	<b>As of FY 2009:</b> \$29,714 (3,529 HHs * \$8.42)	\$2,158 (243 HHs * \$8.88 (0.33 hrs * \$26.90/hr))	\$2,158 (243 HHs * \$8.88 (0.33 hrs * \$26.90/hr))	Yes		
expenses &	Public Housing Program					
calculating HH medical deductions in	<b>As of FY 2009:</b> \$5,246 (623 HHs * \$8.42)	\$141 (12 HHs * \$11.73 (0.33 hrs * \$35.55/hr))	\$141 (12 HHs * \$11.73 (0.33 hrs * \$35.55/hr))	Yes		
dollars	Agency-Wide					
	As of FY 2009: \$34,960	\$2,299	\$2,299	Yes		
(decrease).	# of elderly/disabled HHs receiving the itemized medical deduction <i>multiplied by</i> the average	Anticipated # of elderly/disabled HHs receiving the itemized medical deduction	Actual # of elderly/disabled HHs receiving the itemized medical deduction	Explanation to be provided		

The LMHA tracks the following HUD Standard Metrics for this activity:

cost per HH to calculate/verify medical	<i>multiplied by</i> the average cost per HH	<i>multiplied by</i> the average cost per HH	
expenses annually prior to implementation		during FY	
I i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i			

Data Source(s): Emphasys; Staff logs; PHA financial records
<sup>1</sup>FY 2009 is earliest year for which data is available. Staff cost averages hourly rate with benefits for HCV Specialist and Public Housing Service Specialist (\$25.25 / hour).
<sup>2</sup> Benchmarks will be adjusted annually to account for variations in staff cost.

CE #2: Staff Time Savings				
Unit of Measurement	Baseline <sup>1</sup>	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?
<b>T</b> . 1.1	Total amount of staff time dedicated to the task prior to implementation of the activity (in hours).	Expected amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after implementation of the activity (in hours). HCV Program	Actual amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after implementation of the activity (in hours).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.
Total time to complete verifications of medical	As of FY 2009: 1,176 hrs (3,529 households (HHs) * 0.33 hrs)	80 hrs (243 HHs * 0.33 hrs)	80 hrs (243 HHs * 0.33 hrs)	Yes
expenses &		Public Housing Pro	gram	
calculations of	As of FY 2009: 208 hrs (623 HHs * 0.33 hrs)	4 hrs (12 HHs * 0.33 hrs)	4 hrs (12 HHs * 0.33 hrs)	Yes
medical deduction in	Agency-Wide			
	As of FY 2009: 1,384 hrs	84 hrs	84 hrs	Yes
staff hours (decrease). Data Source(s): Er	# of elderly/disabled HHs receiving itemized medical deduction <i>multiplied by</i> the average staff time required per HH to calculate/ verify medical expenses annually before implementation	Anticipated # of elderly/disabled HHs receiving itemized medical deduction <i>multiplied by</i> the average staff time per HH	Actual # of elderly/disabled HHs receiving itemized medical deduction <i>multiplied by</i> the average staff time per HH	Explanation to be provided

<sup>1</sup> FY 2009 is earliest year for which data is available.

	Cost Effectiveness #	3: Decrease in Error Ra	te of Task Execution	
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?
	Average error rate of	Expected average error	Actual average error rate	Whether the
Average error	task prior to	rate of task after	of task after	outcome meets
rate in	implementation of the	implementation of the	implementation of the	or exceeds the
completing	activity (%).	activity (%).	activity (%).	benchmark.
the calculation	HCV Program			
of a	As of FY2009: Not	Not tracked	Not tracked	Not tracked
household's	tracked			
(HH's)		Public Housing 1	Program	
medical	As of FY2009: Not	Not tracked	Not tracked	Not tracked
deduction, as a	tracked			
percentage	Agency-Wide			
(decrease).	As of FY2009: Not	Not tracked	Not tracked	Not tracked
	tracked			

	Average error rate, as a %, of calculating a HH's medical deduction prior to implementation	Expected error rate, as a %, of calculating a HH's medical deduction	Actual error rate, as a %, of calculating a HH's medical deduction	Explanation to be provided	
Data Source(s): Emphasys; Staff logs					

	Cost Effectiven	ess #5: Increase in Agenc	y Rental Revenue		
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?	
	Rental revenue prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Expected rental revenue after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Actual rental revenue after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.	
<b>D</b> . 1	N/A. LMHA does not re	HCV Progr ceive rental revenue from the			
Rental revenue in dollars		Public Housing I	-		
(increase).	As of FY2009: Not tracked	\$4,265,448	\$4,265,448	Yes	
	Sum of gross annual rent revenue from elderly/disabled HHs prior to implementation	Expected <i>sum</i> of gross annual rent revenue from elderly/disabled HHs	Actual <i>sum</i> of gross annual rent revenue from elderly/disabled HHs	Explanation to be provided.	
Data Source(s): En	nphasys; PHA financial recon	rds	·		

2.i. Rent Reform Hardship Requests

No hardship requests were made during FY 2016. Twelve families in the Public Housing Program and 243 families in the HCV Program with medical expenses exceeding \$1,600 chose to have their medical expenses itemized.

- 3. Benchmarks Not Achieved N/A. All benchmarks were achieved.
- 4. *Revised Metrics* No benchmarks had been established previously for this activity.
- 5. *Changes to Data Collection Methodology* N/A. No changes have been made to the data collection methodology.

## **ACTIVITY #4-2007: Alternate Year Reexaminations of Elderly and Disabled Families**

- 1. Plan Year Approved and Implemented Activity #4-2007 was proposed and implemented in FY 2008. Activity was significantly amended in FY 2012.
- 2. Description and Impact

This activity allows LMHA to conduct a re-certification of elderly and disabled families in the Public Housing and HCV programs once every two years instead of annually.

In the HCV program, eligible households receive a full reexamination every odd numbered fiscal year. In even numbered years, families are required to complete a mini-recertification packet, which

they return to the agency by mail. In the Public Housing program, each year 50% of eligible families receive a full reexamination of eligibility on the anniversary of their lease-up date.

This activity was implemented on schedule in FY 2008. Originally, the only households eligible for biennial recertifications were elderly families and disabled families where the head of household and/or spouse was age 55+. The activity was significantly amended in FY 2012 to include all disabled families, and HCV staff began conducting biennial recertifications for all disabled families that year. In the Public Housing Program, biennial recertifications for all disabled families did not begin until FY 2016 (with recertifications effective October 1, 2015).

As FY 2016 was an even numbered fiscal year, LMHA conducted mini-recertifications for all elderly (age 55+) and disabled families in the HCV Program, saving the agency \$84,130 in administrative costs.

In the Public Housing program during FY 2016, the agency spent \$25,383 to conduct full reexaminations of 952 of the 1,903 families that were either elderly (age 55+) or disabled. Had LMHA done a full reexamination of all 1,903 of these Public Housing families, the cost would have been \$50,739. Thus, this activity produced \$25,356 in administrative cost savings in the Public Housing program during the fiscal year.

	CE #1: Agency Cost Savings					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark <sup>3</sup>	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?		
	Cost of task prior to	Expected cost of	Actual cost of task	Whether the		
	implementation of the activity	task after	after	outcome meets or		
	(\$).	implementation of	implementation of	exceeds the		
		the activity (\$).	the activity (\$).	benchmark.		
		HCV Program	n			
	As of FY2008: <sup>1</sup> \$5,799 (919	<b>Even FYs:</b> \$28,043	\$28,043 (4,170	Yes		
	mini-recertifications * 0.25	(4,170 mini-recerts	mini-recerts * 0.25			
	staff hours * \$25.24/hour)	* 0.25 staff hrs *	staff hrs *			
		\$26.90/hr)	\$26.90/hr)			
		<b>Odd FYs:</b> \$112,173				
		(4,170 full recerts *				
Total cost of		1.0 staff hrs *				
task in dollars		\$26.90/hr)				
(decrease).		Public Housing Pro		•		
	As of FY2008: <sup>2</sup> \$16,695 (894	\$25,383 (952 full	\$25,383 (952 full	Yes		
	full recertifications * 0.75 staff	recerts * 0.75 staff	recerts * 0.75 staff			
	hours * \$24.90/hour)	hrs * \$35.55/hr)	hrs * \$35.55/hr)			
		Agency-Wide				
	As of FY2008: \$22,494	<b>Even FY:</b> \$53,426	\$53,426	Yes		
		<b>Odd FY:</b> \$137,556				
	# of recerts of eligible HHs	Expected # of	Actual # of recerts	Explanation to be		
	<i>multiplied by</i> the average cost	recerts of eligible	of eligible HHs	provided		
	to conduct a recert prior to	HHs multiplied by	<i>multiplied by</i> the			
	implementation	the average cost per	average cost per			
		recert	recert			
Data Source(s): Er	nphasys; PIC; Staff logs.					

LMHA tracks the following HUD Standard Metrics for this activity:

<sup>1</sup> FY 2008 is earliest year for which data is available. 919 mini-recertifications were conducted that year. Please note that in FY 2008, only elderly families and disabled families where the head of household and/or spouse was age 55+ were eligible for a biennial recertification. This activity was expanded in FY 2012 to include all disabled families.

<sup>2</sup> FY 2008 is earliest year for which data is available. 894 full reexaminations were conducted that year. Please note that: 1) biennial recertifications had already been implemented at that time, and 2) in FY 2008, only elderly families and disabled families where the head of household and/or spouse was age 55+ were eligible for a biennial recertification. This activity was expanded in FY 2016 to include all disabled families.

<sup>3</sup> Benchmarks will be indexed annually to account for variations in staff cost.

Cost Effectiveness #2: Staff Time Savings					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?	
	Total amount of staff	Expected amount of	Actual amount of total	Whether the	
	time dedicated to the	total staff time	staff time dedicated to	outcome meets or	
	task prior to	dedicated to the task	the task after	exceeds the	
	implementation of the	after implementation of	implementation of the	benchmark.	
	activity (in hours).	the activity (in hours).	activity (in hours).		
		HCV Prog	ram		
	As of 2008: <sup>1</sup> 578 hrs	<b>Even FYs:</b> 1,043 hrs	1,043 hrs (4,170 mini-	Yes	
	(2,312 mini-recerts *	(4,170 mini-recerts *	recerts * 0.25 staff hrs)		
	0.25 hrs)	0.25 staff hrs)			
		<b>Odd FYs:</b> 4,170 hrs			
Total time to		(4,170 full recerts * 1.0			
complete the		staff hrs)			
task in staff		Public Housing	Program		
hours	As of FY2008: <sup>2</sup> 671 hrs	714 hrs (952 full recerts	714 hrs (952 full	Yes	
(decrease).	(894 full recerts *0.75	* 0.75 staff hrs)	recerts * 0.75 staff hrs)		
(deereuse).	hrs)				
	Agency-Wide				
	As of FY2008: 1,249	Even FYs: 1,757 hrs	1,757 hrs	Yes	
		Odd FYs: 4,884 hrs			
	# of recerts of eligible	Expected # of recerts of	Actual # of recerts of	Explanation to be	
	HHs multiplied by the	eligible HHs during FY	eligible HHs during FY	provided	
	average staff time	multiplied by the	multiplied by the		
	required per recert	average staff time	average staff time		
	before activity	required per recert	required per recert		
	implementation mphasys: PIC: Staff logs: PHA				

Data Source(s): Emphasys; PIC; Staff logs; PHA financial records

<sup>1</sup> FY 2008 is earliest year for which data is available. 919 mini-recertifications were conducted that year. Please note that in FY 2008, only elderly families and disabled families where the head of household and/or spouse was age 55+ were eligible for a biennial recertification. This activity was expanded in FY 2012 to include all disabled families.

<sup>2</sup> FY 2008 is earliest year for which data is available. 894 full reexaminations were conducted that year. Please note that: 1) biennial recertifications had already been implemented at that time, and 2) in FY 2008, only elderly families and disabled families where the head of household and/or spouse was age 55+ were eligible for a biennial recertification. This activity was expanded in FY 2016 to include all disabled families.

Cost Effectiveness #5: Increase in Agency Rental Revenue					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?	
Rental revenue in dollars (increase).	Rental revenue prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Expected rental revenue after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Actual rental revenue after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.	
(increase).	HCV Program				
	N/A. LMHA realizes no	rental revenue from the H	ICV Program.		

	Public Housing Program					
	As of FY 2008: Not	\$4,750,000	\$4,777,668	Yes		
	tracked					
	Gross annual rent	Expected gross annual	Actual gross annual	Explanation to be		
	revenue from eligible	rent revenue from	rent revenue from	provided.		
	HHs prior to	eligible HHs	eligible HHs			
	implementation					
Data Source(s): En	Data Source(s): Emphasys; PHA financial records					

2.i. Rent Reform Hardship Requests

No hardship requests were made during FY 2016. Elderly (age 55+) and/or disabled families that experience a loss of income or an increase in expenses between biennial recertifications may request an interim reexamination at any time.

- 3. Benchmarks Not Achieved N/A. All benchmarks were achieved.
- 4. *Revised Metrics* Previously, no benchmarks had been established for this activity.
- 5. *Changes to Data Collection Methodology* N/A. No changes have been made to the data collection methodology.

## **ACTIVITY #6-2008: Earned Income Disregard for Elderly HCV Families**

- 1. Plan Year Approved and Implemented Activity #6-2008 was proposed and implemented in FY 2008.
- 2. Description and Impact

This activity provides a \$7,500 earned income disregard to elderly families in the HCV program who's only other sources of income (in addition to earnings from employment) are Social Security entitlements.

Since FY 2009, thirty-seven elderly HCV households have taken advantage of the EID, an average of five families per year. Although no households qualified for the EID in FY 2016, LMHA believes the potential benefit to elderly families merits the continuation of the activity.

This activity was implemented on schedule in FY 2008. Baseline data for the year prior to implementation (FY 2007) is not available. Baseline data is as of the earliest year for which data is available, FY 2009.

Self-Sufficiency #1: Increase in Household Income				
Unit of Measurement	Baseline <sup>1</sup>	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?
Average	Average earned income	Expected average	Actual average earned	Whether the
earned income	of HHs affected by this	earned income of HHs	income of HHs	outcome meets or
of households	policy prior to	affected by this policy	affected by this policy	exceeds the
(HHs)	implementation of the	after implementation	after implementation	benchmark.
affected by	activity (in dollars).	of the activity (in	of the activity (in	

LMHA tracks the following HUD Standard Metrics for this activity:
this policy in		dollars).	dollars).		
dollars	FY 2009: \$5,651	\$5,500	N/A (No HHs received	N/A	
(increase).			EID)		
	Average gross annual earned income of eligible HCV HHs before implementation	Expected average gross annual earned income of eligible HCV HHs	Actual average gross annual earned income of eligible HCV HHs	Explanation to be provided	
Data Source(s): Emphasys; PIC					

<sup>1</sup> FY 2009 is the earliest year for which data is available.

Self-	Sufficiency #3: Increase	in Positive Outcomes	in Employment Status	
Report the Baseli	ne, Benchmark and Outcom			e head(s) of
Unit of Measurement	households (HHs) af Baseline <sup>1&amp;2</sup>	fected by the self-sufficie Benchmark <sup>2</sup>	Outcome <sup>2</sup>	Benchmark Achieved?
Report the following information separately for each category:	Head(s) of HHs in < <category name="">&gt; prior to implementation of the activity (#). This # may be zero.</category>	Expected head(s) of HHs in < <category name&gt;&gt; after implementation of the activity (#).</category 	Actual head(s) of HHs in < <category name&gt;&gt; after implementation of the activity (#).</category 	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.
(1) Employed Full- Time	<b>As of FY 2009:</b> 0% (0 HHs / 0 HHs)	0% (0 HHs / 0 HHs)	0% (0 HHs / 0 HHs)	Yes
(2) Employed Part- Time	<b>As of FY 2009:</b> 0% (0 HHs / 0 HHs)	0% (0 HHs / 0 HHs)	0% (0 HHs / 0 HHs)	Yes
(3) Enrolled in an Educational Program	<b>As of FY 2009:</b> 0% (0 HHs / 0 HHs)	0% (0 HHs / 0 HHs)	0% (0 HHs / 0 HHs)	Yes
(4) Enrolled in Job Training Program	<b>As of FY 2009:</b> 0% (0 HHs / 0 HHs)	0% (0 HHs / 0 HHs)	0% (0 HHs / 0 HHs)	Yes
(5) Unemployed	<b>As of FY 2009:</b> 0% (0 HHs / 0 HHs)	0% (0 HHs / 0 HHs)	0% (0 HHs / 0 HHs)	Yes
(6) Other	<b>As of FY 2009:</b> 0% (0 HHs / 0 HHs)	0% (0 HHs / 0 HHs)	0% (0 HHs / 0 HHs)	Yes
	Percentage of total work- able HHs in < <category name&gt;&gt; prior to implementation of activity (%). This # may be zero.</category 	Expected percentage of total work-able HHs in < <category name&gt;&gt; as of FYE (%).</category 	Actual percentage of total work-able HHs in < <category name&gt;&gt; as of FYE (%).</category 	Explanation to be provided.

 Data Source(s): Emphasys

 <sup>1</sup> FY 2009 is the earliest year for which data is available.

 <sup>2</sup> HUD's instructions indicate that baseline, benchmark, and outcome numbers should include the "percentage of total work-able households" in each category. LMHA does not consider elderly families to be "work-able" households.

Self-	Self-Sufficiency #5: Households Assisted by Services that Increase Self Sufficiency					
Unit of Measurement	<b>Baseline</b> <sup>1</sup>	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?		
Number of	HHs receiving self	Expected # of HHs	Actual # of HHs	Whether the		
households	sufficiency services prior	receiving self sufficiency	receiving self	outcome meets		
(HHs)	to implementation of the	services after	sufficiency services	or exceeds the		
receiving	activity (#).	implementation of the	after implementation of	benchmark.		
services aimed		activity (#).	the activity (#).			
to increase self	As of FY2009: 0	0	0	Yes		
sufficiency	# of HHs receiving self	Expected of # of HHs	Actual # of HHs	Explanation to		

(increase).	sufficiency services prior	receiving self sufficiency	receiving self	be provided	
	to implementation of the	services as of FYE	sufficiency services as		
	activity		of 6/30/2016		
Data Source(s): Emphasys					

Data Source(s): Emphasys <sup>1</sup> FY 2009 is the earliest year for which data is available.

Self-Su	Self-Sufficiency #8: Households Transitioned to Self Sufficiency					
Self-Sufficiency is defined a			amily to obtain and mai	ntain suitable		
employment." <sup>1</sup>						
Unit of Measurement	Baseline <sup>1&amp;2</sup>	<b>Benchmark</b> <sup>2</sup>	Outcome <sup>2</sup>	Benchmark Achieved?		
	HHs transitioned to	Expected HHs	Actual HHs	Whether the		
Number of households	self sufficiency	transitioned to self	transitioned to self	outcome meets		
(HHs) transitioned to self	(< <pha definition<="" th=""><th>sufficiency (&lt;<pha< th=""><th>sufficiency (&lt;<pha< th=""><th>or exceeds the</th></pha<></th></pha<></th></pha>	sufficiency (< <pha< th=""><th>sufficiency (&lt;<pha< th=""><th>or exceeds the</th></pha<></th></pha<>	sufficiency (< <pha< th=""><th>or exceeds the</th></pha<>	or exceeds the		
sufficiency (increase). The	of self-	definition of self-	definition of self-	benchmark.		
PHA may create one or	sufficiency>>) prior	sufficiency>>) after	sufficiency>>) after			
more definitions for "self	to implementation of	implementation of	implementation of			
sufficiency" to use for this	the activity (#). This	the activity (#).	the activity (#).			
metric. Each time the PHA	# may be zero.					
uses this metric, the	As of FY 2009: 0	0	0	Yes		
"Outcome" number should	# of HHs	Anticipated # of	Actual # of HHs	Explanation to		
also be provided in Section	transitioned to self	HHs transitioned to	transitioned to self	be provided		
(II) Operating Information	sufficiency annually	self sufficiency	sufficiency during			
in the space provided.	prior to	during FY	FY 2016			
	implementation					

Data Source(s): Emphasys
<sup>1</sup> FY 2009 is the earliest year for which data is available.
<sup>2</sup> Employment" means the household is receiving earned income. "Suitable" is defined as annual gross earned income equal to or exceeding \$14,500 (the hourly minimum wage as of \$7.25 multiplied by 2,000 hours).

		CE #1: Agency Cost Sa	vings	
Unit of Measurement	Baseline <sup>1</sup>	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?
Total cost of task in dollars	Cost of task prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars). As of FY2009: \$102.16 (16 HHs * \$6.39)	Expected cost of task after implementation of the activity (in dollars). \$59.20 (10 HHs * \$5.92)	Actual cost of task after implementation of the activity (in dollars). \$0	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark. Yes
(decrease).	# of HHs receiving EID <i>multiplied by</i> the average cost per HH to track/calculate annually prior to implementation	Anticipated # of HHs that will receive EID <i>multiplied by</i> the average anticipated cost per HH to track/calculate annually	Actual # of HHs receiving EID <i>multiplied by</i> the actual average cost per HH to calculate/track annually	Explanation to be provided
Data Source(s): E	mphasys; Staff logs; PHA fi	nancial records		

<sup>1</sup> FY 2009 is the earliest year for which data is available.

CE #2: Staff Time Savings				
Unit of Measurement	Baseline <sup>1</sup>	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?

	Total amount of staff	Expected amount of	Actual amount of total	Whether the
	time dedicated to the	total staff time	staff time dedicated to	outcome meets or
	task prior to	dedicated to the task	the task after	exceeds the
	implementation of the	after implementation of	implementation of the	benchmark.
	activity (in hours).	the activity (in hours).	activity (in hours).	
Total time to	As of FY2009: 4	2.5 hrs (10 HHs * 0.25	0 hours (No HHs	No
complete the	hours (16 HHs * 0.25	hrs)	received the EID)	
task in staff	hrs)			
hours	# of HHs receiving	Expected # of HHs	Actual # of HHs	Explanation to be
(decrease).	EID multiplied by the	receiving EID	receiving EID	provided
	average staff time	<i>multiplied by</i> the	multiplied by the	
	required per HH to	average staff time	average staff time	
	track/calculate EID	required per HH to	required per HH to	
	annually prior to	track/calculate EID	track/calculate EID	
	implementation	annually	annually	

Data Source(s): Emphasys; Staff logs; PHA financial records <sup>1</sup> FY 2009 is the earliest year for which data is available.

	Cost Effectiveness #.	3: Decrease in Error Rate	of Task Execution	
Unit of Measurement	<b>Baseline</b> <sup>1</sup>	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?
Average error	Average error rate of task prior to implementation of the activity (%).	Expected average error rate of task after implementation of the activity (%).	Actual average error rate of task after implementation of the activity (%).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.
rate in completing a	FY 2009: Not tracked	Not tracked	N/A (EID not calculated)	N/A
task as a percentage (decrease).	Average error rate, as a <i>percentage</i> , of tracking/calculating HH TTP according to EID rules prior to implementation	Expected error rate, as a <i>percentage</i> , of tracking/calculating HH TTP according to EID rules	Actual error rate, as a <i>percentage</i> , of tracking/calculating HH TTP	Explanation to be provided.

Data Source(s): Staff logs

<sup>1</sup> FY 2009 is the earliest year for which data is available.

Unit of				
Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?
Rental Revenue in		Expected rental revenue after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Actual rental revenue after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.
dollars N/A.	LMHA realizes no	rental revenue from the H	ICV Program.	
(increase). Gros rever recei	s annual rent nue from HHs ving EID prior to ementation	Gross annual rental revenue from HHs no longer receiving EID	Gross annual rental revenue from HHs no longer receiving EID	Explanation to be provided.

Data Source(s): Emphasys; PHA financial records

#### 2.i. Rent Reform Hardship Requests

No hardship requests were made during FY 2016. Activity cannot adversely affect eligible households

# 3. Benchmarks Not Achieved

# CE #2: Staff Time Savings

Since FY 2009, thirty-seven elderly HCV households have taken advantage of the EID, an average of five families per year. Although no households qualified for the EID in FY 2016 (resulting in no staff time savings), LMHA believes the potential benefit to elderly families merits the continuation of the activity.

- 4. *Revised Metrics* N/A. No metrics were revised.
- 5. Changes to Data Collection Methodology

 $\ensuremath{N/A}\xspace.$  There have been no changes to the data collection methodology.

# A.3 HUD/MDRC HVC Rent Reform Demonstration

LMHA was selected to participate in a HUD-commissioned study to evaluate an alternative HCV rent reform policy (the "Study"). MDRC, a nonprofit and nonpartisan education and social policy research organization, is conducting the Study on behalf of HUD. The Study sets forth alternative rent calculation and recertification strategies that have been implemented at several Public Housing Agencies (PHAs) across the country in order to fully test the policies nationally.

The goals of this alternative rent policy are to:

- Create a stronger financial incentive for tenants to work and advance toward selfsufficiency
- Simplify the administration of the HCV Program
- Reduce housing agency administrative burden and costs
- Improve accuracy and compliance of program administration
- Remain cost neutral or generate savings in HAP expenditures relative to expenditures under current rules
- Improve transparency of the program requirements

Study participants for both the Alternate Rent Group and the Control Group were randomly selected from the eligible voucher programs by a computer generated program. The Alternate Rent Group vouchers are being managed using the proposed policies. The Control Group vouchers are being managed using the LMHA's standard policies.

Only vouchers administered under the MTW Program are eligible for the Study. Non-MTW Vouchers (e.g., Veterans Assisted Special Housing, Moderate Rehabilitation, and Shelter Plus Care), Enhanced Vouchers, and HUD Project Based Vouchers are excluded from the Study. In addition, households receiving a biennial certification were not eligible for Study selection.

The Study is focused on work-able populations, and does not include Elderly Households, Disabled Households, and households headed by people older than 56 years of age (who will become seniors during the course of the long-term study). Households utilizing the childcare expense deduction for purposes of determining adjusted annual income, as well as households participating in Family Self Sufficiency and Homeownership programs at the time of Study implementation, were not eligible for Study selection. Households may choose to participate in these programs following Study enrollment.

In addition, households that contain a mix of members: 1) with an immigration status that is eligible for housing assistance, and 2) with an immigration status that is non-eligible for housing assistance, are not included in the Study.

Finally, households receiving case management or supportive services through one of the Housing Authority's MTW Special Referral Programs are not eligible to participate in the Study.

Households selected for the Alternate Rent Group received an opportunity to meet with an LMHA Housing Specialist to review the Study and their specific calculation of Total Tenant Payment under both the traditional and Study policies. They then had a period of 30 days to consider whether to participate in or be excluded from the Study.

# ACTIVITY #43-2015: HUD / MDRC Rent Reform Demonstration for HCV Households

- 1. Plan Year Approved and Implemented Activity #43-2015 was proposed, approved, and implemented in FY 2015.
- 2. Description and Impact

The Study is designed to test an alternative strategy to standard HUD operating rules for the HCV Program. The alternative rent policies include the following five key features:

- 1) Simplify income determination and rent calculation of the household's Total Tenant Payment (TTP) and subsidy amount by:
  - a) Eliminating deductions and allowances;
  - b) Changing the percent of income from 30% of adjusted income to a maximum of 28% of gross income;
  - c) Ignoring income from assets when the total household asset value is less than \$25,000;
  - d) Using retrospective income, i.e., 12-month "look-back" period and, in some cases, current/anticipated income in estimating a household's TTP and subsidy; and
  - e) Capping the maximum initial rent burden at 40% of current gross monthly income.
- 2) Conduct triennial income recertification rather than annual recertification with provisions for interim recertification and hardship remedies if income decreases.
- 3) Streamline interim certifications to eliminate income review for <u>most</u> household composition changes and moves to new units.
- 4) Require the Tenant Rent to Owner is the greater of TTP (see #1 above) or the minimum rent of \$50. A portion of the Family Share will be paid directly to the landlord.
- 5) Simplify the policy for determining utility allowances.

Additionally, the Study offers appropriate hardship protections to prevent any Alternate Rent Group member from being unduly impacted.

# **Descriptions of the Five Key Rent Reform Demonstration Features**

(Applicable Only to Alternate Rent Group Members)

# 1) Simplified Income Determination and Rent Calculation

Under the current HUD regulations, the TTP is a calculation derived from 30% of the voucher household's adjusted monthly income (gross income less HUD prescribed exclusions, deductions, and allowances). LMHA follows a process of interviewing the household to identify all sources of income and assets, then proceeds to verify the information and perform the final calculation. The process is complex and cumbersome, which increases the risk of errors. According to HUD's *Occupancy Handbook*, Chapter 5 "Determining Income and Calculating Rent," the most frequent errors found across PHAs are: Voucher holders failing to fully disclose income information; errors in identifying required income exclusions; and incorrect calculations of deductions often resulting from failure to obtain third-party verification. The complexity makes the HCV program less transparent and understandable by the public, landlords, and voucher holders.

a) <u>Elimination of Deductions</u>

The calculation of deductions and allowances in the determination of annual income has been eliminated.

# b) Percent Annual Gross Income.

The TTP rent calculation is determined by establishing gross annual income and then determining the greater of 28% of the gross annual income or the minimum rent of \$50.

c) <u>Elimination of Income from Assets when household total value less than \$25,000</u> The verification and calculation of income earned from household assets with total value less than \$25,000 has been eliminated. Households are not required to document assets worth less than that amount. This reduces administrative costs and simplifies the program for greater transparency and program compliance.

# d) <u>Review of Retrospective Income</u>

To establish annual gross income for the three year certification period, LMHA reviews the total household income without deductions for a 12-month period prior to recertification, i.e., the "Retrospective Income." A household's TTP depends on its *Retrospective Income* during a 12-month "look back" period.

At the certification, if a household's current/anticipated income is less than its retrospective income by more than 10%, a "temporary" TTP based on current income alone is set for sixmonth grace period. After that grace period, the TTP is automatically switched to the TTP amount based on the previously determined average retrospective income. No interim recertification interview is required to reset this TTP.

# e) Capping The Initial Maximum Rent Burden

HUD places a rent maximum for households moving into a new unit under the HCV Program. This maximum rent burden is determined to be 40% of the household's adjusted annual income. However, under the Rent Reform Study the PHA is no longer adjusting household income using deductions and allowances. The household must not pay more than 40% of gross current monthly income for rent when the family first receives voucher assistance in a particular unit (This maximum rent burden requirement is not applicable at reexamination if the family stays in place.).

# 2) Triennial Certifications

Generally, LMHA performs re-certification of HCV households on an annual basis. The annual certification reviews program eligibility, household composition, income, and other household circumstances. Additional re-examinations ("interim certifications") may be required for changes in the household situation such as: composition, income, and change in unit.

LMHA performs re-certification of Alternate Rent Group members every third year (triennial). The triennial certification reviews program eligibility; household composition; current income and Retrospective Income; unit information; and sets the TTP and the family share of the gross rent. The TTP for Alternate Rent Group members remains in effect during the three year certification period, with some exceptions related to decreases in income and changes in household composition.

Under the alternative rent policy, a household's TTP is generally calculated using its reported (and verified) *retrospective gross income* during a 12-month "look-back" period (In this calculation, gross income excludes any prior income from sources that have expired for the household during that period, such as TANF or Unemployment Insurance benefits, since the

household can no longer count on them. It includes imputed welfare income - i.e., any sanctioned portion of a household's TANF grant.).

LMHA has created a local form to supplement the HUD form 9886 to provide tenant consent for LMHA to collect information relevant to the triennial recertification period.

If the household has an increase in annual income between certifications, the household's TTP is not re-determined and increased to reflect the higher income. However, if the household has a decrease in annual income, the household may request and LMHA may provide an interim recertification or other remedies under the hardship process. The interim re-certification is conducted when a household has a reduction of retrospective gross income of more than 10% from the retrospective gross income used to establish the current TTP.

- a) At the interim certification, LMHA re-calculates the household TTP based on a new retrospective gross income review to determine the greater of 28% of gross income or the minimum rent of \$50. This new TTP remains in effect until the sooner of the next triennial certification or a tenant requested interim certification. The tenant may only request one interim certification per year. The year lasts 12 months from the effective date of the certification.
- b) At the triennial certification at the beginning of the three-year period (and at subsequent triennials) if a household's current/anticipated income is less than its retrospective gross income by more than 10%, the current income alone is used to create a "temporary" TTP for a six-month grace period. After that grace period, the TTP is automatically switched to the TTP amount based on the previously determined average prior income. No interim recertification interview is required to reset this TTP.
- c) Alternate Rent Group members are allowed one request per year for an interim certification to reset their TTP. The year lasts 12 months from the effective date of the certification. The TTP is only reset if a household's new retrospective gross income (at the time of the request) is more than 10% lower than its most recent prior retrospective monthly income. If the limit on interim certification presents a hardship, the household will need to apply for a Hardship Exemption.

#### 3) Streamline Interim Certifications

LMHA has instituted a streamlined interim certification process for Alternate Rent Group members to report changes of circumstance <u>that do not require adjustment in subsidy</u>. For these events, LMHA does not request income information. These events include:

a) <u>Changes to household composition</u>. Alternate Rent Group members must report both additions and removal of members to the household to LMHA to determine program eligibility and other HUD required reporting (e.g. deceased tenant reporting). However, unless the addition of an adult member changes the voucher bedroom size appropriate for the household composition to prevent overcrowding or over-housing, LMHA does not request income information for the new household member until the next scheduled triennial certification.

If the loss of a household member results in a reduction of more than 10% of the most recent retrospective gross income, the household is allowed to reset their TTP.

In the event that the new or removed member requires a change to the voucher bedroom size, LMHA reviews the retrospective gross income of the newly added or removed household member(s), applies a new utility allowance, and resets the household TTP. A reduction in subsidy for new voucher bedroom size is implemented when the current lease ends and new lease begins.

Changes to household composition are not counted towards the limit of one requested interim certification per year.

- b) <u>Change of unit</u>. Households seeking to move to a new unit may submit a request for move pursuant to current procedures. For households that move to more expensive units during the three-year period, LMHA absorbs the higher contract rent costs up to the lesser of the gross rent or the payment standard, which is consistent with traditional rent rules. However, unless the request for move is due to a change in household composition, LMHA does not request income information or reset the household TTP until the sooner of the next scheduled triennial certification or tenant requested interim certification to reset TTP. LMHA applies the new utility allowance schedule, if any, to the household at the new lease effective date.
- c) <u>Changes in Utility Allowances.</u> When utility schedules are updated to reflect rate changes, utility allowances and utility allowance payments (UAPs) will be adjusted only when HAP subsidies or TTPs are recalculated for other reasons. More specifically, updated utility schedules will be applied when households:
  - Change their contract rent,
  - Recertify and the TTP is recalculated during interim or triennial,
  - Move to new units, or
  - Change their household composition requiring a change in voucher size.

#### 4) Minimum Rent to Owner

Currently, HUD does not require minimum rents to be paid by the voucher holder to the landlord. LMHA requires that the Alternate Rent Group make a minimum payment of at least \$50 directly to the HCV landlord in addition to LMHA's portion of rent (HAP). The total amount of rent equals the contract rent established in the lease. This policy mirrors the market system of tenants paying owners directly and creates a closer relationship and sense of responsibility for both the leaseholder HCV household and the property owner.

The amount of rent to owner the Alternate Rent Group pays is equal to their TTP less the Utility Allowance plus any amount over the payment standard for which the tenant may be responsible to pay. The Alternate Rent Group rent to owner is not less than the minimum rent. In the event that the Alternate Rent Group household TTP less the Utility Allowance is less than the minimum rent, the household pays the Owner the minimum rent, and LMHA reimburses the household the balance of the Utility Allowance. However, in the event that the minimum rent to owner exceeds 40% of the household current anticipated gross income, the household may request a Hardship Waiver.

# 5) Simplified Utility Allowance Schedule

Currently, LMHA annually reviews and periodically re-establishes a Utility Allowance Schedule which represents the reasonable expectation of costs for utilities as part of the tenant's lease. The utility allowance is based on utility surveys and analysis of the type of structure, bedroom size, appliances provided by tenant, and type of appliances (gas/electric). The simplified schedule is based on the analysis of data collected from LMHA's existing HCV portfolio including the most common structure and utility types. The goal is to reduce administrative costs and reduce errors associated with the traditional method of applying the Utility Allowance Schedule. The simplified utility allowance schedule is also anticipated to benefit property owners who now have a more accurate understanding of the gross rent to be applied to their properties and to the Alternate Rent Group member who is able to use this new schedule to clarify gross rent in their selection of housing units.

This schedule is applied to the lesser of: the actual size of the unit or the size of the voucher rather than the larger of the actual unit size or the voucher size. LMHA will continue to use current market consumption data to determine when adjustments to the simplified schedule are needed (upon change of more than 10% in rates).

Study enrollment was completed during FY 2016. In all, 767 families were enrolled in the Alternate Rent Group; 1,038 were enrolled in the Control Group; and 227 opted to be excluded from the study altogether.

As of FYE 2016, seven hundred twenty-two (722) of the Alternate Rent Group households and 915 Control Group families (91% of original enrollees) were still participants in the Housing Authority's HCV Program. This 9% attrition rate is less than LMHA's attrition rate for the overall HCV Program, which currently averages approximately 15% per year.

The HUD Standard Metrics for this activity follow. Please note that MDRC does not track HUD Standard Metrics. LMHA independently established the baselines and benchmarks below, and is responsible for tracking outcomes. LMHA and MDRC may make different assumptions or use different calculations when reporting similar metrics.

Total cost of task in dollars       dollars).       implementation of the activity (in dollars).       implementation of the activity (in dollars).       implementation of the activity (in dollars).       mee bend dollars).         Total cost of task in dollars       Att Rent Group: \$54,920 (1 annual cert * 1,000 huseholds (HLs) * \$54,920 erd).       Alt Rent Group (Non-Triennial Cert Years): \$54,920 (1000 certs * \$54,92).       Alt Rent Group: \$46,923 (801 certs * \$58.58/cert).       Yes         Per annual cert cost: \$54,92 (csto).14 staff cost (2 hrs * \$25.07/hr) + \$4.78 (mail & repro costs))       Cost per annual cert: \$54.92 (550.14 staff cost (2 hrs * \$25.07/hr) + \$4.78 (mail & repro costs))       Cost per annual cert: \$58.58 (cost).       Cost per		Cos	st Effectiveness #1: Agency Cost Saving.	S	
Total cost of task in dollars     dollars).     implementation of the activity (in dollars).     implementation of the activity (in dollars).     mee ben dollars).       Total cost of task in dollars     As of FY2015: Alt Rent Group: \$54,920 (1 annual cert * 1,000 hussholds (HHs) * \$54.92(cert) Control Group: \$54,920 (1 annual cert * 1,000 HHs * \$54.92) (control Group (XII) Years): \$54,920 (1,000 certs * \$54.92) Control Group: \$46,923 (1 annual cert * 1,000 HHs * \$54.92) (control Group (XII) Years): \$54.920 (1,000 certs * \$54.92) Control Group: \$46,923 (801 certs * \$58.58/cert)     Cost per annual cert: \$58.58 (cost 1 per annual cert: \$54.92) Control Group (XII) Years): \$54.920 (1,000 certs * \$54.92)     Cost per annual cert: \$58.58 (cost 2 hrs * \$25.07/hr) + \$4.78 (mail & repro costs))     Cost per annual cert: \$58.58 (cost 2 hrs * \$25.07/hr) + \$4.78 (mail & repro costs))     Cost per annual cert: \$58.58 (cost 2 hrs * \$25.07/hr) + \$4.78 (mail & repro costs))     Cost per annual cert: \$58.58 (cost 2 hrs * \$25.07/hr) + \$4.78 (mail & repro costs))     Actual # of Alt Rent / Control Group annual certs during FY multiplied by average cost per cert     Expected # of Alt Rent / Control Group annual certs during FY multiplied by average cost per cert     Actual # of Alt Rent Group: <sup>3</sup> S1.61/cert)     Yes S1.61/cert)       As of FY2015: Alt Rent Group: \$75.220 (2 interim certs * 1,000 HHs * \$37.61/cert)     Alt Rent Group: \$75.220 (2 interim certs * 1,000 HHs * \$37.61/cert)     Alt Rent Group: \$37.61 (staff cost of \$25.07/hr * 1.5 hrs)     Yes S1.61/cert)       Per interim cert cost: \$37.61 (staff cost of \$25.07/hr * 1.5 hrs)     Expected # of Alt Rent / Control Group interim certs during FY multiplied by average cost per cert     Actual # of Alt Rent / Control Group i		<b>Baseline</b> <sup>1</sup>	Benchmark <sup>2</sup>	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?
As of FY2015:       Alt Rent Group: \$54,920 (1 annual cert * 1,000 households (HHs) * \$54,92/cert)       Alt Rent Group (Triennial Cert Years): \$0 (0 certs * \$0 per cert)       Alt Rent Group (Stap2) (710 certs * \$55,92) (710 certs * \$54,92) (1,000 certs * \$54,92) (1,000 certs * \$54,92) (1,000 certs * \$54,92) (710 certs * \$55,858,58/cert)       Alt Rent Group (All Years): \$54,920 (1,000 certs * \$54,92) (710 certs * \$55,858,58/cert)       Control Group: \$46,923 (801 certs * \$55,858,58/cert)         Per annual cert cost: \$54,92 (\$50.14 staff cost (2 hrs * \$25,07/hr) + \$4.78 (mail & repro costs))       Cost per annual cert; \$54,92 (\$50.14 staff cost (2 hrs * \$25,07/hr) + \$4.78 (mail & repro costs))       Cost per annual cert; \$54,92 (\$50.14 staff cost (2 hrs * \$25,07/hr) + \$4.78 (mail & repro costs))       Cost per annual cert; \$54,92 (\$50.14 staff cost (2 hrs * \$25,07/hr) + \$4.78 (mail & repro costs))       Cost per annual cert; \$54,92 (\$10 certs * \$58,58/cert)       Control Group annual certs during FY multiplied by average cost to complete a cert prior to implementation       Expected # of Alt Rent / Control Group annual certs during FY multiplied by average cost to complete a cert prior to implementation       Alt Rent Group; \$75,220 (2 interim certs * \$37.61/cert)       Alt Rent Group; \$75,220 (2 interim certs * \$37.61/cert)       Alt Rent Group; \$75,220 (2 interim certs * \$37.61/cert)       Alt Rent Group; \$33,369 (827 certs * \$40.35/cert)       Yes \$37.61/cert)         Alt Rent Group; \$75,220 (2 interim certs * \$37.61 (staff cost of \$25.07/hr * 1.5 hrs)       Alt Rent / Control Group; \$33,369 (827 certs * \$40.35/cert)       Per interim cert cost; \$37.61 (staff cost of \$25.07/hr * 1.5				implementation of the activity (in	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.
Alt Rent Group: \$54,920 (1 annual cert * 1,000 households (HHs) * \$54.92/cert)       Years): \$0 (0 certs * \$0 per cert)       Years): \$20,920 (1 annual cert * 1,000 households (HHs) * \$54.92/cert)         Control Group: \$54,920 (1 annual cert * 1,000 HHs * \$54.92/cert)       Total cert: \$54.92 (\$50.14 staff cost (2 hrs * \$25.07/hr) + \$4.78 (mail & reproduction costs))       Years): \$24,920 (\$50.14 staff cost (2 hrs * \$25.07/hr) + \$4.78 (mail & reproduction costs))       Cost per annual cert: \$54.92 (\$50.14 staff cost (2 hrs * \$25.07/hr) + \$4.78 (mail & reproduction costs))       Cost per annual cert: \$54.92 (\$50.14 staff cost (2 hrs * \$25.07/hr) + \$4.78 (mail & repro costs))       Cost per annual cert: \$54.92 (\$50.14 staff cost (2 hrs * \$25.07/hr) + \$4.78 (mail & repro costs))       Cost per annual cert: \$54.92 (\$50.14 staff cost (2 hrs * \$25.07/hr) + \$4.78 (mail & repro costs))       Cost per annual cert: \$58.58 (\$53.80 staff cost (2 hrs * \$26.90/ hr) + \$4.78 (mail & repro costs))       Expected 4 of Alt Rent / Control Group annual certs during FY multiplied by average cost per cert       Actual # of Alt Rent / Control Group annual certs during FY multiplied by average cost per cert       Yes         Alt Rent Group: \$75.220 (2 interim certs * 1,000 HHs * \$37.61/cert)       Alt Rent Group: \$75.220 (2 interim certs * 1,000 HHs * \$37.61/cert)       Alt Rent Group: \$75.220 (2 interim certs * \$37.61/cert)       Sl4.486 (359 certs * \$40.35/cert)       Yes         Per interim cert cost; \$37.61 (staff cost of \$25.07/hr * 1.5 hrs)       Per interim cert cost; \$40.35/cert)       Sl4.486 (359 certs * \$40.35/cert)       Per interim cert cost; \$40.35/cert)         Per interim cert cost; \$37.61 (staff cost of \$25.07/hr * 1.			Cost per Annual Certification (C		
Total cost of task in dollarsstudy-eligible HHs multiplied by # of expected Alt Rent Group / Control Group HHs multiplied by average cost to complete a cert prior to implementationannual certs during FY multiplied by average cost per certGroup annual certs during FY multiplied by average cost per certprovOctober Interim Certification (Cert)As of FY2015:Alt Rent Group: \$75,220 (2 interim certs * 1,000 HHs * \$37.61/cert)Control Group: \$75,220 (2 interim certs * 1,000 HHs * \$37.61/cert)Ontrol Group: \$75,220 (2 interim certs * 1,000 HHs * \$37.61/cert)Per interim cert cost: \$37.61 (staff cost of \$25.07/hr * 1.5 hrs)Expected # of Alt Rent / Control Group interim certs during FY multiplied by average cost per certActual # of Alt Rent / Control Group interim certs during FY multiplied by # of expected Alt Rent / Control Group HHs	Al 1,0 Co 1,0 <u>Pe</u> co rej	<b>Alt Rent Group:</b> \$54,920 (1 annual cert * ,000 households (HHs) * \$54.92/cert) <b>Control Group:</b> \$54,920 (1 annual cert * ,000 HHs * \$54.92/cert) <u>er annual cert cost:</u> \$54.92 (\$50.14 staff ost (2 hrs * \$25.07/hr) + \$4.78 (mail & eproduction costs))	Years): \$0 (0 certs * \$0 per cert) Alt Rent Group (Triennial Cert Years): \$54,920 (1,000 certs * \$54.92) Control Group (All Years): \$54,920 (1,000 certs * \$54.92) <u>Cost per annual cert:</u> \$54.92 (\$50.14 staff cost (2 hrs * \$25.07/ hr) + \$4.78 (mail & repro costs))	Year): \$41,592 (710 certs * \$58.58/cert) Control Group: \$46,923 (801 certs * \$58.58/cert) <u>Cost per annual cert:</u> \$58.58 (\$53.80 staff cost (2 hrs * \$26.90/ hr) + \$4.78 (mail & repro costs))	Yes Explanation to be
As of FY2015:Alt Rent Group: \$18,805 (500 certs * \$37.61/cert)Alt Rent Group: \$14,486 (359 certs * \$40.35/cert)YesAlt Rent Group: \$75,220 (2 interim certs * 1,000 HHs * \$37.61/cert)Control Group: \$75,220 (2,000 certs*) \$37.61/cert)Alt Rent Group: \$33,369 (827 certs * \$40.35/cert)YesControl Group: \$75,220 (2 interim certs * 1,000 HHs * \$37.61/cert)Per interim cert cost: \$37.61 (staff cost of \$25.07/hr * 1.5 hrs)Per interim cert cost: \$37.61 (staff cost of \$25.07/hr * 1.5 hrs)Per interim certs cost: \$40.35 (staff cost of \$26.90/hr * 1.5 hrs)Per interim cert cost: \$40.35 (staff cost of \$26.90/hr * 1.5 hrs)Average # of interim certs received by study-eligible HHs1 multiplied by # of expected Alt Rent / Control Group HHsExpected # of Alt Rent / Control Group interim certs during FY multiplied by average cost per certActual # of Alt Rent / Control Group interim certs during FY multiplied by average cost perExp	tal cost of ex in dollars	xpected Alt Rent Group / Control Group [Hs multiplied by average cost to	average cost per cert	multiplied by average cost per cert	provided.
Alt Rent Group: \$75,220 (2 interim certs * 1,000 HHs * \$37.61/cert)\$37.61/cert)\$14,486 (359 certs * \$40.35/cert)Control Group: \$75,220 (2 interim certs * 1,000 HHs * \$37.61/cert)\$37.61/cert)\$14,486 (359 certs * \$40.35/cert)Control Group: \$75,220 (2 interim certs * 1,000 HHs * \$37.61/cert)\$14,486 (359 certs * \$40.35/cert)Per interim cert cost: \$37.61/cert)Per interim cert cost: \$37.61 (staff cost of \$25.07/hr * 1.5 hrs)\$14,486 (359 certs * \$40.35/cert)Per interim cert cost: \$37.61 (staff cost of \$25.07/hr * 1.5 hrs)Per interim cert cost: \$37.61 (staff cost of \$26.90/hr * 1.5 hrs)\$14,486 (359 certs * \$40.35/cert)Average # of interim certs received by study-eligible HHs1 multiplied by # of expected Alt Rent / Control Group HHsExpected # of Alt Rent / Control Group interim certs during FY multiplied by average cost per certActual # of Alt Rent / Control Group interim certs during FY multiplied by average cost perExp	Δ.	s of FV2015.			Ves
study-eligible HHs <sup>1</sup> multiplied by # of expected Alt Rent / Control Group HHs       interim certs during FY multiplied by average cost per cert       Group interim certs during FY multiplied by average cost per       prov	A * C 1 <u>P</u>	<b>At Rent Group:</b> \$75,220 (2 interim certs 1,000 HHs * \$37.61/cert) <b>Control Group:</b> \$75,220 (2 interim certs * ,000 HHs * \$37.61/cert) <b>er interim cert cost:</b> \$37.61 (staff cost of	\$37.61/cert) <b>Control Group:</b> \$75,220 (2,000 certs* \$37.61/cert) <u>Per interim cert cost:</u> \$37.61 (staff cost of	\$14,486 (359 certs * \$40.35/cert) <b>Control Group:</b> \$33,369 (827 certs * \$40.35/cert) <u>Per interim cert cost:</u> \$40.35	
multiplied by average cost to complete a cert     cert       cert prior to implementation     Cost per Streamlined Interim Certification (Cert)	Av stu ex mu	verage # of interim certs received by sudy-eligible HHs <sup>1</sup> multiplied by # of spected Alt Rent / Control Group HHs nultiplied by average cost to complete a	interim certs during FY multiplied by average cost per cert	Group interim certs during FY multiplied by average cost per cert	Explanation to be provided.

As of FY2015:	Alt Rent Group: \$25,070 (1,000 certs * \$25.07/cert)	Alt Rent Group: <sup>2</sup> Not tracked	N/A
Alt Rent Group: \$75,220 (2 traditional interim certs per HH * 1,000 HHs *	Per streamlined interim cert cost: \$25.07		
\$37.61/cert) Per traditional interim cert cost: \$37.61	(staff cost of \$25.07/hr * 1.0 hrs)		
(staff cost of \$25.07/hr * 1.5 hrs)			
Average # of traditional interim certs received by study-eligible HHs <sup>1</sup> multiplied by # of expected Alt Rent Group HHs multiplied by average cost to complete a cert prior to implementation	Expected # of Alt Rent / Control Group streamlined interim certs during FY multiplied by average cost per cert	Actual # of Alt Rent / Control Group streamlined interim certs during FY multiplied by average cost per cert	Explanation to be provided.
• • •	Cost of Rent Calculation		
As of FY2015: Alt Rent Group: \$25,070 (1,000 HHs * \$25.07 per rent calculation) Control Group: \$25,070 (1,000 HHs * \$25.07 per rent calculation) <u>Per rent calculation cost:</u> \$25.07 (staff cost of \$25.07/hr * 1.0 hrs)	Alt Rent Group (Triennial Cert Years): \$25,070 (1,000 rent calculations * 1.0 staff hrs * \$25.07/hr) Control Group (All Years): \$25,070 (1,000 rent calculations * 1.0 staff hrs * \$25.07/ hr)	Alt Rent Group (Triennial Cert Year): \$19,099 (710 rent calculations * 1.0 staff hrs * \$26.90/hr) Control Group: \$21,547 (801 rent calculations * 1.0 staff hrs * \$26.90/hr)	Yes
Average cost to complete rent calculation multiplied by expected # of Alt Rent / Control Group HHs	Expected # of Alt Rent / Control Group HHs during FY multiplied by average cost to complete rent calculation	Actual # of Alt Rent / Control Group HHs during FY multiplied by average cost to complete rent calculation	Explanation to be provided.
	Cost to Determine Income from A		
As of FY 2015: Alt Rent Group: \$13 (2 HHs (0.22% * 1,000 HHs) * \$6.27 per asset income determination) Control Group: \$13 (2 HHs (0.22% * 1,000 HHs) * \$6.27 per asset income determination) Per asset income determination cost: \$6.27	Alt Rent Group (Non-Triennial Cert Years): \$6 (1 HH * \$25.07 per staff hr * 0.25 hrs) Alt Rent Group (Triennial Cert Years): \$13 (2 HHs * \$25.07 per staff hr * 0.25 hrs) Control Group (All Years): \$13 (2 HHs * \$25.07 per staff hr * 0.25 hrs	Alt Rent Group (Triennial Cert Year): \$0 (0 HHs) Control Group: \$20 (3 HHs * \$26.90 per staff hr * 0.25 hrs)	Yes (Alt Rent Group) No (Control Group)
Per asset income determination cost: \$6.27 (staff cost of \$25.07/hr * 0.25 hrs)			

	% of study-eligible HHs with income from	Expected # of Alt Rent / Control Group	Actual # of Alt Rent / Control	Explanation to be
	assets multiplied by expected # of Alt Rent	HHs having income from assets	Group HHs having income from	provided.
	/ Control Group HHs multiplied by	determined during FY multiplied by	assets determined during FY	1
	average cost to determine income from	average cost to determine asset income	multiplied by average cost to	
	assets prior to implementation		determine asset income	

<sup>1</sup>Includes all households receiving MTW vouchers except households that are 1) disabled; 2) elderly; 3) headed by individuals over age 56; 4) currently using the childcare expense deduction for purposes of determining adjusted income; 5) enrolled in the Family Self-Sufficiency (FSS) Program; 6) participating in the HCV Homeownership Program; 7) participating in a Special Referral Program; and/or 8) of mixed immigration status.

<sup>2</sup> Benchmarks will be indexed annually to account for variations in staff costs.
 <sup>3</sup> LMHA is not currently tracking traditional and streamlined interim certifications separately. All interim certifications have been reported as traditional certifications.

		CE #2: Staff Time Savings		
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?
	Total amount of staff time dedicated to the task prior to implementation of the activity (in hours).	Expected amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after implementation of the activity (in hours).	Actual amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after implementation of the activity (in hours).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.
		Time to Complete Annual Certi		I
Total time to complete the task in staff hours (decrease).	As of FY 2015: Alt Rent Group: 2,000 hrs (1,000 HHs * 2.0 hrs per annual cert) Control Group: 2,000 hrs (1,000 HHs * 2.0 hrs per annual cert) Expected # of Alt Rent / Control Group HHs receiving an annual cert multiplied by average time to complete an annual cert prior to implementation	Alt Rent Group (Non-Triennial Cert Years): 0 hrs (0 certs * 2 hrs/cert) Alt Rent Group (Triennial Cert Years): 2,000 hrs (1,000 HHs * 2.0 hrs/cert) Control Group (All Years): 2,000 hrs (1,000 HHs * 2.0 hrs/cert) Expected # of Alt Rent / Control Group HHs receiving an annual cert during FY multiplied by average time to complete an annual cert	Alt Rent Group (Triennial Cert Year): 1,420 hrs (710 certs * 2.0 hrs/cert) Control Group: 1,602 hrs (801 certs * 2.0 hrs/cert) Actual # of Alt Rent / Control Group HHs receiving an annual cert during FY multiplied by average time to complete an annual cert	Yes Explanation to be provided
		Time to Determine Tenant R	*	
	As of FY 2015: Alt Rent Group: 1,000 hrs (1,000 HHs *1.0 hrs per tenant rent determination) Control Group: 1,000 hrs (1,000 HHs *1.0 hrs per tenant rent determination)	Alt Rent Group (Triennial Cert Years): 1,000 hrs (1,000 determinations * 1.0 hrs/determination) Control Group (All Years): 1,000 hrs (1,000 determinations * 1.0 hrs/determination)	Alt Rent Group (Triennial Cert Year): 710 hrs (710 rent determinations * 1.0 hrs/determination) Control Group: 801 hrs (801 determinations * 1.0 hrs/determination)	Yes

Expected # of Alt Rent / Control Group HHs having their tenant rent determined multiplied by average staff hrs required to determine tenant rent prior to implementation	Expected # of Alt Rent / Control Group HHs having their tenant rent determined during FY multiplied by average staff hrs required to determine tenant rent	Actual # of Alt Rent / Control Group HHs having their tenant rent determined during FY multiplied by average staff hrs required to determine tenant rent	Explanation to be provided
	Time to Determine Utility Allowa	nce (UA)	
As of FY 2015:	Alt Rent Group (Triennial Cert Years):	Alt Rent Group (Triennial Cert	Yes
Alt Rent Group: 250 hrs (1,000 HHs * 0.25 hrs per UA determination) Control Group: 250 hrs (1,000 HHs * 0.25 hrs per UA determination)	80 hrs (1,000 determinations * 0.08 hrs per determination) <b>Control Group (All Years):</b> 250 hrs (1,000 determinations * 0.25 determination)	Years): 57 hrs (710 determinations * 0.08 hrs per determination) Control Group (All Years): 200 hrs (801 determinations * 0.25 determination)	
Expected # of Alt Rent / Control Group HHs having their UA determined multiplied by average staff hrs required to determine UA prior to implementation	Expected # of Alt Rent / Control Group HHs having their UA determined during FY multiplied by average staff hrs required to determine UA	Actual # of Alt Rent / Control Group HHs having their UA determined during FY multiplied by average staff hrs required to determine UA	Explanation to be provided

	Cost Effective	eness #3: Decrease in Error Rate of To	ask Execution		
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?	
	Average error rate of task prior to implementation of the activity (%).	Expected average error rate of task after implementation of the activity (%).	Actual average error rate of task after implementation of the activity (%).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.	
		Average Error Rate in Determin	ning TTP		
Average error	As of FY2015: Not tracked	Not determined	Not tracked	Not tracked	
rate in completing a task as a	Average error rate, as a %, of determining HH TTP prior to implementation	For Alt Rent / Control Group HHs, expected average error rate, as a %, of determining HH TTP during the FY	For Alt Rent / Control Group HHs, actual average error rate, as a %, of determining HH TTP during the FY	Explanation to be provided.	
percentage	Average Error Rate in Determining Utility Allowance (UA)				
(decrease).	As of FY2015: Not tracked	Not determined	Not tracked	Not tracked	
	Average error rate, as a %, of determining HH UA prior to implementation	For Alt Rent / Control Group HHs, expected average error rate, as a %, of determining HH UA during the FY	For Alt Rent / Control Group HHs, actual average error rate, as a %, of determining HH UA during the FY	Explanation to be provided.	

Self-Sufficiency #1: Increase in Household (HH) Income				
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?

Auguaga	Average earned income of HHs affected	Expected average earned income of HHs	Actual average earned income of	Whether the outcome
Average	by this policy prior to implementation	affected by this policy after	HHs affected by this policy after	meets or exceeds the
earned income of HHs	of the activity (\$).	implementation of the activity (\$).	implementation of the activity (\$).	benchmark.
affected by	As of FY2016: \$7,195	Alt Rent Group: \$8,285	Alt Rent Group: \$8,285	Yes
this policy in		Control Group: \$6,335	Control Group: \$6,335	
dollars	Average annual gross earned income of	Expected average annual gross earned	Actual average annual gross earned	Explanation to be
(increase).	Alt Rent & Control Group HHs at FYE	income of Alt Rent / Control Group HHs	income of Alt Rent / Control Group	provided
(increase).	-	during FY	HHs during FY	

	Self-Sufficiency #3: Increase in Positive Outcomes in Employment Status					
Report the Baseline, Ben	chmark and Outcome data for each type	of employment status for those head(s)	of households(HHs) affected by the s			
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome <sup>1</sup>	Benchmark Achieved?		
Report the following information separately for each category:	Head(s) of HHs in < <category name&gt;&gt; prior to implementation of the activity (#). This # may be zero.</category 	Expected head(s) of HHs in < <category name="">&gt; after implementation of the activity (#).</category>	Actual head(s) of HHs in < <category name="">&gt; after implementation of the activity (#).</category>	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.		
(1) Employed Full- Time	As of FY 2015: Not tracked	In sufficient data available to establish benchmark	Alt Rent Group: 152 Control Group: 1	Insufficient data available to determine		
(2) Employed Part- Time	As of FY 2015: Not tracked	In sufficient data available to establish benchmark	Alt Rent Group: 54 Control Group: 1	whether benchmarks were achieved.		
(3) Enrolled in an Educational Program	As of FY 2015: Not tracked	In sufficient data available to establish benchmark	Alt Rent Group: 2 Control Group: 0	LMHA staff has not consistently tracked		
(4) Enrolled in Job Training Program	As of FY 2015: Not tracked	In sufficient data available to establish benchmark	Alt Rent Group: 1 Control Group: 0	"Employment Status" in Emphasys. Data is		
(5) Unemployed	As of FY 2015: Not tracked	Alt Rent Group: 154 (21% of 722           HHs)           Control Group: 549 (60% of 915           HHs)	Alt Rent Group: 154 (21% of 722 HHs)           Control Group: 549 (60% of 915 HHs)	missing for 912 control HHs and 513 alt rent group HHs.		
(6) Other	As of FY 2015: Not tracked	Alt Rent Group: 0 Control Group: 0	Alt Rent Group: 13 (2%) Control Group: 1 (0.01%)	No		
	# of total study-eligible HHs in < <category name="">&gt; prior to implementation of activity (#).</category>	Expected # of total Alt Rent / Control Group HHs in < <category name&gt;&gt; as of FYE (#).</category 	Actual # of total Alt Rent / Control Group HHs in < <category name&gt;&gt; as of FYE (#).</category 	Explanation to be provided.		

<sup>1</sup> Although full-time vs. part-time employment status was not consistently tracked for either Alternate Rent Group or Control Group households, according to LMHA's computer systems, 568 Alternate Rent Group and 366 Control Group households reported earned income at their most recent certification. "Unemployed" equals number of households reporting \$0 in earnings at their most recent certification. This method likely significantly underrepresents the number of unemployed as even those households earning as little as \$20 per year are excluded from the unemployed count (52 of the households with earned income at FYE 2016 reported earnings of less than \$1,000 per year.). In addition, the option "Other" was selected as "Employment Status" by Housing Specialists for 14 households. No further detail is available via LMHA's computer systems.

Self-Sufficiency #4: Households (HHs) Removed from Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)

Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?
# of HHs	HHs receiving TANF prior to implementation of the activity (#).	Expected # of HHs receiving TANF after implementation of the activity (#).	Actual HHs receiving TANF after implementation of the activity (#).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.
receiving TANF assistance	<b>As of FY 2016:</b> 69 (4% of 1,637 HHs)	Alt Rent Group: 36 (5% of 722 HHs) Control Group: 33 (4% of 915 HHs)	<b>Alt Rent Group:</b> 36 (5% of 722 HHs) <b>Control Group:</b> 33 (4% of 915 HHs)	Yes
(decrease).	% of Alt Rent & Control Group HHs receiving TANF at FYE	Expected # of Alt Rent / Control Group HHs receiving TANF as of FYE	Actual # of Alt Rent / Control Group HHs receiving TANF as of FYE	Explanation to be provided

	Self-Sufficiency #5: Households (HHs) Assisted by Services that Increase Self Sufficiency <sup>1</sup>					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?		
	HHs receiving self sufficiency services	Expected # of HHs receiving self	Actual # of HHs receiving self	Whether the outcome		
	prior to implementation of the activity (#).	sufficiency services after	sufficiency services after	meets or exceeds the		
# of HHs		implementation of the activity (#).	implementation of the activity (#).	benchmark.		
receiving	As of FY 2015:	Alt Rent Group: 8 (1% of 722 HHs)	Alt Rent Group: 8 (1% of 722 HHs)	Yes		
services aimed	Alt Rent Group: 0 (0% * 1,0000 HHs)	Control Group: 15 (2% of 915 HHs)	<b>Control Group:</b> 15 (2% of 915			
to increase self	<b>Control Group:</b> 0 (0% * 1,000 HHs)		HHs)			
sufficiency	% of study-eligible HHs receiving self-	Expected # of Alt Rent / Control	Actual # of Alt Rent / Control Group	Explanation to be		
(increase).	sufficiency services prior to	Group HHs receiving self-sufficiency	HHs receiving self-sufficiency	provided		
	implementation multiplied by expected #	services as of FYE	services as of FYE			
	of Alt Rent / Control Group HHs					

<sup>1</sup> Metric captures households enrolled in the Housing Authority's FSS Program.

	Self-Sufficiency #6: Reducing Per Unit Subsidy Costs for Participating Households (HHs) <sup>1</sup>					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?		
Average	Average subsidy per HH affected by this	Expected average subsidy per HH	Actual average subsidy per HH	Whether the outcome		
amount of	policy prior to implementation of the activity	affected by this policy after	affected by this policy after	meets or exceeds the		
Section 8 &/or	(\$).	implementation of the activity (\$).	implementation of the activity (\$).	benchmark.		
9 subsidies per	As of FY 2015: \$634/month	Alt Rent Group: \$608/month	Alt Rent Group: \$608/month	Yes		
HH affected		Control Group: \$628/month	Control Group: \$628/month			
by this policy	Average HAP to owner per study-eligible HH	Expected HAP to owner per Alt Rent	Actual HAP to owner per Alt	Explanation to be		
in dollars	prior to implementation of activity	/ Control Group HH as of FYE	Rent / Control Group HH as of	provided		

	(decrease).		FYE	
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<sup>1</sup> Per unit subsidy equals average HAP to Owner.

	Self-Sufficiency #7: Increase in Agency Rental Revenue				
Unit of Measurement	Baseline Benchmark Outcome				
	PHA rental revenue prior to	Expected PHA rental revenue after	Actual PHA rental revenue after	Whether the outcome	
PHA rental	implementation of the activity (\$).	implementation of the activity (\$).	implementation of the activity (\$).	meets or exceeds the	
revenue in				benchmark.	
dollars	dollars N/A. LMHA realizes no rental revenue from the HCV Program.				
(increase).	Average annual rent revenue per	Expected total annual rent revenue from	Actual total annual rent revenue from Alt	Explanation to be	
	study-eligible HH	Alt Rent / Control Group HHs as of FYE	Rent / Control Group HHs as of FYE	provided	

	Self-Sufficiency #8: Households (HHs) Transitioned to Self Sufficiency Self-Sufficiency is defined as "the ability of a non-disabled / non-elderly family to obtain suitable employment."					
Selj	-Sufficiency is defined as "the ability of a n	ion-disabled / non-elderly family to c	obtain suitable employment."	<b></b>		
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?		
	HHs transitioned to self sufficiency	Expected HHs transitioned to self	Actual HHs transitioned to	Whether the outcome		
# of HHs transitioned to self	(< <pha definition="" of="" self-<="" td=""><td>sufficiency (&lt;<pha definition="" of<="" td=""><td>self sufficiency (&lt;<pha< td=""><td>meets or exceeds the</td></pha<></td></pha></td></pha>	sufficiency (< <pha definition="" of<="" td=""><td>self sufficiency (&lt;<pha< td=""><td>meets or exceeds the</td></pha<></td></pha>	self sufficiency (< <pha< td=""><td>meets or exceeds the</td></pha<>	meets or exceeds the		
sufficiency (increase). The	sufficiency>>) prior to implementation	self-sufficiency>>) after	definition of self-	benchmark.		
PHA may create one or more	of the activity (#). This # may be zero.	implementation of the activity	sufficiency>>) after			
definitions for "self		(#).	implementation of the activity			
sufficiency" to use for this			(#).			
metric. Each time the PHA	As of FY 2016:	Alt Rent Group: 161 (22% of	Alt Rent Group: 161 (22%	Yes		
uses this metric, the	Alt Rent Group: 161 (22% of 722	722 HHs)	of 722 HHs)			
"Outcome" # should also be	HHs)	Control Group: 188 (21% of	Control Group: 188 (21% of			
provided in Section (II)	<b>Control Group:</b> 188 (21% of 915 HHs)	915 HHs)	915 HHs)			
Operating Information in the	% of Alt Rent & Control Group	Expected # of Alt Rent / Control	Actual # of Alt Rent / Control	Explanation to be		
space provided.	households meeting definition of self-	Group HHs transitioned to self-	Group HHs transitioned to	provided		
	sufficiency at FYE	sufficiency during FY	self-sufficiency during FY			

"Employment" means the household is receiving earned income. "Suitable" is defined as annual gross earned income equal to or exceeding \$14,500 (the hourly minimum wage as of \$7.25 multiplied by 2,000 hours).

# Data Sources for Metrics Tables Above

LMHA uses several sources to obtain the data necessary to evaluate this activity:

- 1) Emphasys LIB. Information related to household income, assets, household composition, and unit information; and
- 2) Human Resources personnel data. Determination of the average hourly cost per job title.

# 2.i. Rent Reform Hardship Requests

Ten hardship requests were received during FY 2016. In seven cases, the family's Total Tenant Payment was re-calculated as a result of the request. Three requests were denied.

3. Benchmarks Not Achieved

### Cost Effectiveness #1: Agency Cost Savings

**Cost to Determine Income from Assets:** LMHA anticipated two Control Group households would have income from assets. Three Control Group households actually had income from assets. The benchmark for Study Group households was achieved.

# Self-Sufficiency #3: Increase in Positive Outcomes in Employment Status

Staff has not consistently used the "Employment Status" field available in Emphasys to track positive outcomes in employment, and for 14 households has selected "Other" as the "Employment Status" even though this category has not been defined by LMHA. The Housing Authority will work with staff during FY 2017 to ensure this data field is used in a more consistent manner. LMHA does not currently have sufficient data available regarding the baseline employment status of Rent Reform participants to establish benchmarks.

- 4. *Revised Metrics* Benchmarks were established.
- 5. *Changes to Data Collection Methodology* N/A. LMHA has not changed its data collection methodology.

# A.4 Occupancy Criteria for New Scattered Sites

# ACTIVITY #9-2007: Employment / Education Requirements in New Scattered Site Units

# 1. Plan Year Approved and Implemented

Activity #9-2007 was proposed and implemented in FY 2007. The activity originally included a fiveyear occupancy term limit for affected units, which was eliminated via a significant change to the activity in FY 2016.

# 2. Description and Impact

Many of LMHA's Scattered Sites are highly desirable properties, especially the scattered site, singlefamily homes acquired or constructed through the Housing Authority's most recent HOPE VI revitalization projects. When these units first began to come online as part of the Liberty Green HOPE VI a decade ago, the Housing Authority was concerned that the amenities and low rent structure might in some instances discourage residents from moving out of the units towards selfsufficiency. Using its MTW flexibility, LMHA began piloting term limits (Activity #9-2007), work requirements (Activity #9-2007), and mandatory case management (Activity #21-2010) for residents at these sites and evaluating the potential of the initiatives to incent residents to move up and out of the Public Housing program.

Jointly, these activities imposed a five-year occupancy term limit; required that adults who were neither elderly nor disabled either work at least 20 hours per week or be enrolled full-time at an accredited post-secondary educational institution; and provided that all families (including elderly and disabled) must participate in a case management program.

These requirements have been successful at moving families toward self-sufficiency. The employment rate for these households is two times the rate across all of the agency's public housing (74% versus 37% report earned income), and average earned income is more than 2.5 times as high (\$17,660 for affected households versus \$6,834 across all public housing).<sup>2</sup> Average monthly rent payments are also higher (\$325 versus \$165), reducing the agency's per unit subsidy costs for participating households.

However, LMHA has continuously struggled to maintain a high level of occupancy at these units, with three-bedroom units especially hard to fill, leading the Housing Authority to create an admissions preference for qualified, three-bedroom-eligible families in 2014. Unfortunately, the new preference did not lead to a substantial improvement in occupancy levels, and by 2015, staff were considering additional measures to improve occupancy.

As employment levels for these families had been consistently high (with more than 60% reporting earnings each year), LMHA staff did not believe that the employment / educational requirements were the determining factor dissuading families from occupying these units. Instead, staff reached a consensus decision that term limits and mandatory case management requirements were the primary causes, and the agency lifted these requirements during FY 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Employment and earned income statistics exclude both elderly and disabled families.

For additional information regarding the close-out of Activity #21-2010 (mandatory case management), see Section IV.D, "Closed Out MTW Activities."

LMHA tracks the following HUD Standard Metrics for Activity #9-2007. All of the self-sufficiency metrics for this activity exclude elderly and disabled families, who are exempt from the education / work requirements. While 143 households lived in single family, scattered site units at fiscal-year-end, the self-sufficiency outcomes below only include the 106 non-elderly / non-disabled families subject to the employment / education requirement.

	Self-Sufficiency #1: Increase in Household (HH) Income				
Unit of Measurement	Baseline <sup>1</sup>	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?	
Average earned income	Average earned income of HHs affected by this policy prior to implementation of the	Expected average earned income of HHs affected by this policy after implementation of the	Actual average earned income of HHs affected by this policy after implementation of the activity (0)	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.	
of HHs affected by this policy in	activity (\$). As of FY 2006: Not tracked.	activity (\$). \$17,660	activity (\$). \$17,660	Yes	
dollars (increase).	Average gross annual earned income of HHs living in affected units before implementation	Expected average gross annual earned income of HHs living in affected units as FYE	Actual average gross annual earned income of HHs living in affected units as of FYE	Explanation to be provided	

Data Source(s): Emphasys; PIC

<sup>1</sup> FY 2010 is the earliest year for which any data for this activity is available.

	Self-Sufficiency #	2: Increase in Household	d (HH) Savings	
Unit of Measurement	<b>Baseline</b> <sup>1</sup>	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?
	Average savings/escrow	Expected average	Actual average	Whether the
	amount of HHs affected	savings/escrow amount	savings/escrow amount	outcome meets
Average	by this policy prior to	of HHs affected by this	of HHs affected by this	or exceeds the
amount of	implementation of the	policy after	policy after	benchmark.
savings/escrow	activity (\$). This # may be	implementation of the	implementation of the	
of HHs	zero.	activity (\$).	activity (\$).	
affected by this	As of FY 2010: Not	\$3,031	\$3,031	Yes
policy in	tracked.			
dollars	Average escrow amount	Expected average escrow	Actual average escrow	Explanation to
(increase).	of HHs living in affected	amount of HHs living in	amount of HHs living	be provided
	units prior to	affected units as of FYE	in affected units as of	_
	implementation		FYE	
Data Source(s): Tr	acking_at_a_Glance	·	•	

Data Source(s): Tracking-at-a-Glance

<sup>1</sup> FY 2010 is the earliest year for which data for this activity is available.

Self-Sufficiency #3: Increase in Positive Outcomes in Employment Status				
Report the Basel	Report the Baseline, Benchmark and Outcome data for each type of employment status for those head(s) of			
	households (HHs) affected by the self-sufficiency activity.			
Unit of MeasurementBaseline1Benchmark2Outcome3Benchmark Achieved?				

Report the	Head(s) of HHs in	Expected head(s) of	Actual head(s) of	Whether the
following	<category name="">&gt; prior</category>	HHs in < <category< td=""><td>HHs in &lt;<category< td=""><td>outcome meets</td></category<></td></category<>	HHs in < <category< td=""><td>outcome meets</td></category<>	outcome meets
U		0.	0,	
information	to implementation of the	name>> after	name>> after	or exceeds the
separately for each	activity (#). This # may be	implementation of	implementation of the	benchmark.
category:	zero.	the activity (#).	activity (#).	
(1) Employed Full-	As of FY 2010: 78% (61	45% (49 of 109 HHs)	At least 14 of 106	Insufficient
Time	of 78 HHs)		HHs	data to
(2) Employed Part-		18% (20 of 109 HHs)	At least 6 of 106	determine
Time			HHs)	whether
(3) Enrolled in an	As of FY 2010: Not	8% (9 of 109 HHs)	At least 2 of 106	benchmark
Educational	tracked	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	HHs)	was achieved.
Program			,	
(4) Enrolled in Job	As of FY 2010: Not	2% (2 of 109 HHs)	At least 1 of 106 HHs	
Training Program	tracked			
(5) Unemployed	As of FY 2010: 22% (17	37% (40 of 109 HHs)	26% (28 of 106 HHs)	Yes
	of approx. 78 HHs) <sup>4</sup>			
(6) Other	As of FY 2010: Not	N/A	N/A	N/A
	tracked			
	% of total work-able HHs	Expected % of total	Actual % of total	Explanation to
	in < <category name="">&gt;</category>	work-able HHs in	work-able HHs in	be provided.
	prior to implementation of	< <category name="">&gt;</category>	< <category name="">&gt;</category>	1
	activity (%).	as of FYE (%).	as of FYE (%).	
Deta Sama (a): Email				

Data Source(s): Emphasys

<sup>1</sup> FY 2010 is the earliest year for which data for this activity is available. Although LMHA did not track part-time vs. full-time employment in FY 2010, the agency did track income from earnings. That year 61 (78%) of approximately 78 non-elderly / non-disabled heads of household had income from earnings.

 <sup>2</sup> Benchmarks based on FY 2015 outcomes.
 <sup>3</sup> Currently, LMHA only tracks categories 1-4 above for households enrolled in case management or in the FSS Program. While full-time vs. part-time employment is not tracked for all households, LMHA did track income from earnings. During FY 2016, seventy-eight (74%) of 106 non-elderly / non-disabled heads of household had income from earnings, while 28 (26%) reported no income from earnings.

Self-Sufficiency #4: Households (HHs) Removed from Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)				
Unit of Measurement	Baseline <sup>1</sup>	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?
# of HHs receiving TANF assistance	HHs receiving TANF prior to implementation of the activity (#). As of FY 2010: Not tracked	Expected # of HHs receiving TANF after implementation of the activity (#). 2% (2 of 106 HHs)	Actual HHs receiving TANF after implementation of the activity (#). 2% (2 of 106 HHs)	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark. Yes
(decrease).	# of HHs in affected units receiving TANF prior to implementation	Expected # of HHs in affected units receiving TANF as of FYE	Actual # of HHs in affected units receiving TANF as of FYE	Explanation to be provided

Data Source(s): Emphasys

<sup>1</sup> FY 2010 is the earliest year for which data for this activity is available.

Self-Suf	Self-Sufficiency #5: Households (HHs) Assisted by Services that Increase Self Sufficiency				
Unit of Measurement	Baseline <sup>1</sup>	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?		
# of HHs	HHs receiving self	Expected # of HHs	Actual number of	Whether the	
receiving	sufficiency services prior	receiving self sufficiency	households receiving	outcome meets	
services aimed	to implementation of the	services after	self sufficiency services	or exceeds the	

to increase self	activity (#).	implementation of the	after implementation of	benchmark.
sufficiency		activity (#).	the activity (number).	
(increase)	As of FY 2010: 36 of	$3 \text{ of } 100 \text{ HHs} (3\%)^2$	20 of 106 HHs (19%)	Yes
	100 HHs (36%)			
	# of HHs in affected	Expected # of HHs in	Actual # of HHs in	Explanation to
	units receiving self-	affected units receiving	affected units receiving	be provided
	sufficiency services prior	self-sufficiency services	self-sufficiency services	_
	to implementation of	as of FYE	as of FYE	
	activity			

 Data Source(s): Tracking-at-a-Glance; Emphasys

 <sup>1</sup> FY 2010 is the earliest year for which data for this activity is available.

 <sup>2</sup> Due to the removal of the case management requirement, participation in self-sufficiency services is expected to decrease gradually before levelling off to a rate that approximates LMHA's overall public housing population.

Self-Sufficie	ency #6: Reducing Per	Unit Subsidy Costs for H	Participating Household	ls (HHs)
Unit of Measurement	Baseline <sup>1</sup>	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?
Average amount of Section 8 &/or 9	Average subsidy per HH affected by this policy prior to implementation of the activity (\$).	Expected average subsidy per HH affected by this policy after implementation of the activity (\$).	Actual average subsidy per HH affected by this policy after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.
subsidies per HH affected by this	As of FY 2010: Not tracked	\$1,078	\$1,078	Yes
policy in dollars (decrease)	Average monthly subsidy per affected HH prior to implementation of activity	Expected monthly subsidy per affected HH as of FYE	Actual monthly subsidy affected HH as of FYE	Explanation to be provided
Data Source(s): Empha	sys; PIC; PHA financial reco	rds		

<sup>1</sup> FY 2010 is the earliest year for which data for this activity is available.

	Self-Sufficiency #7: Increase in Agency Rental Revenue				
Unit of Measurement	<b>Baseline</b> <sup>1</sup>	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?	
	PHA rental revenue prior	Expected PHA rental	Actual PHA rental	Whether the	
	to implementation of the	revenue after	revenue after	outcome meets	
	activity (\$).	implementation of the	implementation of the	or exceeds the	
PHA rental		activity (\$).	activity (\$).	benchmark.	
revenue in	As of FY 2010: Not	\$413,532 (Average of	\$413,532 (Average of	Yes	
dollars	tracked	\$3,901 per HH per year)	\$3,901 per HH per year)		
(increase).	Gross annual rental	Gross annual rental	Gross annual rental	Explanation to	
	revenue from affected	revenue from affected	revenue from affected	be provided	
	HHs prior to	HHs as of FYE	HHs as of FYE		
	implementation				
Data Source(s): E	mphasys <sup>.</sup> PHA financial records				

Data Source(s): Emphasys; PHA financial records <sup>1</sup> FY 2010 is the earliest year for which data for this activity is available.

Self-Sufficiency #8: Households (HHs) Transitioned to Self Sufficiency				
Self-Sufficiency is defined as "the ability of a non-disabled / non-elderly family to obtain and maintain suitable				
	em	ployment." <sup>1</sup>		
Unit of Measurement	<b>Baseline</b> <sup>1</sup>	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?

	HHs transitioned to	Expected HHs	Actual HHs	Whether the
	self sufficiency	transitioned to self	transitioned to self	outcome meets
# of HHs transitioned to self	(< <pha definition<="" th=""><th>sufficiency (&lt;<pha< th=""><th>sufficiency (&lt;<pha< th=""><th>or exceeds the</th></pha<></th></pha<></th></pha>	sufficiency (< <pha< th=""><th>sufficiency (&lt;<pha< th=""><th>or exceeds the</th></pha<></th></pha<>	sufficiency (< <pha< th=""><th>or exceeds the</th></pha<>	or exceeds the
sufficiency (increase). The	of self-	definition of self-	definition of self-	benchmark.
PHA may create one or	sufficiency>>) prior	sufficiency>>) after	sufficiency>>) after	
more definitions for "self	to implementation of	implementation of	implementation of	
sufficiency" to use for this	the activity (#). This	the activity (#).	the activity (#).	
metric. Each time the PHA	# may be zero.			
uses this metric, the	As of FY 2010: Not	55 of 106 HHs	55 of 106 HHs	Yes
"Outcome" # should also be	tracked	(52%)	(52%)	
provided in Section (II)	# of HHs	Expected # of	Actual # of affected	Explanation to
Operating Information in	transitioned to self-	affected HHs	HHs transitioned to	be provided
the space provided.	sufficiency prior to	transitioned to self-	self-sufficiency	_
	implementation	sufficiency during	during FY	
		FY		

Data Source(s): Emphasys

<sup>1</sup> "Employment" means the household is receiving earned income. "Suitable" is defined as annual gross earned income equal to or exceeding \$14,500 (the hourly minimum wage as of \$7.25 multiplied by 2,000 hours).

<sup>2</sup> FY 2010 is the earliest year for which data for this activity is available.

	Housing Choice #3: Decrease in Wait List Time					
Unit of Measurement	<b>Baseline</b> <sup>1</sup>	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?		
Average applicant time on wait list in months	Average applicant time on wait list prior to implementation of the activity (in months). As of FY 2010: Not tracked	Expected average applicant time on wait list after implementation of the activity (in months). 1 month	Actual average applicant time on wait list after implementation of the activity (in months). 1 month	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark. Yes		
(decrease).	Average applicant time on wait list prior to implementation of the activity (in months).	Expected average applicant time on wait list after implementation of the activity (in months).	Actual average applicant time on wait list after implementation of the activity (in months).	Explanation to be provided		

Data Source(s): Emphasys

<sup>1</sup> FY 2010 is the earliest year for which data for this activity is available.

#### 2.i. Rent Reform Hardship Requests

N/A. This activity does not include rent reform.

3. Benchmarks Not Achieved

#### Self-Sufficiency #3: Increase in Positive Outcomes in Employment Status

Although LMHA does not currently track full-time vs. part-time employment for households that are not in case management or in the FSS Program, the agency does track income from earnings. Since the benchmarks for this metric call for 63% of non-elderly/non-disabled households to be employed (either full- or part-time) and 74% of non-elderly/non-disabled households reported earnings in FY 2016, LMHA considers this activity to be successful at increasing positive outcomes in employment status.

4. Revised Metrics

The only metric that previously had a benchmark established is Self-Sufficiency #5: Households Assisted by Services that Increase Self-Sufficiency. All other benchmarks are new.

 Changes to Data Collection Methodology N/A. LMHA has not changed its data collection methodology.

# A.5 Public Housing Development

LMHA's goal is to transform the physical stock of the original family developments owned and managed by the agency in the coming years, replacing the current public housing developments with mixed income communities, while at the same time providing replacement units so that the overall number of families served will not decrease. LMHA has implemented the following MTW initiatives designed to expedite the redevelopment process and ensure that all new and newly acquired properties are energy-efficient and cost effective.

# **ACTIVITY #18-2009: Simplification of the Public Housing Development Submittal**

#### 1. Plan Year Approved and Implemented Activity #18-2009 was proposed and implemented in FY 2009.

2. Description and Impact

This activity simplifies the public housing development submittal process for each acquired or developed public housing property. Twice yearly, LMHA also submits a six month report summarizing the Agency's acquisition and development activities to the HUD Louisville Field Office. The activity has reduced the amount of time staff spends preparing development submittals and reduced the average length of time to close on a property.

Although LMHA did not use the regulatory flexibility provided through this MTW activity during FY 2016, between FY 2009 and FY 2013 the initiative reduced the amount of staff time required to prepare a proposal significantly from 25 hours to 7.5 hours. The length of time required to close on a property was also reduced from an average of 8-10 weeks to approximately 6 weeks.

Cost Effectiveness #1: Agency Cost Savings					
Unit of Measurement	<b>Baseline</b> <sup>1</sup>	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?	
Total cost of task in dollars	Cost of task prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars). As of FY 2008: \$12,249 (9 submittals *25 hrs * \$54.44/hr)	Expected cost of task after implementation of the activity (in dollars). \$930 (2 submittals * 7.5 hrs * \$62.00/hr)	Actual cost of task after implementation of the activity (in dollars). \$0 (0 submittals * 0 hrs)	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark. No	
(decrease).	Total annual cost to prepare development submittals prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Expected total annual cost to prepare development submittals after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Actual total annual cost to prepare development submittals after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Explanation to be provided	

LMHA tracks the following HUD Standard Metrics for this activity:

Data Source(s): Staff logs; PHA financial records

<sup>1</sup> FY 2008 is the earliest year for which data for this activity is available. Staff hourly rate for FY 2008 is not available. FY 2009 hourly rate of \$54.44 (including benefits) was used instead.

Cost Effectiveness #2: Staff Time Savings					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline <sup>1</sup>	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?	

	Total amount of staff	Expected amount of total	Actual amount of total	Whether the
	time dedicated to the task	staff time dedicated to	staff time dedicated to	outcome meets
	prior to implementation	the task after	the task after	or exceeds the
	of the activity (in hours).	implementation of the	implementation of the	benchmark.
Total time to		activity (in hours).	activity (in hours).	
complete the	As of FY 2008: 225 hrs	15 hrs (2 submittals * 7.5	0 hrs (0 submittals * 0	No
task in staff	(9 submittals *25 hrs)	hrs)	hrs)	
hours	Total annual staff time	Expected total annual	Actual total annual staff	Explanation to
(decrease).	spent preparing	staff time spent	time spent preparing	be provided
	development submittals	preparing development	development submittals	
	prior to implementation	submittals after	after implementation of	
	of the activity (in hours).	implementation of the	the activity (in dollars).	
		activity (in dollars).		

Data Source(s): Staff logs; PHA financial records

<sup>1</sup> FY 2008 is the earliest year for which data for this activity is available.

Housing Choice #1: Additional Units of Housing Made Available						
Unit of Measurement	Baseline <sup>1</sup>	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?		
# of new housing units made available for HHs at or below 80% AMI	Housing units of this type prior to implementation of the activity (#). This # may be zero.	Expected housing units of this type after implementation of the activity (#).	Actual housing units of this type after implementation of the activity (#).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.		
as a result of the activity	As of 2008: Not tracked	10	0	No		
(increase). If units reach a specific type of HH, give that type in this box.	Public housing units acquired/developed prior to implementation of the activity	Expected public housing units acquired/developed after implementation of the activity	Actual public housing units acquired/developed after implementation of the activity	Explanation to be provided		

Data Source(s): PIC; Staff logs

<sup>1</sup> FY 2008 is the earliest year for which data for this activity is available.

#### 2.i. Rent Reform Hardship Requests

N/A. This activity does not include rent reform.

3. Benchmarks Not Achieved

Due to the small number of transactions, LMHA chose to use the traditional public housing development submittal process during FY 2016. The Housing Authority may use the flexibilities provided through this activity again in future should the volume of annual acquisitions increase.

4. Revised Metrics

No benchmarks had previously been established for this activity.

5. *Changes to Data Collection Methodology* N/A. LMHA has not changed its data collection methodology.

# **ACTIVITY #26-2011: Public Housing – Acquisition of Mixed Income Sites**

1. Plan Year Approved and Implemented

Activity #26-2011 was proposed and implemented in FY 2011.

2. Description and Impact

This activity authorizes LMHA to acquire units for public housing or vacant land for developing public housing without prior HUD authorization if HUD does not respond to LMHA's request for authorization within 10 days of the submittal date. All acquired properties must meet HUD's site selection requirements, and LMHA will request approval of the HUD Field Office when a pending acquisition deviates from the selection requirements and/or at the discretion of the Executive Director. Copies of all required forms and appraisals will be maintained in the project file.

Although this activity was proposed and implemented in FY 2011, it has not yet been used to acquire property at mixed-income sites. This regulatory flexibility would be used in the event that HUD has not responded to LMHA's request for authorization within 10 days of the submittal date.

	Cost Effectiveness #1: Agency Cost Savings <sup>1</sup>					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?		
	Cost of task prior to implementation of the	Expected cost of task after implementation of	Actual cost of task after implementation of	Whether the outcome meets or		
	activity (in dollars).	the activity (in dollars).	the activity (in dollars).	exceeds the		
Total cost of				benchmark.		
task in dollars	As of FY 2010: N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
(decrease).	Total annual cost of task	Expected total annual	Actual total annual cost	Explanation to be		
	prior to implementation	cost of task after	of task after	provided		
	of the activity (in	implementation of the	implementation of the			
	dollars).	activity (in dollars).	activity (in dollars).			

LMHA tracks the following HUD Standard Metrics for this activity:

Data Source(s): Staff logs; PHA financial records

This activity does not modify the cost of any tasked performed by LMHA staff, as an acquisition package is still prepared and submitted to HUD.

Cost Effectiveness #2: Staff Time Savings					
Unit of Measurement	<b>Baseline</b> <sup>1</sup>	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?	
Total time to complete the task in staff	Total amount of staff time dedicated to the task prior to implementation of the activity (in hours).	Expected amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after implementation of the activity (in hours).	Actual amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after implementation of the activity (in hours).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.	
hours	As of FY 2008: N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
(decrease).	Total annual staff time spent on task prior to implementation of the activity (in hours).	Expected total annual staff time spent on task after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Actual total annual staff time spent on task after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Explanation to be provided	

Data Source(s): Staff logs; PHA financial records

<sup>1</sup> This activity does not modify the amount of staff time spent on any task performed by LMHA staff, as an acquisition package is still prepared and submitted to HUD.

Housing Choice #1: Additional Units of Housing Made Available				
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?

Number (#) of new housing units made available for HHs at or below 80% AMI as a result of the activity (increase). If units reach a specific type of HH, give that type in this box.	Housing units of this type prior to implementation of the activity (#). This # may be zero. As of 2008: 0 Public housing units acquired/developed prior to implementation of the activity	Expected housing units of this type after implementation of the activity (#). 0 <sup>1</sup> Expected public housing units acquired/developed after implementation of	Actual housing units of this type after implementation of the activity (#). 0 Actual public housing units acquired/developed after implementation of	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark. Yes Explanation to be provided
Dete Server (a) DIC: Staff la		the activity	the activity	

Data Source(s): PIC; Staff logs

<sup>1</sup>LMHA anticipates this activity will be invoked only rarely. In most years, we anticipate this flexibility will not be used at all.

- 2.*i. Rent Reform Hardship Requests* N/A. This activity does not include rent reform.
- *3. Benchmarks Not Achieved* N/A. All benchmarks were achieved.
- 4. *Revised Metrics* No metrics had been established for this activity previously.
- 5. *Changes to Data Collection Methodology* No metrics had been established for this activity previously, so all data collection methods listed are new.

# A.6 Expanded Homeownership Opportunities

# ACTIVITY #3-2006: Amount and Distribution of HCV Homeownership Assistance

- 1. Plan Year Approved and Implemented Activity #3-2006 was proposed and implemented in FY 2006.
- 2. Description and Impact

This activity allows LMHA to offer a two-bedroom payment standard for all one-bedroom-eligible HCV Homeownership households. It does not otherwise affect the calculation of the payment standard.

During FY 2016, fifteen HCV Homeownership Program participants purchased a home. The average home sales price was \$103,727, with an average mortgage interest rate of 2.94%. Eight of the buyers were elderly and/or disabled. Six of the buyers together received a total of \$79,300 in HOME down payment assistance through Louisville Metro Government.

This activity permitted five one-bedroom-eligible families to purchase a unit using the twobedroom payment standard. None of the five purchased a home in an exception payment standard area.

Cost Effectiveness #1: Agency Cost Savings <sup>1</sup>					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?	
Total cost of task in dollars	Cost of task prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Expected cost of task after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Actual cost of task after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.	
(decrease).	As of FY 2005: N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
(decrease).	Cost of task prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Expected cost of task after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Actual cost of task after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Explanation to be provided	

The LMHA tracks the following HUD Standard Metrics for this activity:

Data Source(s): N/A

This activity does not modify the cost of any task performed by LMHA staff. Staff simply substitute one payment standard value for another when carrying out the same tasks they performed prior to implementation.

	Cost Effectiveness #2: Staff Time Savings <sup>1</sup>						
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?			
Total time to complete the task in staff	Total amount of staff time dedicated to the task prior to implementation of the activity (in hours).	Expected amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after implementation of the activity (in hours).	Actual amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after implementation of the activity (in hours).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.			
	As of FY 2005: N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			
hours (decrease).	Total amount of staff time dedicated to the task prior to implementation of the activity (in hours).	Expected amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after implementation of the activity (in hours).	Actual amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after implementation of the	Explanation to be provided			

		activity (in hours).	
Data Source(s): N	/A		

<sup>1</sup> This activity does not modify the amount of time spent on any task performed by LMHA staff. Staff simply substitute one payment standard value for another when carrying out the same tasks they performed prior to implementation.

	Housing Choice #5: Increase in Resident Mobility					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark <sup>1</sup>	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?		
# of households (HHs) able to move to a better unit &/or	HHs able to move to a better unit &/or neighborhood of opportunity prior to implementation of the activity (#). This # may be zero.	Expected HHs able to move to a better unit &/or neighborhood of opportunity after implementation of the activity (#).	Actual increase in HHs able to move to a better unit &/or neighborhood of opportunity after implementation of the activity (#).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.		
neighborhood	As of FY 2005: 0	2	5	Yes		
of opportunity as a result of the activity (increase).	1-BR HHs able to purchase a home prior to implementation of the activity (#). This # may be zero.	Expected 1-BR HHs able to purchase a home after implementation of the activity (#).	Actual 1-BR HHs able to purchase a home after implementation of the activity (#).	Explanation to be provided		

Data Source(s): Emphasys; Staff logs <sup>1</sup> Benchmark based on FY 2015 outcome.

Housing Choice #6: Increase in Homeownership Opportunities					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark <sup>1</sup>	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?	
# of households (HHs) that	# of HHs that purchased a home prior to implementation of the activity (#). This # may be zero.	Expected # of HHs that purchased a home after implementation of the activity (#).	Actual # of HHs that purchased a home after implementation of the activity (#).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.	
purchased a home as a result of the activity (increase).	As of FY 2005: 0 # of 1-BR HHs that purchased a home prior to implementation of the activity (#). This # may be zero.	2 Expected # of 1-BR HHs that purchased a home after implementation of the activity (#).	5 Actual # of 1-BR HHs that purchased a home after implementation of the activity (#).	Yes Explanation to be provided	

Data Source(s): Emphasys; Staff logs <sup>1</sup> Benchmark based on FY 2015 outcome.

2.i. Rent Reform Hardship Requests N/A. This activity does not include rent reform.

3. Benchmarks Not Achieved

N/A. All benchmarks were achieved.

4. Revised Metrics

No benchmarks had previously been established for this activity.

5. *Changes to Data Collection Methodology* N/A. LMHA has not changed its data collection methodology.

# **ACTIVITY #13-2009: Exception Payment Standards for HCV Homeownership**

1. Plan Year Approved and Implemented

Activity #13-2009 was proposed and implemented in FY 2009. The number of homeownershipspecific exception payment standard areas was increased via a significant change to this activity in FY 2016.

2. Description and Impact

In April 2016, LMHA expanded the number of homeownership-specific payment standard areas; payment standards are now set to 120% of FMR in those census tracts where, according to the most recently available 5-year American Community Survey estimates, *Owner Occupied Median Value* for the census tract is greater than 80% of the *Owner Occupied Median Value* for the Louisville Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA). Before this significant change, the *Owner Occupied Median Value* for the census tract had to be greater than 100% of the same value for the MSA as a whole.

Since FY 2009, this activity has allowed a total of 13 families to buy homes in areas of opportunity. Two HCV Homeownership Program participants purchased a home in an exception payment standard area during FY 2016. One home was in a newly-added exception area.

Cost Effectiveness #1: Agency Cost Savings <sup>1</sup>					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?	
Total cost of	Cost of task prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Expected cost of task after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Actual cost of task after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.	
task in dollars (decrease).	As of FY 2008: N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Cost of task prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Expected cost of task after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Actual cost of task after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Explanation to be provided	

The LMHA tracks the following HUD Standard Metrics for this activity:

Data Source(s): N/A

This activity does not modify the cost of any task performed by LMHA staff. Staff simply substitutes one payment standard value for another when carrying out the same tasks they performed prior to implementation.

	Cost Effectiveness #2: Staff Time Savings <sup>1</sup>					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?		
Total time to complete the	Total amount of staff time dedicated to the task prior to implementation of the activity (in hours).	Expected amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after implementation of the activity (in hours).	Actual amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after implementation of the activity (in hours).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.		
task in staff	As of FY 2008: N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
hours (decrease).	Total amount of staff time dedicated to the task prior to implementation of the activity (in hours).	Expected amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after implementation of the activity (in hours).	Actual amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after implementation of the activity (in hours).	Explanation to be provided		

Data Source(s): N/A

<sup>1</sup> This activity does not modify the amount of time spent on any task performed by LMHA staff. Staff simply substitutes one payment standard value for another when carrying out the same tasks they performed prior to implementation.

	Housing Choice #5: Increase in Resident Mobility					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?		
	HHs able to move to a	Expected HHs able to	Actual increase in HHs	Whether the		
	better unit &/or	move to a better unit	able to move to a better	outcome meets		
# of	neighborhood of	&/or neighborhood of	unit &/or	or exceeds the		
households	opportunity prior to	opportunity after	neighborhood of	benchmark.		
(HHs) able to	implementation of the	implementation of the	opportunity after			
move to a	activity (#). This # may be	activity (#).	implementation of the			
better unit	zero.		activity (#).			
&/or	As of FY 2008: 0	2	2	Yes		
neighborhood	HHs able to move to a	Expected HHs able to	Actual increase in HHs	Explanation to		
of opportunity	better unit &/or	move to a better unit	able to move to a better	be provided.		
as a result of	neighborhood of	&/or neighborhood of	unit &/or	•		
the activity	opportunity prior to	opportunity after	neighborhood of			
(increase).	implementation of the	implementation of the	opportunity after			
	activity (#). This # may be	activity (#).	implementation of the			
	zero.		activity (#).			
Data Source(s): En	nphasys					

	Housing Choice #6: Increase in Homeownership Opportunities					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?		
# of households (HHs) that	# of HHs that purchased a home prior to implementation of the activity (#). This # may be zero.	Expected # of HHs that purchased a home after implementation of the activity (#).	Actual # of HHs that purchased a home after implementation of the activity (#).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.		
purchased a home as a result of the activity (increase).	As of FY 2008: 0 # of HHs that purchased a home prior to implementation of the activity (#). This # may be zero.	2 Expected # of HHs that purchased a home after implementation of the activity (#).	2 Actual # of HHs that purchased a home after implementation of the activity (#).	Yes Explanation to be provided.		
Data Source(s): E	mphasys; Staff logs					

- 2.i. Rent Reform Hardship Requests N/A. This activity does not include rent reform.
- *3. Benchmarks Not Achieved* N/A. All benchmarks were achieved.
- 4. *Revised Metrics* N/A. LMHA has not revised the metrics for this activity.
- 5. *Changes to Data Collection Methodology* N/A. LMHA has not changed its data collection methodology.

# ACTIVITY #11-2009: Flexibility in Third-Party Verifications for HCV Homeownership

- 1. Plan Year Approved and Implemented Activity #11-2009 was proposed and implemented in FY 2009.
- 2. Description and Impact

Under this activity, income verification for HCV Homeownership program applicants remains valid for eight months.

Once approved for the HCV Homeownership Program, families have eight months to execute and close on a proposed sales agreement. Since the income verification completed during the program application process is now valid for eight months, staff no longer has to re-verify income for families who take more than 60 days to close on a sale. Thus, the cost of this task (re-verifying income after 60 days) has dropped from \$179 pre-implementation (FY 2008) to \$0.

Cost Effectiveness #1: Agency Cost Savings					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?	
Total cost of task in dollars (decrease).	Cost of task prior to implementation of the activity (\$) As of FY 2008: \$179 (12 verifications * 0.5 hrs * \$29.78/hour)	Expected cost of task after implementation of the activity (\$) \$0	Actual cost of task after implementation of the activity (\$) \$0	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark Yes	
	Cost to re-verify income prior to implementation of the activity (\$)	Expected cost to re- verify income after implementation of the activity (\$)	Actual cost to re- verify income after implementation of the activity (\$)	Explanation to be provided	

The LMHA tracks the following HUD Standard Metrics for this activity:

Data Source(s): Emphasys; staff logs; PHA financial records

	Cost Effectiveness #2: Staff Time Savings					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?		
Total time to complete the	Total amount of staff time dedicated to the task prior to implementation of the activity (in hours)	Expected amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after implementation of the activity (in hours)	Actual amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after implementation of the activity (in hours)	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark		
task in staff hours	<b>As of FY 2008:</b> 6 hrs (12 verifications * 0.5 hrs)	0 hrs	0 hrs	Yes		
(decrease).	Staff time spent re- verifying income prior to implementation of the activity (\$)	Expected staff time spent re-verifying income after implementation of the activity (\$)	Actual staff time spent re-verifying income after implementation of the activity (\$)	Explanation to be provided		
Data Source(s): E	mphasys; staff logs					

Cost Effectiveness #3: Decrease in Error Rate of Task Execution				
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?

	Average error rate of	Expected average error rate	Actual average error	Whether the
	task prior to	of task after	rate of task after	outcome meets or
Average error	implementation of the	implementation of the	implementation of the	exceeds the
rate in	activity (%).	activity (%).	activity (%).	benchmark.
completing a	As of FY 2008: Not	N/A (Task no longer	N/A (Task no longer	N/A
task as a	tracked	conducted)	conducted)	
percentage	Average error rate of	Expected average error rate	Actual average error	Explanation to be
(decrease)	task prior to	of task after	rate of task after	provided
	implementation of the	implementation of the	implementation of the	
	activity (%).	activity (%).	activity (%).	
Data Source(s): St	taff logs.			

- 2.i. Rent Reform Hardship Requests N/A. This activity does not include rent reform.
- *3. Benchmarks Not Achieved* N/A. All outcomes meet benchmark.
- 4. *Revised Metrics* N/A. LMHA has not revised the metrics for this activity.
- 5. *Changes to Data Collection Methodology* N/A. LMHA has not changed its data collection methodology.

# A.7 Local Leased Housing Program

# Activity #44-2015: Special Referral MTW HCV Programs

MTW allows LMHA to maximize the potential of locally available resources to develop programs for people with specific needs. The goal is to meet needs not met by other agencies and to partner with local organizations that have social services programs that need a housing support element. Some of these needs are transitional; others are for programs that provide more long-term support.

Special referral programs are intended to address the needs of traditionally underserved populations in the community, and provide the voucher as incentive for families to move toward economic self-sufficiency. The programs provide housing subsidy to up to 514 families through partnerships with a number of supportive services agencies. Families with specific needs often face multiple barriers to achieving their self-sufficiency goals. LMHA's special referral MTW HCV programs provide a strong incentive for participation as eligible applicants receive an admissions preference for the agency's HCV program, which has a current waitlist of approximately 17,500 applicants. These programs also increase housing choices for low-income families.

Per HUD's request, LMHA has combined the reporting for these activities under a single, umbrella activity (#44-2015).

# 1. Plan Year Approved and Implemented

The following "sub-activities" are reported under umbrella activity #44-2015, "Special Referral MTW HCV Programs," which was proposed and implemented in FY 2015:

- 1) Activity #1-2005 (The Villager / Center for Women and Families) was proposed and implemented in FY 2005.
- 2) Activity #7-2008 (Day Spring) was proposed in FY 2008 and implemented in FY 2012.
- 3) Activity #15-2009 (Louisville / Family Scholar House) was proposed and implemented in FY 2008.
- 4) Activity #20-2010 (Downtown / Family Scholar House with Spalding University was proposed in FY 2010 and implemented in FY 2011.
- 5) Activity #30-2012 (100,000 Homes Initiative) was proposed and implemented in FY 2012.
- 6) Activity #31-2012 (Stoddard Johnston / Family Scholar House) was proposed and implemented in FY 2012.
- 7) Activity #34-2012 (Wellspring Youngland Avenue Facility) was proposed and implemented in FY 2012.
- 8) Activity #35-2012 (Allocate MTW Housing Choice Vouchers to Special Referral Programs) was proposed and implemented in FY 2012.
- 9) Activity #36-2013 (Wellspring Bashford Manor Facility) was proposed and implemented in FY 2012.
- 10) Activity #38-2013 (Parkland / Family Scholar House) was proposed and implemented in FY 2013.
- 11) Activity #42-2015 (Centerstone (formerly Seven Counties Services, Inc.)) was proposed and implemented in FY 2014.
- 12) Activity #45-2016 (Coalition for the Homeless "Move Up" Program) was proposed and implemented in FY 2016.
- 2. Description and Impact

# Activity #1-2005: The Villager - Center for Women and Families

LMHA provides a limited admission preference for up to 22 households for a special referral program with the Center for Women and Families for their long-term transitional housing on their downtown campus. Programs at the Center focus on the elimination of domestic violence, sexual violence and economic hardship.

### Activity #7-2008: Day Spring

LMHA provides a limited admission preference for to up to four households with members who have a severe mental illness and who live in a Day Spring constructed unit while they participate in the program. Day Spring, a faith-based charitable organization, provides residential and supportive services to adults with developmental disabilities who want the opportunity to live independently in a supportive community setting. Under the initiative, not all of the residential units may be subject to typical HUD Housing Quality Standards and rent reasonableness requirements.

Activity #15-2009: Louisville Scholar House / Family Scholar House (formerly Project Women) LMHA provides a limited admission preference for up to 56 families for a special referral program with Family Scholar House for their Louisville Scholar House facility. Participants are solo heads of households, who often face multiple barriers to furthering their education and obtaining employment that will provide their families with adequate income to become self-sufficient.

<u>Activity #20-2010: Downtown Scholar House - Family Scholar House with Spalding University</u> LMHA provides a limited admission preference for up to 43 households for a special referral program with Family Scholar House and Spalding University at the Downtown Scholar House.

# Activity #30-2012: 100,000 Homes Initiative

LMHA provides a limited admission preference for up to 50 vouchers for a Special Referral HCV program with the 100,000 Homes initiative of the Louisville Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) Community Consortium. Participants in this Housing First model program, who are identified and referred by the Louisville SAMHSA, must be chronically homeless.

<u>Activity #31-2012: Stoddard Johnston Scholar House - Family Scholar House</u> LMHA provides a limited admission preference for up to 57 vouchers for a special referral program with Family Scholar House for their Stoddard Johnston Scholar House location.

# Activity #34-2012: Wellspring - Youngland Avenue Facility

LMHA provides a limited admission preference for up to five households with members with severe mental illness who reside at Wellspring's Youngland Avenue facility while they are participating in the program. Wellspring is a charitable organization that addresses Louisville's need for supportive housing for adults with severe and persistent psychiatric illnesses. Referrals accepted for this initiative are considered to be Mainstream Program participants.

Activity #35-2012: Allocate MTW Housing Choice Vouchers to Special Referral Programs LMHA may, without prior HUD approval, allocate (provide a limited admission preference for) up to 10 MTW Housing Choice Vouchers to a Special Referral HCV program for service-enriched affordable housing programs within the agency's jurisdiction. To be eligible, programs must offer housing and supportive services targeted to families whose needs are not adequately served elsewhere in the community. Some allocations are incremental additions to existing special referral programs while others are allocations to newly established programs.
- In 2012, LMHA allocated up to 10 vouchers to Coalition for the Homeless for homeless families with children.
- In 2013, the Agency allocated up to an additional 10 vouchers to the same referral program, as well as up to 10 vouchers to Family Scholar House participants who may choose to live at York Towers. No York Towers vouchers have been issued to date, and LMHA does not anticipate that any will be issued in the future. The York Towers vouchers have been removed from the special referral summary table included at the end of the reporting for activity #44-2015.
- In FY 2014, up to 10 vouchers were allocated to a program operated by Choices, Inc., which serves solo parent families that are both homeless and disabled.
- In FY 2016, the Housing Authority allocated vouchers to three partners:
  - Up to 10 vouchers to the Kentucky Housing Corporation for families that include either: 1) a household member with a serious mental illness who is exiting a licensed personal care home or state psychiatric hospital or is at risk of institutionalization, or 2) a household member who is exiting a nursing home or intermediate care facility for individuals with intellectual or other development disabilities;
  - Up to 10 vouchers to Wellspring for families that include a household member with a severe mental illness who is exiting Wellspring's Ardery House facility for permanent housing; and
  - Up to 10 vouchers to ChooseWell Communities' Thrive Program to assist families that include a pregnant or post-partum mother who has successfully completed residential and/or intensive outpatient treatment for addiction.

#### Activity #36-2013: Wellspring – Bashford Manor Facility

This activity established a special referral program and limited admission preference to provide housing assistance to up to five households with members with severe mental illness who reside at Wellspring's Youngland Avenue facility while they are participating in the program. Wellspring is a charitable organization that addresses Louisville's need for supportive housing for adults with severe and persistent psychiatric illnesses. Referrals accepted for this initiative are considered to be Mainstream Program participants.

#### Activity #38-2013: Parkland Scholar House - Family Scholar House

Under this activity, LMHA provides a limited admission preference for up to 53 vouchers, including five vouchers for participants who reside off-campus, for a special referral program with Family Scholar House for their Parkland Scholar House Facility. Vouchers become portable upon graduation.

#### Activity #42-2015: Centerstone (formerly Seven Counties Services, Inc.)

LMHA provides a limited admission preference for up to 50 vouchers for a special referral program with Centerstone for households that include a member with a severe mental illness who is currently institutionalized at a personal care home or at risk of being institutionalized because of a lack of adequate community support.

#### Activity #45-2016: Coalition for the Homeless' "Move Up" Program

LMHA provides a limited admission preference for up to 100 households who are referred by the Coalition for the Homeless through the "Move Up" program. This preference allows chronically homeless families who no longer need intensive case management services to transition from temporary homeless services vouchers to permanent HCV vouchers.

LMHA tracks the following, combined HUD Standard Metrics for these activities. All Self-Sufficiency metrics for this activity exclude elderly and disabled families. While 339 households participated in a Special Referral Program at fiscal-year-end, the Self-Sufficiency outcomes below only include the 279 families that were neither elderly nor disabled. Cost Effectiveness and Housing Choice metrics include all 339 participating households.

Cost Effectiveness #1: Agency Cost Savings <sup>1</sup>					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?	
Total cost of task in dollars	Cost of task prior to implementation of the activity (\$).	Expected cost of task after implementation of the activity (\$).	Actual cost of task after implementation of the activity (\$).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.	
	\$0	\$0	\$0	Yes	
(decrease).	Cost of task prior to implementation of the activity (\$).	Expected cost of task after implementation of the activity (\$).	Actual cost of task after implementation of the activity (\$).	Explanation to be provided	

Data Source(s): Staff logs; PHA financial records

Implementation of this activity does not modify any LMHA-completed tasks. Housing Authority staff determines applicant eligibility and performs all certifications.

Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark
То			Outcome	Achieved?
tin tas Total time to im	otal amount of staff ne dedicated to the sk prior to pplementation of the tivity (in hours).	Expected amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after implementation of the activity (in hours).	Actual amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after implementation of the activity (in hours).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.
task in staff 0 h	hr	0 hr	0 hr	Yes
(decrease). tin tas im	otal amount of staff ne dedicated to the sk prior to pplementation of the tivity (in hours).	Expected amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after implementation of the activity (in hours).	Actual amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after implementation of the activity (in hours).	Explanation to be provided

Data Source(s): Staff logs; PHA financial records

Implementation of this activity does not modify any LMHA-completed tasks. Housing Authority staff determines applicant eligibility and performs all certifications.

Cost Effectiveness #4: Increase in Resources Leveraged <sup>1</sup>					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?	
Amount of funds leveraged in dollars (increase)	Amount leveraged prior to implementation of the activity (\$). This # may be zero. \$0 Amount leveraged prior	Expected amount leveraged after implementation of the activity (\$). \$0 Expected amount	Actual amount leveraged after implementation of the activity (\$). \$0 Actual amount	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark. Yes Explanation to	

	to implementation of the	leveraged after	leveraged after	be provided	
	activity (\$). This # may	implementation of the	implementation of the		
	be zero.	activity (\$).	activity (\$).		
Data Source(s): Special referral program partner records					

Data Source(s): Special referral program partner records <sup>1</sup> Neither the level of LMHA housing subsidy nor task cost is affected by implementation of this activity.

Self-Sufficiency #1: Increase in Household (HH) Income					
Unit of Measurement	<b>Baseline</b> <sup>1</sup>	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?	
Average earned income	Average earned income of HHs affected by this policy prior to implementation of the activity (\$).	Expected average earned income of HHs affected by this policy prior to implementation of the activity (\$).	Actual average earned income of HHs affected by this policy prior to implementation (in dollars).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.	
of HHs affected by this policy in dollars (increase).	<b>FY 2016:</b> \$4,108	\$4,108	\$4,108	Yes	
	Average earned income of work-able HHs affected by this policy prior to implementation of the activity (\$).	Expected average earned income of work-able HHs affected by this policy prior to implementation of the activity (\$).	Actual average earned income of work-able HHs affected by this policy prior to implementation (in dollars).	Explanation to be provided	

Data Source(s): Emphasys <sup>1</sup> FY 2016 is the earliest year for which this data is available.

Self-	Self-Sufficiency #3: Increase in Positive Outcomes in Employment Status				
Report the Baseli	ne, Benchmark and Outcom			e head(s) of	
	households (HHs) af	fected by the self-sufficie	ency activity.		
Unit of Measurement	<b>Baseline</b> <sup>1</sup>	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?	
Report the following	Head(s) of HHs in	Expected head(s) of	Actual head(s) of	Whether the	
information	< <category name="">&gt;</category>	HHs in < <category< td=""><td>HHs in &lt;<category< td=""><td>outcome meets</td></category<></td></category<>	HHs in < <category< td=""><td>outcome meets</td></category<>	outcome meets	
separately for each	prior to implementation	name>> after	name>> after	or exceeds the	
category:	of the activity (#). This #	implementation of	implementation of the	benchmark.	
	may be zero.	the activity (#).	activity (#).		
(1) Employed Full-	As of FY 2016: 90 (32%	Insufficient data to	90 (32% of 279 HHs)	Insufficient	
Time <sup>2</sup>	of 279 HHs)	establish individual		data to	
(2) Employed Part-		benchmarks for		establish	
Time <sup>2</sup>		Categories 1-4.		individual	
(3) Enrolled in an	Not tracked		Tracking mechanism	benchmarks	
Educational			to be determined	for Categories	
Program				1-4.	
(4) Enrolled in Job	Not tracked				
Training Program					
(5) Unemployed	As of FY 2016: 189	189 (68% of 279	189 (68% of 279	Yes	
	(68% of 279 HHs)	HHs)	HHs)		
(6) Other	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	# of total work-able HHs	Expected # of total	Actual # of total	Explanation to	
	in < <category name="">&gt;</category>	work-able HHs in	work-able HHs in	be provided.	
	prior to implementation	< <category name="">&gt;</category>	< <category name="">&gt;</category>		
	of activity (#). This #	as of FYE (#).	as of FYE (#).		
	may be zero.				
Data Source(s): Emphasy	ýS				

Data Source(s): Emphasys <sup>1</sup> FY 2016 is the earliest year for which data is available.

 $^{2}$  Although LMHA did not track part-time vs. full-time employment in FY 2016, the agency did track income from earnings. At FYE, 90 (32%) of 279 non-elderly / non-disabled households had income from earnings, while 189 (68%) reported no income from earnings.

Self-Suffici	Self-Sufficiency #4: Households (HHs) Removed from Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline <sup>1</sup>	Benchmark Achieved?				
	HHs receiving TANF	Expected # of HHs receiving	Actual HHs receiving	Whether the		
	prior to	TANF after implementation	TANF after	outcome meets		
# of HHs	implementation of the	of the activity (#).	implementation of the	or exceeds the		
receiving	activity (#).	• • • •	activity (#).	benchmark.		
TANF	<b>FY 2016:</b> 54 (19% of	54 (19% of 279 HHs)	54 (19% of 279 HHs)	Yes		
assistance	279 HHs)					
(decrease).	# of work-able HHs	Expected # of work-able HHs	Actual # of work-able	Explanation to		
	receiving TANF prior	receiving TANF as of FYE	HHs receiving TANF	be provided		
	to implementation	-	as of FYE			
Data Source(s): E	mphasys					

<sup>1</sup> FY 2016 is the earliest year for which data is available.

Self-Suj	Self-Sufficiency #5: Households (HHs) Assisted by Services that Increase Self Sufficiency <sup>1</sup>					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?		
# of HHs receiving services aimed to	HHs receiving self sufficiency services prior to implementation of the activity (#) As of FY 2016: 13 (5% of 279 HHs)	Expected # of HHs receiving self sufficiency services after implementation of the activity (#) 13 (5% of 279 HHs)	Actual # of HHs receiving self sufficiency services after implementation of the activity (#) 13 (5% of 279 HHs)	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark. Yes		
increase self sufficiency (increase).	# of work-able HHs receiving self- sufficiency services prior to implementation of activity	Expected # of work-able HHs receiving self- sufficiency services as of FYE	Actual # of work-able HHs receiving self- sufficiency services as of FYE	Explanation to be provided		

Data Source(s): Special referral program partners

<sup>1</sup> FY 2016 is the earliest year for which data is available. LMHA tracks FSS participation for this metric. The special referral partner may offer additional self-sufficiency services.

Self-Suf	ficiency #6: Reducing P	er Unit Subsidy Costs fo	or Participating Household	ls (HHs)
Unit of Measurement	Baseline <sup>1</sup>	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?
Average amount of Section 8 &/or	Average subsidy per HH affected by this policy prior to implementation of the activity (\$)	Expected average subsidy per household affected by this policy after implementation of the activity (\$)	Actual average subsidy per household affected by this policy after implementation of the activity (\$)	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.
9 subsidies per HH affected by this policy in dollars (decrease).	As of FY 2016: \$617 Average monthly Section 8 subsidy per work-able HH prior to implementation of activity	\$617 Expected Section 8 subsidy per work-able HH as of FYE	\$617 Actual Section 8 subsidy per work-able HH as of FYE	Yes Explanation to be provided
Data Source(s): En	nphasys; PHA financial record	ls.		

<sup>1</sup> FY 2016 is the earliest year for which data is available.

	Self-Sufficiency #7: Increase in Agency Rental Revenue					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline <sup>1</sup>	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?		
PHA rental revenue in	PHA rental revenue prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars). N/A. LMHA realizes not	Expected PHA rental revenue after implementation of the activity (in dollars). rental revenue from the HCV F	Actual PHA rental revenue after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.		
dollars (increase).	N/A. LMHA realizes no rental revenue from the HCV Program.Gross annual rent revenue from work- able HHs prior to implementationExpected gross annual rent revenue from work-able HHs during FYActual gross annual rent revenue from work- able HHs during FYExplanation to be provided.					
Data Source(s): E	mphasys; PHA financial reco	rds.				

<sup>1</sup> FY 2016 is the earliest year for which data is available.

#### Self-Sufficiency #8. Households Transitioned to Self Sufficiency

Self-Sufficiency is defir	Self-Sufficiency is defined as "the ability of a non-disabled / non-elderly family to obtain and maintain suitable employment." <sup>1</sup>					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline <sup>2</sup>	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?		
Number of households transitioned to self sufficiency (increase). The PHA may create one or more definitions for "self sufficiency" to use for this metric. Each	Households transitioned to self sufficiency (< <pha definition of self- sufficiency&gt;&gt;) prior to implementation of the activity (number). This number may be zero.</pha 	Expected households transitioned to self sufficiency (< <pha definition of self- sufficiency&gt;&gt;) after implementation of the activity (number).</pha 	Actual households transitioned to self sufficiency (< <pha definition of self- sufficiency&gt;&gt;) after implementation of the activity (number).</pha 	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.		
time the PHA uses this metric, the "Outcome"	<b>As of FY 2016:</b> 32 (11% of 279 HHs)	32 (11% of 279 HHs)	32 (11% of 279 HHs)	Yes		
number should also be provided in Section (II) Operating Information in the space provided.	# of work-able HHs transitioned to self sufficiency annually prior to implementation	Anticipated # of work-able HHs transitioned to self sufficiency during FY	Actual # of work- able HHs transitioned to self sufficiency during FY	Explanation to be provided		

Data Source(s):Various
<sup>1</sup> "Employment" means the household is receiving earned income. "Suitable" is defined as annual gross earned income equal to or exceeding \$14,500 (the hourly minimum wage of \$7.25 multiplied by 2,000 hours).
<sup>2</sup> FY 2016 is the earliest year for which data is available.

	Housing Choice #3: Decrease in Wait List Time					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline <sup>1</sup>	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?		
Average applicant time on wait list in months	Average applicant time on wait list prior to implementation of the activity (in months). As of FY 2016: <1 month	Expected average applicant time on wait list after implementation of the activity (in months). <1 month	Actual average applicant time on wait list after implementation of the activity (in months). <1 month	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark. Yes		
months (decrease).	Average applicant time on wait list prior to implementation of the activity (in months).	Expected average applicant time on wait list after implementation of the activity (in months).	Actual average applicant time on wait list after implementation of the activity (in months).	Explanation to be provided		

Data Source(s): Emphasys

<sup>1</sup> FY 2016 is the earliest year for which data is available.

- *2.i. Rent Reform Hardship Requests* N/A. This activity does not include rent reform.
- *3. Benchmarks Not Achieved* N/A. All benchmarks were achieved.
- 4. *Revised Metrics* No baselines or benchmarks had previously been established for this activity.
- 5. *Changes to Data Collection Methodology* N/A. LMHA has not changed its data collection methodology.

A table summarizing LMHA's Special Referral Programs follows:

#### LMHA Special Referral MTW Voucher Programs Fiscal Year 2016

Organization	Site	Voucher Allocation	<b>FY Proposed</b> (FY Activity Approved, if different)	FY First Voucher Issued	Portable?	MTW Inspections?
100K Homes Initiative	N/A	50	2012	2012	Full portability.	No: Traditional inspection protocol.
Center for Women and Families	Villager	22	2005	2005	Full portability upon program completion.	Yes: For initial lease-up, C.O. was used. After initial move-in, with new occupant and once per year concurrently.
Choices, Inc.	Choices owned units	5	2014	2014	Full portability.	No: Traditional inspection protocol.
ChooseWell Communities	N/A	10	2016	2016	Full portability.	No: Traditional inspection protocol.
Coalition for the Homeless	N/A (Rapid Re- housing)	20	2012	2013	Full portability.	No: Traditional inspection protocol.
Day Spring	N/A (Move Up) Day Spring constructed units	100 4	2016 2009	2016 2009, 2012*	Full portability.	No: Traditional inspection protocol.
Family Scholar House	Louisville Downtown Stoddard Johnston Parkland + 5 off- site	56           54           57           53	2008 2010 2012 2012 Amended	2008 2011 2012 2012	- Full portability upon program completion.	Yes: For initial lease-up, C.O. was used. After initial move-in, with new occupant and once per year concurrently.
Kentucky Housing Corporation	N/A	10	2016	2016	Full portability.	No: Traditional inspection protocol.
Centerstone (formerly Seven Counties Services, Inc.)	N/A	50	2015	2015	Full portability.	No: Traditional inspection protocol.
, ,,	Youngland Avenue	5	2012	2012		
Wellspring	Bashford Manor/Newburg	8	2012	2013	Full portability.	No: Traditional inspection protocol.
	Ardery House	10	2016	2016		

\*Referral program suspended during FY2010 and FY2011.

#### **ACTIVITY #2-1999: MTW Unit Inspection Protocol**

- 1. Plan Year Approved and Implemented Activity #2-1999 was proposed and implemented in FY 1999.
- 2. Description and Impact

Many of LMHA's partners' residential facilities are newly constructed or renovated. As such, LMHA has used MTW authority to allow the certificate of occupancy to suffice for the initial move-in inspection in lieu of a traditional HQS inspection. This substitution has saved the Housing Authority thousands of dollars since Louisville Scholar House first came online in 2008, although this particular flexibility was not utilized during FY 2016.

Unit inspections of facilities that participate in HUD's Section 8 Moderate Rehabilitation Program and that are managed by organizations with which the Agency has had a long-term and outstanding relationship, are waived upon initial occupancy, and the agency has the authority to conduct inspections once per year concurrently. These properties include the Chestnut Street YMCA SRO; St. Vincent de Paul SRO; and Willow Place. This activity has significantly reduced costs to inspect the units "tied" to these programs. In FY 2016, LMHA used this activity to complete concurrent inspections at both the YMCA and at St. Vincent de Paul.

CE #1: Agency Cost Savings					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?	
	Cost of task prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Expected cost of task after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Actual cost of task after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.	
Total cost of task in dollars	As of FY 1998: Not available	\$976 (41 units * \$23.80) <sup>1</sup>	\$1,626 (65 units * \$25.01)	Yes	
(decrease).	Cost of inspecting Mod Rehab units prior to implementation of the activity (\$).	Expected cost of inspecting Mod Rehab units after implementation of the activity (\$).	Actual cost of inspecting Mod Rehab units after implementation of the activity (\$).	Explanation to be provided	

LMHA tracks the following HUD Standard Metrics for this activity:

Data Source(s): Emphasys; Staff logs; PHA financial records.

<sup>1</sup> Original benchmark only included 41 YMCA units.

	CE #2: Staff Time Savings					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?		
	Total amount of staff time dedicated to the task prior to implementation	Expected amount of total staff time dedicated to the task	Actual amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the		
Total time to complete the	of the activity (in hours).	after implementation of the activity (in hours).	implementation of the activity (in hours).	benchmark.		
task in staff hours	As of FY 1998: Not available	23.9 hours $(41 \text{ units } * 0.6 \text{ hours})^1$	39.0 hours (65 units * 0.6 hours)	Yes		
(decrease).	Staff time spent inspecting Mod Rehab units prior to	Expected staff time spent inspecting Mod Rehab units after	Actual staff time spent inspecting Mod Rehab units after	Explanation to be provided		
	implementation of the	implementation of the	implementation of the			

	activity (\$).	activity (\$).	activity (\$).			
Data Source(s): Emphasys: Staff logs: PHA financial records						

<sup>1</sup> Original benchmark only included 41 YMCA units.

	Cost Effectiveness #3: Decrease in Error Rate of Task Execution					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?		
	Average error rate of	Expected average error rate	Actual average error	Whether the		
	task prior to	of task after	rate of task after	outcome meets		
Average error	implementation of the	implementation of the	implementation of the	or exceeds the		
rate in	activity (percentage).	activity (percentage).	activity (percentage).	benchmark.		
completing a	As of FY 1998: Not	0%	0%	Yes		
task as a	available					
percentage	Average error rate of	Expected average error rate	Actual average error	Explanation to		
(decrease).	task prior to	of task after	rate of task after	be provided.		
	implementation of the	implementation of the	implementation of the			
	activity (percentage).	activity (percentage).	activity (percentage).			
Data Source(s): S	taff logs.					

- 2.*i. Rent Reform Hardship Requests* N/A. This activity does not include rent reform.
- 3. Benchmarks Not Achieved
  - N/A. All outcomes meet benchmark.
- *Revised Metrics* N/A. LMHA has not revised the metrics for this activity.
- 5. *Changes to Data Collection Methodology* N/A. LMHA has not changed its data collection methodology.

#### **ACTIVITY #27-2011: Amend HCV Admissions Policy to Allow for Deduction of Child-Care Expenses in Determination of Eligibility**

- 1. Plan Year Approved and Implemented Activity #27-2011 was proposed and implemented in FY 2011.
- 2. Description and Impact

LMHA amended its HCV program admissions policy to allow for the deduction of verified ongoing child-care expenses from a working household's gross income when determining income eligibility. In order to qualify for the adjustment, the family must include a head of household and/or spouse with a demonstrated work history for a period of 12 months or longer.

The pool of potential families eligible for the child-care deduction is very small. No families received the deduction during FY 2016. However, because of the potential benefit to working families, the agency believes the activity merits continuation.

SS #6: Reducing Per Unit Subsidy Costs for Participating Households (HHs)					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?	

Average amount of Section 8 subsidy per HH affected by this policy in	Average subsidy per HH affected by this policy prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars). <b>As of FY 2010:</b> N/A (No HHs affected by policy)	Expected average subsidy per HH affected by this policy after implementation of the activity (in dollars). \$542	Actual average subsidy per HH affected by this policy after implementation of the activity (in dollars). N/A (No HHs affected during FY)	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.
dollars (decrease).	Average subsidy per HH affected by this policy prior to implementation (\$) nphasys; PHA financial recor	Expected average subsidy per HH affected by this policy as of FYE after implementation (\$)	Actual average subsidy per HH affected by this policy as of FYE after implementation (\$)	Explanation to be provided

	SS #7: Increase in Agency Rental Revenue				
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?	
Rental	Rental revenue prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Expected rental revenue after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Actual rental revenue after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.	
revenue in	N/A. LMHA realizes no 1	rental revenue from the HCV	/ Program.		
dollars (increase).	<i>Sum</i> of annual rent revenue from HHs who received the deduction to determine eligibility.	Expected <i>sum</i> of annual rent revenue from HHs who received the deduction to determine eligibility as of FYE	Actual <i>sum</i> of annual rent revenue from HHs who received the deduction to determine eligibility as of FYE	Explanation to be provided.	
Data Source(s): E	mphasys; PHA financial reco	rds			

- 2.i. Rent Reform Hardship Requests N/A. This activity does not include rent reform.
- *3. Benchmarks Not Achieved* N/A. All benchmarks were achieved.
- 4. *Revised Metrics* No benchmarks had previously been established for this activity.
- 5. *Changes to Data Collection Methodology* N/A. LMHA has not changed its data collection methodology.

#### ACTIVITY #39-2014: HCV Program Rent Increase Limit

- 1. Plan Year Approved and Implemented Activity #39-2014 was proposed and implemented in FY 2014.
- 2. Description and Impact

This activity places a 2% cap on annual contract rent increases for units where the tenant is already receiving HCV rental assistance. At contract renewal, LMHA will limit the landlord's requested rent to whichever is least: 102% of the previous contract rent for the same tenant; to the maximum permitted by the payment standard; or to the rent as determined through a rent reasonableness analysis.

	SS #6: Reducing Per Unit Subsidy Costs for Participating Households				
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?	
Average amount of Section 8	Average subsidy per household affected by this policy prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Expected average subsidy per household affected by this policy after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Actual average subsidy per household affected by this policy after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.	
subsidy per	<b>As of FY 2014:</b> \$526 <sup>1</sup>	\$542	\$542	Yes	
household affected by this policy in dollars (decrease).	Average subsidy per MTW HCV HH prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars) prior to implementation.	Expected average subsidy per household affected by this policy after implementation of the activity (in dollars) as of FYE.	Actual average subsidy per household affected by this policy after implementation of the activity (in dollars) as of FYE.	Explanation to be provided	

The LMHA tracks the following HUD Standard Metrics for this activity:

Data Source(s): Emphasys; PHA financial records <sup>1</sup> FY 2014 is the earliest year for which data is available.

SS #7: Increase in Agency Rental Revenue				
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?
Rental revenue	Rental revenue prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Expected rental revenue after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Actual rental revenue after implementation of the activity (in dollars).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.
in dollars	N/A. LMHA realizes no	o rental revenue from the HC	V Program.	
(increase).	<i>Sum</i> of annual rental revenue from HHs affected by this policy	Expected <i>sum</i> of annual rental revenue from HHs affected by this policy during FY	Actual <i>sum</i> of annual rental revenue from HHs affected by this policy during FY	Explanation to be provided
Data Source(s): En	nphasys; PHA financial rec	ords		•

#### 2.i. Rent Reform Hardship Requests

N/A. This activity does not include rent reform.

3. Benchmarks Not Achieved N/A. All benchmarks were achieved.

#### 4. Revised Metrics No baselines or benchmarks had previously been established for this activity.

5. Changes to Data Collection Methodology N/A. LMHA has not changed its data collection methodology.

### A.8 Local, Non-Traditional Housing Programs

#### ACTIVITY #37-2014: Accessible Units Sublease Agreement with Frazier Rehab Institute

1. Plan Year Approved and Implemented Activity #39-2014 was proposed and implemented in FY 2014.

#### 2. Description and Impact

This activity allows LMHA to sublease two fully accessible units at the Liberty Green Community Center as temporary housing for low-income families that include a member who is a Spinal Cord Injury (SCI) out-patient at Frazier Rehab Institute. The units are transitional housing provided for up to six months per family. The Community Center is ideally located one-half mile from the Frazier Rehab Institute. Frazier Rehab leases the apartments from LMHA and pays the cost of all utilities. Frazier Rehab's rent is set at \$210 per month (or roughly 30% of monthly SSI for one person), and Frazier Rehab has agreed to pass on no more than 100% of the rent plus utilities to the tenant (the sub lessee). Frazier Rehab uses a modified version of LMHA's public housing lease as its tenant sublease and has established a hardship policy to define circumstances under which households may be exempted or temporarily waived from the rent Frazier Rehab may charge to the sub lessee. Examples could include involuntary loss of income or unexpected medical expenses. Frazier Rehab also refers sub lessees to area service providers, including the Center for Accessible Living (Kentucky's first Independent Living Center), who can assist households as they prepare to move-out.

Often, the only housing option for SCI patients is a room at one of the extended stay hotels located at the edge of the city. A room can cost the patient and their family hundreds of dollars per week in addition to any travel costs they may have incurred coming to Louisville for treatment. For low-income families needing treatment, securing and paying for housing can be a great burden. Through this unique partnership, LMHA increases housing options for these families. In addition, the activity achieves greater cost effectiveness in federal expenditures. LMHA had been experiencing difficulty leasing the two fully-accessible apartments to applicants on the public housing waitlist; consequently the units had been vacant. Under this activity, Frazier Rehab subleases the units to out-patients of the program and pays LMHA \$210 per month for each unit, increasing the number of families served and rental revenue for the agency.

In FY 2016, LMHA served three households through this activity.

	CE #2: Staff Time Savings <sup>1</sup>					
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?		
Total time to complete the task in staff	Total amount of staff time dedicated to the task prior to implementation of the activity (in hours). As of FY 2013: 0 hr	Expected amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after implementation of the activity (in hours). 0 hr (0.0 hr * 6 HHs)	Actual amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after implementation of the activity (in hours). 0 hr (0.0 hr * 3 HHs)	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.		
hours (decrease).	(units were vacant)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	· · · · ·	Employed in to be		
	Total amount of staff time dedicated to the task prior to	Expected amount of total staff time dedicated to the task	Actual amount of total staff time dedicated to the task after	Explanation to be provided		

LMHA tracks the following HUD Standard Metrics for this activity:

	implementation of the	after implementation of	implementation of the	
	activity (in hours).	the activity (in hours).	activity (in hours).	
$\mathbf{D} \cdot \mathbf{Q}$		• • •		

Data Source(s): Emphasys; Staff logs; PHA financial records

<sup>1</sup> LMHA estimates approximately 3 hours of staff time to perform new applicant "intake" tasks are saved per participant household.

Ног	Housing Choice #1: Additional Units of Housing Made Available									
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?						
Number of new housing units made available for	Housing units of this type prior to implementation of the activity (#). This # may be zero.	Expected housing units of this type after implementation of the activity (#).	Actual housing units of this type after implementation of the activity (#).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.						
	As of FY 2013: 0	2	2	Yes						
households at or below 80% AMI that include a member with a Spinal Cord Injury (increase).	Housing units of this type prior to implementation of the activity (#). This #may be zero.	Expected housing units of this type after implementation of the activity (#).	Actual housing units of this type after implementation of the activity (#).	Explanation to be provided						
Data Source(s): PIC		·								

- 2.*i. Rent Reform Hardship Requests* N/A. This activity does not include rent reform.
- 3. Benchmarks Not Achieved N/A. All benchmarks were achieved.
- 4. *Revised Metrics* Baseline for metric CE#2 had previously been reported as "N/A."
- 5. *Changes to Data Collection Methodology* N/A. LMHA has not changed its data collection methodology.

#### ACTIVITY #29-2015: Public Housing Sublease Agreement with YouthBuild Louisville

- Plan Year Approved and Implemented Activity #29-2015 was originally proposed in FY 2011, but not approved by HUD as LMHA lacked Broader Use of Funds authorization at that time. The activity was re-proposed, approved by HUD, and implemented in FY 2015.
- 2. Description and Impact

This activity allows YouthBuild Louisville (YBL) to sublease public housing units to provide temporary housing for low-income YBL participants who are experiencing homelessness. LMHA subleases up to three 2-bedroom apartments for the use of YBL participants (and their families). Units are provided to YBL on an as needed basis.

For unemployed young people who left high school without a diploma, YBL is an opportunity to reclaim their educations, gain the skills they need for employment, and become leaders in their communities. YBL serves low or very-low income youth, ages 16-24, who have dropped out of high school or are basic skills deficient, and, are a foster care recipient or have aged out of care,

and/or a youthful or adult offender, a youth possessing a disability and/or a child of an incarcerated parent or a migrant youth. They are trained in small cohorts of 35 youth each year with one additional year of job placement, higher education assistance, community mentoring, and social service support. Youth receive individual and group education to complete their GED and/or high school diploma and pre-college curriculum, while all gain construction skills through the Homebuilders Institute Pre Apprenticeship Certificate Training (PACT) with additional elective certifications in green construction, weatherization and facilities maintenance, and pre-nursing certification through the American Red Cross and Norton Healthcare.

Participant housing is not a traditional component of the YBL program. For many students, maintaining stable housing is not a struggle; however, some participants are homeless or may become homeless. The sublease agreement between YBL and LMHA ensures that these young people have a place to call home so they are able to make the most of this unique learning opportunity.

For each month a unit is occupied by a YBL program participant, YBL pays LMHA \$60. YBL certifies that students are income eligible upon entry to the YBL program through the application process and follow-up verification through local and state subsidy programs. The participant and their household may continue to live in the unit as long as they are active in the YBL program. Upon graduation, the household may elect to receive preference for a public housing unit.

All participants residing in the subleased public housing units must meet basic Public Housing Program eligibility criteria (no outstanding rent balance with LMHA or other public housing authority, criminal background check, age 18 or older). LMHA staff verifies that the YBL program participant is eligible for this MTW initiative.

In FY 2016, LMHA served one household through this activity.

LMHA tracks the following HUD Standard Metrics for this activity:

	Self-Sufficiency #1: Increase in Household (HH) Income									
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Baseline Benchmark		Benchmark Achieved?						
Average earned income of HHs affected by this policy in dollars (increase).	Average earned income of HHs affected by this policy prior to implementation of the activity (in dollars). As of FY2014: N/A	Expected average earned income of HHs affected by this policy after implementation of the activity (in dollars). \$0	Actual average earned income of HHs affected by this policy after implementation of the activity (in dollars). \$0. Participants do not receive wages. Instead, they receive a stipend of \$100/week	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.						
(increase).	Average annual gross earned income prior to implementation	Expected average annual gross earned income during FY	Actual average annual gross earned income during FY	Explanation to be provided						

<sup>1</sup> The YouthBuild Louisville participant who lived at Beecher Terrace during FY 2016 graduated from the program during the fiscal year. At the time she graduated from the program, her earned income was \$0. Participants are not required to report their income following graduation. However, the participant does now have earned income as she is employed full-time.

Self-Sufficiency #3: Increase in Positive Outcomes in Employment Status

Report the Baseline, Benchmark and Outcome data for each type of employment status for those head(s) of households (HHs) affected by the self-sufficiency activity.

Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark <sup>1</sup>	Outcome <sup>2</sup>	Benchmark Achieved?
Report the following	Head(s) of HHs in	Expected head(s) of	Actual head(s) of	Whether the
information	< <category name="">&gt;</category>	HHs in < <category< th=""><th>HHs in &lt;<category< th=""><th>outcome meets</th></category<></th></category<>	HHs in < <category< th=""><th>outcome meets</th></category<>	outcome meets
separately for each	prior to implementation	name>> after	name>> after	or exceeds the
category:	of the activity (#). This #	implementation of	implementation of the	benchmark.
	may be zero.	the activity (#).	activity (#).	
(1) Employed Full-	As of FY2014: 0	0	1	Yes
Time				
(2) Employed Part-	As of FY2014: 0	0	0	Yes
Time				
(3) Enrolled in an	As of FY2014: 0	1	1	Yes
Educational				
Program				
(4) Enrolled in Job	As of FY2014: 0	1	1	Yes
Training Program				
(5) Unemployed	As of FY2014: 0	1	0	Yes
(6) Other	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	# of HHs in < <category< th=""><th>Expected # of HHs in</th><th>Actual # of total HHs</th><th>Explanation to</th></category<>	Expected # of HHs in	Actual # of total HHs	Explanation to
	name>> prior to	< <category name="">&gt;</category>	in < <category< th=""><th>be provided.</th></category<>	be provided.
	implementation of	as of FYE	name>> as of FYE	
	activity			

<sup>1</sup>Benchmark based on FY 2015 actuals. <sup>2</sup> The YouthBuild Louisville participant who lived at Beecher Terrace during FY 2016 graduated from the program during the fiscal year, and is now employed full-time. She is still enrolled in education/job training programs, as she is both studying environmental education and pursuing a welding certification.

Self-Su	Self-Sufficiency #5: Households (HHs) Assisted by Services that Increase Self Sufficiency									
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?						
Number (#) of HHs receiving services aimed to	HHs receiving self sufficiency services prior to implementation of the activity (#).	Expected # of HHs receiving self sufficiency services after implementation of the activity (#).	Actual # of HHs receiving self sufficiency services after implementation of the activity (#).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.						
	As of FY 2014: 0	1	1	Yes						
increase self sufficiency (increase).	# of HHs receiving self- sufficiency services prior to implementation of activity	Expected # of HHs receiving self- sufficiency services during FY	Actual # of HHs receiving self- sufficiency services during FY	Explanation to be provided						

Self-Suj	Self-Sufficiency #8: Households (HHs) Transitioned to Self Sufficiency								
Self-Sufficiency is defined as "the ability of a non-disabled / non-elderly family to obtain and maintain suitable									
	em	ployment." <sup>1</sup>	1	1					
Unit of MeasurementBaselineBenchmarkOutcomeBenchm Achiev									
Number (#) of HHs transitioned to self sufficiency (increase). The PHA may create one or more definitions for "self sufficiency" to use for this metric. Each time	HHs transitioned to self sufficiency (< <pha definition of self- sufficiency&gt;&gt;) prior to implementation of the activity (#). This # may be zero.</pha 	Expected HHs transitioned to self sufficiency (< <pha definition of self- sufficiency&gt;&gt;) after implementation of the activity (#).</pha 	Actual HHs transitioned to self sufficiency (< <pha definition of self- sufficiency&gt;&gt;) after implementation of the activity (#).</pha 	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.					
the PHA uses this metric,	As of FY 2014: 0	0	1	Yes					

the "Outcome" # should	# of HHs transitioned to	Expected # of HHs	Actual # of HHs	Explanation
also be provided in	self-sufficiency prior to	transitioned to self-	transitioned to self-	to be
Section (II) Operating	implementation	sufficiency during	sufficiency during	provided
Information in the space	_	FY	FY	-
provided.				

<sup>1</sup> "Employment" means the household is receiving earned income. "Suitable" is defined as annual gross earned income equal to or exceeding \$14,500 (the hourly minimum wage as \$7.25 multiplied by 2,000 hours).

	Housing Choice #5: Increase in Resident Mobility									
Unit of Measurement	Baseline	Benchmark	Outcome	Benchmark Achieved?						
Number (#) of households (HHs) able to move to a better unit and/or	HHs able to move to a better unit and/or neighborhood of opportunity prior to implementation of the activity (#). This # may be zero.	Expected HHs able to move to a better unit and/or neighborhood of opportunity after implementation of the activity (#).	Actual increase in HHs able to move to a better unit and/or neighborhood of opportunity after implementation of the activity (#).	Whether the outcome meets or exceeds the benchmark.						
neighborhood	As of FY 2014: 0	1	1	Yes						
of opportunity as a result of the activity (increase).	# of HHs able to move to a better unit and/or neighborhood of opportunity prior to implementation.	# of HHs able to move to a better unit and/or neighborhood of opportunity during FY	# of HHs able to move to a better unit and/or neighborhood of opportunity during FY	Explanation to be provided						

- 2.i. Rent Reform Hardship Requests N/A. This activity does not include rent reform.
- 3. Benchmarks Not Achieved N/A. All benchmarks were achieved.
- 4. Revised Metrics

No benchmarks had previously been established for this activity.

5. *Changes to Data Collection Methodology* N/A. LMHA ha s not changed its data collection methodology.

### **B.** Not Yet Implemented MTW Activities

For each not yet implemented activity, LMHA has provided:

- 1) The Plan Year in which the activity was first approved; and
- 2) Discussion of any actions taken toward implementation during the fiscal year.

# ACTIVITY #28-2011: Locally Defined Guidelines for Development, Maintenance and Modernization of Public Housing

- 1. *Plan Year Approved and Implemented* Activity #28-2011 was proposed and approved in FY 2011. It has not yet been implemented.
- 2. Actions Toward Implementation

The activity is to explore using MTW authority to create locally defined guidelines for the development (including rehabilitation), maintenance and modernization of public housing. During FY 2016, LMHA continued to research reasonable and modest design guidelines, unit size guidelines and unit amenity guidelines that could be used for new public housing development activities. LMHA is also investigating how to incorporate green maintenance practices in addition to environmentally friendly and energy efficient design standards.

As part of this process, LMHA is examining innovative ways to provide one-for-one replacement of the 758 Beecher Terrace public housing units, including the potential use of locally defined guidelines for the development, maintenance, and modernization of public housing. The agency plans to submit a Transformation Plan for the Russell neighborhood and Beecher Terrace to HUD in January 2017. Any locally defined guidelines resulting from the Choice planning process would be officially proposed to HUD through the Housing Authority's FY 2018 MTW Annual Plan, and implemented during FY 2018.

If LMHA decides not to pursue locally defined guidelines in conjunction with the redevelopment of Beecher Terrace, this activity may be closed out during FY 2018.

### C. MTW Activities On-Hold

For each activity on-hold, LMHA has provided:

- 1) Description, including the Plan Year in which the activity was first approved, implemented and placed on-hold; and
- 2) Any actions that were taken toward reactivating the activity.

#### **ACTIVITY #25-2010: Public Housing Sublease Agreement with Catholic Charities**

#### 1. Description

Activity #25-2010 was proposed and implemented in FY 2010. The activity was placed on-hold in 2012.

HUD OGC investigated the use of public housing as emergency housing for victims of human trafficking and found that it was not feasible under MTW to permit families who could not produce valid identification to live in public housing communities.

2. Actions Taken Toward Reactivation

This activity will remain on hold until a resolution, allowing victims of human trafficking to receive much-needed housing assistance, can be reached.

## **D.** Closed Out MTW Activities

For closed out activity, LMHA has provided:

- 1. The Plan Year in which the activity was first approved and implemented (if applicable) and a description of the activity;
- 2. The year the activity was closed out; and
- 3. For activities closed out during FY 2016,
  - i. Discussion of the final outcome and lessons learned
  - ii. Description of any statutory exceptions outside of the current MTW flexibilities that might have provided additional benefit for this activity
  - iii. Summary table, listing outcomes from each year of the activity (since the execution of the Standard MTW Agreement); and
  - iv. Narrative for additional explanations about outcomes reported in the summary table.

#### **ACTIVITY #21-2010: Mandatory Case Management in New Scattered Site Units**

- 1. Plan Year Approved and Implemented; Activity Description
  - Many of LMHA's Scattered Sites are highly desirable properties, especially the single family houses newly acquired or constructed through the agency's recent HOPE VI revitalization efforts. The amenities and existing low rent structure may in some instances discourage residents from moving out of the unit towards self-sufficiency. In FY 2007, LMHA proposed and implemented pilot term limits and work/education requirements. Mandatory case management for residents of these units was proposed and implemented in FY 2010.

Until FY 2016, the following rules applied to these units:

- All adult residents were required to participate in an approved case management program and meet annual self-sufficiency goals as defined in their case management plan. This requirement could be fulfilled by participating in LMHA's Family Self-Sufficiency (FSS) Program or in the Housing Authority's Individual Development Account (IDA) program; and
- The units carried a five-year residency term limit.

In contrast, the following requirement continues to apply to these units:

• All adult family members who are neither elderly nor disabled must either work a minimum of 20 hours per week or be full-time students.

Any family containing an adult who falls/fell out of compliance with either the work/education or case management requirement above for a period of more than 90 calendar days is/was transferred to another public housing unit within the LMHA's public housing stock that does not have these requirements, when a unit of the appropriate size becomes/became available.

Before the residency term limits were lifted in FY 2016, families reaching five-years of occupancy were required to either relinquish their assistance or transfer to a non-scatteredsite public housing unit. Families who had made significant progress toward their selfsufficiency goals, but were not quite ready to enter the private housing market, were able to request a temporary extension to the residency time limit. LMHA worked with each family granted an extension to update all outstanding goal dates in their case management plan, and to determine when the temporary residency extension would expire. LMHA reserved the right to revoke the family's residency extension at any point if the family failed to complete remaining self-sufficiency goals in a manner consistent with the updated case management plan.

Because employment/education requirements, mandatory case management, and five-year term limits were inextricably linked until mandatory case management and term limits were eliminated during FY 2016, over the years LMHA has reported the outcomes for all three interventions using a single set of metrics. Please note that the agency is unable to determine how much each intervention separately influenced the outcomes.

- 2. Plan Year Closed Out FY 2016
- 3. In the year the activity was closed out provide the following:
  - *i.* Final outcomes and lessons learned

The three interventions imposed (work/education requirements, mandatory case management, and five-year term limits) have been successful at moving families toward self-sufficiency. At FYE 2016, the employment rate for non-elderly/non-disabled households was two times the rate across all of the agency's public housing (74% versus 37% reported earned income), and average earned income was more than 2.5 times as high (\$17,660 for affected households versus \$6,834 across all public housing). Average monthly rent payments for all families living in these units were also higher (\$325 versus \$165), reducing the agency's per unit subsidy costs for participating households.

However, LMHA continuously struggled to maintain a high level of occupancy at these units, with three-bedroom units especially hard to fill, leading the Housing Authority to create an admissions preference for qualified three-bedroom-eligible families in 2014. Unfortunately, the new preference did not lead to a substantial improvement in occupancy levels, and by 2015, staff was considering additional measures to improve occupancy.

As employment levels for these families had been consistently high (more than 60% have reported earnings each year), LMHA staff did not believe that the employment/education requirement was the determining factor dissuading families from occupying these units. Instead, staff reached a consensus decision that term limits and mandatory case management requirements were the primary causes, and the agency lifted these requirements during FY 2016.

It remains to be seen whether occupancy levels will increase now that case management requirements and the term limit interventions have been discontinued. LMHA will continue to track the effect of the remaining work/education requirement through its ongoing reporting of Activity #9-2007.

- *ii.* Statutory exceptions outside of MTW that would have provided additional benefit None.
- iii. Summary table of outcomes from each year of the activity

LMHA tracked the following HUD Standard Metrics for Activity #9-2007, the **outcomes** of which are summarized below by fiscal year. Self-sufficiency metrics exclude elderly and disabled families.

Self-Sufficiency #1: Increase in Household Income <sup>1</sup>								
FY 2010 FY 2011 FY 2012 FY 2013 FY 2014 FY 2015 FY 2016								
Not tracked	Not tracked Not tracked Not tracked \$16,959 \$16,959 \$17,660							
Data Source(s): F	Emphasys: PIC							

Table summarizes annual outcomes by fiscal year. Outcomes equal actual average gross annual earned income of nonelderly/non-disabled families in affected units at FYE. Both the FY 2014 and FY 2015 Annual Report were submitted in mid-2015. As LMHA does not have access to historic data for the public housing program (Historic data is overwritten with each new certification.), both reports relied on the same household data.

Self-Sufficiency #2: Increase in Household Savings <sup>1</sup>								
FY 2010 FY 2011 FY 2012 FY 2013 FY 2014 FY 2015 FY 2016								
Not tracked Not tracked Not tracked \$3,310 \$3,031								
Data Source(s): T	recking at a Gland	9						

Data Source(s): Tracking-at-a-Glance <sup>1</sup> Table summarizes annual outcomes by fiscal year. Outcomes equal average value of FSS/IDA escrow accounts held by families residing in affected units at FYE.

Self-Sufficiency #3: Increase in Positive Outcomes in Employment Status <sup>1</sup>									
Status	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016 <sup>3</sup>		
(1) Employed Full-	61 (78%)	63 (80%)	61 (79%)	77 (73%)	49 (44%)	49 (44%)	78 (74%)		
Time <sup>2</sup>									
(2) Employed Part-					20 (18%)	20 (18%)			
Time <sup>2</sup>									
(3) Enrolled in an	Not	Not tracked	Not tracked	Not tracked	9 (8%)	9 (8%)	At least 2		
Educational Program	tracked								
(4) Enrolled in Job	Not	Not tracked	Not tracked	Not tracked	2 (2%)	2 (2%)	At least 1		
Training Program	tracked								
(5) Unemployed	17 (22%)	15 (20%)	16 (21%)	29 (27%)	31 (28%)	31 (28%)	28 (26%)		
(6) Other	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Total Number of	78	78	77	106	111	111	106		
Households									

Data Source(s): Tracking-at-a-Glance; Emphasys

Table summarizes annual outcomes by fiscal year. Outcomes equal number of heads of household (non-elderly/non-disabled families only) in each employment status category at FYE. Both the FY 2014 and FY 2015 Annual Report were submitted in mid-2015. As LMHA does not have access to historic data for the public housing program (Historic data is overwritten with each new certification.), both reports relied on the same household data.

<sup>2</sup> Although LMHA did not track part-time vs. full-time employment until FY 2014, the agency did track income from earnings in FY 2010 – FY 2013. Households reporting any income from earnings at FYE are reported as "Employed" (categories 1 & 2 combined) while households with no earned income are reported as "Unemployed" (Category 5).

<sup>3</sup> In FY 2016, LMHA only tracked categories 1-4 above for households enrolled in case management or in the FSS Program. While full-time vs. part-time employment was not tracked for all households, LMHA did track income from earnings. During FY 2016, seventy-eight (74%) of 106 non-elderly / non-disabled heads of household had income from earnings, while 28 (26%) reported no income from earnings.

Self-Sufficiency #4: Households Removed from Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) <sup>1</sup>								
FY 2010 FY 2011 FY 2012 FY 2013 FY 2014 FY 2015 FY 2016								
Not tracked	Not tracked	Not tracked	Not tracked	7 (6% of 111	7 (6% of 111	2 (2% of 106		
				HHs)	HHs)	HHs)		
Data Source(s): E	Imphasys							

Data Source(s): Emphasys

<sup>1</sup> Table summarizes annual outcomes by fiscal year. Outcomes equal number of non-elderly/non-disabled families in affected units receiving TANF income at FYE. Both the FY 2014 and FY 2015 Annual Report were submitted in mid-2015. As LMHA does not have access to historic data for the public housing program (Historic data is overwritten with each new certification.), both reports relied on the same household data.

Self-Sufficiency #5: Households Assisted by Services that Increase Self Sufficiency <sup>1</sup>								
FY 2010	<b>FY 2011<sup>2</sup></b>	FY 2012 <sup>2</sup>	<b>FY 2013<sup>2</sup></b>	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016		
36 (36% of	79 (83% of 95	84 (83% of	97 (79% of	98 (88% of	98 (88% of	20 (19% of		
100 HHs)	HHs)	101 HHs)	123 HHs)	111 HHs)	111 HHs)	106 HHs)		
Data Source(s): 7	Fracking-at-a-Glanc	e: Emphasys						

<sup>1</sup> Table summarizes annual outcomes by fiscal year. Outcomes equal number of non-elderly/non-disabled households in affected units participating in the FSS Program or in LMHA case management services at FYE. Both the FY 2014 and FY 2015 Annual Report were submitted in mid-2015. As LMHA does not have access to historic data for the public housing program (Historic data is overwritten with each new certification.), both reports relied on the same household data.

<sup>2</sup> Outcomes for FY 2011 – FY 2013 include elderly and disabled families.

Self-Sufficiency #6: Reducing Per Unit Subsidy Costs for Participating Households <sup>1</sup>									
FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016			
Not tracked	Not tracked	Not tracked	Not tracked	\$6,108	\$6,108	\$1,078			
Data Source(s): E	Data Source(s): Emphasys; PHA financial records								

Table summarizes annual outcomes by fiscal year. Outcomes equal average annual subsidy per affected unit. Both the FY 2014 and FY 2015 Annual Report were submitted in mid-2015. As LMHA does not have access to historic data for the public housing program (Historic data is overwritten with each new certification.), both reports relied on the same household data. FY 2016 outcome is calculated only for units occupied by non-elderly/non-disabled units and as follows: Average of [Prorated Project Expense Level - (Gross Rent - Utility Allowance)]. Outcome appears to have been calculated using a different formula in fiscal years 2014/2015.

Self-Sufficiency #7: Increase in Agency Rental Revenue <sup>1</sup>									
FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016			
Not tracked	Not tracked	Not tracked	Not tracked	\$368,316	\$368,316	\$413,532			
Data Source(s): F	Data Source(s): Emphasys								

Table summarizes annual outcomes by fiscal year. Outcomes equal gross annual rental revenue from affected units. Both the FY 2014 and FY 2015 Annual Report were submitted in mid-2015. As LMHA does not have access to historic data for the public housing program (Historic data is overwritten with each new certification.), both reports relied on the same household data

Self-Sufficiency #8: Households Transitioned to Self Sufficiency <sup>1</sup>									
FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016			
Not tracked	Not tracked	Not tracked	Not tracked	56 (50% of	56 (50% of	55 (52% of			
				111 HHs)	111 HHs)	106 HHs)			

Data Source(s): Emphasys

Table summarizes annual outcomes by fiscal year. Outcomes equal number of non-elderly/non-disabled families that met LMHA's definition of "self-sufficiency" at FYE. LMHA considers families reporting at least \$14,500 in earned income annually (\$7.25 hourly minimum wage \* 2,000 hours) to be self-sufficient. Both the FY 2014 and FY 2015 Annual Report were submitted in mid-2015. As LMHA does not have access to historic data for the public housing program (Historic data is overwritten with each new certification.), both reports relied on the same household data.

Housing Choice #3: Decrease in Wait List Time <sup>1</sup>									
FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016			
Not tracked	Not tracked	Not tracked	Not tracked	28 months	28 months	1 month			
Data Source(s): E	Data Source(s): Emphasys; Scattered site waitlist records								

<sup>1</sup> Table summarizes annual outcomes by fiscal year. Outcomes equal average waitlist time in months for eligible families requesting to move to an affected units during FY. Both the FY 2014 and FY 2015 Annual Report were submitted in mid-2015. As LMHA does not have access to historic data for the public housing program (Historic data is overwritten with each new certification.), both reports relied on the same household data.

iv. Narrative for additional explanations about outcomes reported above. LMHA did not report HUD Standard Metrics until FY 2014, so many outcomes are not available for earlier years.

#### **ACTIVITY #24-2010: Increased Flat Rents**

- Plan Year Approved and Implemented; Activity Description
   LMHA proposed this initiative in the 2010 Annual Plan, and it was approved by HUD that year.
   LMHA proposed flat rents for the Agency's scattered sites be raised and adjusted based on the
   square footage, location, age and amenities at the property as rent comparables for the site were
   completed. LMHA decided not to implement this activity, and flat rents have since been raised
   across all of the agency's public housing units to meet HUD's recent requirement that PHAs set flat
   rents to at least 80% of FMR.
- 2. Plan Year Closed Out FY 2011

#### **ACTIVITY #5-2007: Spatial Deconstruction of HCV Assisted Units**

- Plan Year Approved and Implemented; Activity Description
   LMHA proposed this initiative in the FY 2007 Annual Plan, and it was approved by HUD that year.
   The activity was to limit the concentration of HCV-assisted units in complexes of one hundred or
   more units to 25% (excluding both elderly/disabled and special referral program sites). The goals of
   the activity were two-fold: to increase the number of communities in exception rent areas where
   voucher holders live, and to decrease the number of assisted units in large properties that already
   exceeded the 25% cap.
- 2. Plan Year Closed Out FY 2009

#### ACTIVITY #33-2012: Rents Set at 30% of Adjusted Income – Public Housing Program

- Plan Year Approved and Implemented; Activity Description
  Proposed and approved in the FY 2012 Plan, LMHA proposed that families receiving rental
  assistance under the Public Housing program would pay either 30% of their monthly adjusted
  income for rent, or the minimum rent established by the LMHA, whichever was higher. Upon
  further consideration, because the Housing Authority's housing stock includes tax credit units,
  LMHA considered amending the activity to include "ceiling rents" that would vary by bedroom
  size and that would be set in accordance with the annual tax-credit ceiling rents, as published by the
  Kentucky Housing Corporation (KHC). KHC is the tax credit allocating agency for the
  Commonwealth of Kentucky. However, this significant change was never submitted to HUD.
  Rather, in 2014, LMHA raised flat rents to conform to new HUD regulations mandating that PHAs
  set flat rents to at least 80% of FMR.
- 2. Plan Year Closed Out FY 2014

#### **ACTIVITY #16-2009: Explore HUD's Streamlined Demolition and Disposition Application Process for MTW Agencies**

1. Plan Year Approved and Implemented; Activity Description

Proposed and approved in the FY 2009 Plan, this activity was never implemented. HUD investigated the possibility of streamlined demolition/disposition activities for MTW agencies but found that it was not feasible under MTW. Out of concern for residents' rights and the public process, HUD decided that MTW agencies must follow the established procedures for demolition and disposition of property.

#### 2. Plan Year Closed Out

This activity was officially closed-out FY 2014

## V. Sources and Uses of Funds

Actual Sources and Uses of MTW Funding for the Fiscal Year           PHAs shall submit their unaudited and audited information in the prescribed FDS format through the Financial           Assessment System - PHA (FASPHA), or its successor system           Describe the Activities that Used Only MTW Single Fund Flexibility           Describe the Activities that Used Only MTW Single Fund Flexibility           Describe the Activities that Used Only MTW Single Fund Flexibility           LMHA used MTW single fund flexibility to transfer approx. \$2,548,000 from the HCV Program to the Public Housing Program was funded at 85.36% of eligibility for 2015, and at 89.76% of eligibility for 2016 (six months of each calendar year affects LMHA's fiscal year ending June 30, 2016).           2. LMHA attempts to manage all of its public housing AMPs at a high level and maintain a balanced operating program the evel deemed necessary by LMHA.           Akthough LMHA utilizes the funding flexibility available through the MTW Program, the Housing Authority adheres o all statutes and regulations relative to HUD's asset management program. All budgeting and reporting within the Public Housing Program is done on an individual site basis, and LMHA utilizes a "fee for service" methodology that charges the sites only for the services they receive.           During FY 2016, LMHA also used MTW single fund flexibility in conjunction with the agency's HOPE VI revitalization of Sheppard Square, as follows:           1. \$1,520,000 bridge loan for adaptive rehab of historic Presbyterian Community Center (on-site replacement nousing)           2. \$1,088,893 Powerhouse Lane unit acquisition (off-site)           3. \$24,0		A. MTW Report: Sources and Uses of MTW Funds
PHAs shall submit their unaudited and audited information in the prescribed FDS format through the Financial Assessment System - PHA (FASPHA), or its successor system Describe the Activities that Used Only MTW Single Fund Flexibility LMHA used MTW single fund flexibility to transfer approx. \$2,548,000 from the HCV Program to the Public Housing Program. This transfer was necessary for the following reasons: 1. Operating subsidy for the Public Housing Program was funded at 85.36% of eligibility for 2015, and at 89.76% of eligibility for 2016 (six months of each calendar year affects LMHA's fiscal year ending June 30, 2016). 2. LMHA attempts to manage all of its public housing AMPs at a high level and maintain a balanced operating sudget at each. The HUD approved project expense levels for most AMPs do not adequately provide for management services at the level deemed necessary by LMHA. Although LMHA utilizes the funding flexibility available through the MTW Program, the Housing Authority adheres to all statutes and regulations relative to HUD's asset management program. All budgeting and reporting within the Public Housing Program is done on an individual site basis, and LMHA utilizes a "fee for service" methodology that charges the sites only for the services they receive. During FY 2016, LMHA also used MTW single fund flexibility in conjunction with the agency's HOPE VI revitalization of Sheppard Square, as follows: 1. \$1,520,000 bridge loan for adaptive rehab of historic Presbyterian Community Center (on-site replacement tousing) 2. \$1,088,893 Powerhouse Lane unit acquisition (off-site) 3. \$549,000 La Fontenay unit acquisition (off-site) 4. \$1,140,000 Newbridge Road unit acquisition (off-site)		Actual Sources and Uses of MTW Funding for the Fiscal Year
Assessment System - PHA (FASPHA), or its successor system  Describe the Activities that Used Only MTW Single Fund Flexibility  LMHA used MTW single fund flexibility to transfer approx. \$2,548,000 from the HCV Program to the Public Housing Program. This transfer was necessary for the following reasons:  Operating subsidy for the Public Housing Program was funded at 85.36% of eligibility for 2015, and at 89.76% of eligibility for 2016 (six months of each calendar year affects LMHA's fiscal year ending June 30, 2016).  LMHA attempts to manage all of its public housing AMPs at a high level and maintain a balanced operating pudget at each. The HUD approved project expense levels for most AMPs do not adequately provide for nanagement services at the level deemed necessary by LMHA.  Athough LMHA utilizes the funding flexibility available through the MTW Program, the Housing Authority adheres o all statutes and regulations relative to HUD's asset management program. All budgeting and reporting within the Public Housing Program is done on an individual site basis, and LMHA utilizes a "fee for service" methodology that charges the sites only for the services they receive.  During FY 2016, LMHA also used MTW single fund flexibility in conjunction with the agency's HOPE VI revitalization of Sheppard Square, as follows:  1. \$1,520,000 bridge loan for adaptive rehab of historic Presbyterian Community Center (on-site replacement nousing)  2. \$1,088,893 Powerhouse Lane unit acquisition (off-site)  3. \$5549,000 La Fontenay unit acquisition (off-site)  4. \$1,140,000 Newbridge Road unit acquisition (off-site)		
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During FY 2016, LMHA continued to employ a Multi-Cultural Specialist (Activity #17-2009) to address the unique	1. \$1,520,00 housing) 2. \$1,088,89 3. \$549,000	3 Powerhouse Lane unit acquisition (off-site) La Fontenay unit acquisition (off-site)
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	V.4.Report.Local Asset Mana	agemen	. Pla	n	
	B. MTW Report: Local Asset M	lanagem	ent	Plan	
Has the PHA alloc	cated costs within statute during the plan year?	Yes	Ì		
Has the PHA impl (LAMP)?	emented a local asset management plan		or	No	
-	ementing a LAMP, it shall be described in an appe- oved. It shall explain the deviations from existing to the LAMP.				•
Has the PHA prov	vided a LAMP in the appendix?		or	No	
N/A					
	V.5.Report.Unspent MTV	W Funds	5		
	C. MTW Report: Commitment of	f Unspe	nt F	unds	
In the table below, year.	provide planned commitments or obligations of un	nspent M	ΓW	funds at the end	of the PHA's fisca
				Obligated	Committed
Account	Planned Expenditure			Funds	Funds

N/A
<u>Note</u>: Written notice of a definition of MTW reserves will be forthcoming. Until HUD issues a methodology
for defining reserves, including a definition of obligations and commitments, MTW agencies are not required
to complete this section.

## VI. Administrative

## A. HUD Reviews, Audits, and Physical Inspection Issues

The Housing Authority of Louisville was rated a high performer under the Public Housing Assessment System (PHAS) and the Section Eight Management Assessment Program (SEMAP) for FY 1998, and the agency retains this high performer designation for the duration of its participation in the MTW Demonstration.

LMHA had no HUD reviews, audits, or physical inspection issues that required the agency to take action to address the issue during FY 2016.

## **B. PHA-Directed Evaluations**

Not applicable. LMHA is not currently directing any evaluations of its MTW Program.

C. Certification of Conformance with MTW Statutory Requirements



Certification of Meeti	ng Moving to Wor	k Demonstration S	Statutory Red	quirements
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Acting on behalf of the Louisville Metro Housing Authority as its authorized official, I make the following certification to the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development:

I certify that the Louisville Metro Housing Authority has met the three statutory requirements of the Moving to Work Demonstration program of:

- Assuring that at least 75% of the families assisted by the agency are very low-income families;
- Continuing to assist substantially the same total number of eligible low-income families as would have been served had the amounts not been combined; and
- Maintaining a comparable mix of families (by family size) are served, as would have been provided had the amounts not been used under the demonstration.

Tim Barry

Name of Authorized Official

Executive Director

Title of Authorized Official

2016

Signature of Authorized Official

Date

11



420 South Eighth Street | Louisville, KY 40203 | 502 569.3400 | 502 569.3459 Fax



## Appendix I. Waiting List Households by Bedroom Size

	Bedroom Size								T-4-1	
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Unknown	Total
Housing Choice Voucher	r (HCV) Pro	gram								
HCV Program*	-	6,287	5,705	2,952	565	81	6	1	1,115	16,712
* Calculated bedroom size	ze for 1,115 h	nouseholds i	s unavailabl	e due to mig	ration from	legacy syste	em.			
Public Housing Program	n									
LMHA-Managed Sites*	-	2,589	879	311	122	-	-	-	-	3,901
Liberty Green	75	899	354	301	-	-	-	-	-	1,629
Park DuValle	-	342	412	356	88	-	-	-	-	1,198
Sheppard Square	-	541	883	582	133	-	-	-	-	2,139
Wilart Arms	-	87	36	2	-	-	-	-	-	125
* Avenue Plaza, Beecher	Terrace, Do	sker Manor,	Lourdes Ha	ll, Parkway,	St. Catherine	e Court, Wil	l E. Seay Plaz	za		
Combined HCV / Public	Housing W	ait Lists								
Family Scholar House	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	979	979

#### Households on LMHA Wait Lists by Bedroom Size (October 2016)

Please note that households may be duplicated across wait lists.