## 2010 LOCAL LANDMARK DESIGNATION AWARDS CEREMONY

### HISTORIC PRESERVATION COMMISSION CITY OF JEFFERSON













THURSDAY, MAY 27, 2010 4 p.m.

#### **CITY COUNCIL CHAMBERS**

JOHN G. CHRISTY MUNICIPAL BUILDING 320 East McCarty Street Jefferson City, Missouri 65101

# **2010 Landmark Designation Awards**

Presented by

#### Mayor John Landwehr

and

### Historic Preservation Commission City of Jefferson

Ralph Bray, Chairman Cathy Bordner, Co-Chair Russ Mitten, Secretary Jim Chilcutt Art Langston Diane Light Richard Moore Jenny Smith Richard Telthorst

#### **Department of Community Development**

Pat Sullivan, Director Charles Lansford, Assistant Director Ron Davenport, Building Regulations Division Director Diane Cary, Administrative Technician

# **2010 LANDMARK DESIGNATION AWARDS**

#### Program

Introduction and Welcome Ralph Bray, Chairman, Historic Preservation Commission Mayor John Landwehr

Heritage Essay Contest Winners Dottie Dallmeyer, Cole Co Historical Society, Historic City of Jefferson & Missouri Preservation

Heritage Art Contest Winners Dottie Dallmeyer, Cole Co Historical Society, Historic City of Jefferson & Missouri Preservation

Gregory Stockard Distinguished Service Award - Dr. Walter Schroeder, Recipient Ralph Bray, Chairman, Historic Preservation Commission Cathy Bordner, Co-Chair, Historic Preservation Commission

Landmark Designation Award Winners Mayor John Landwehr

Celebrating National Historic Preservation Month – Area Preservation Events during the upcoming months:

Sunday, June 6	Annual Homes Tour featuring: Corner of Dix & West Main, 1-4 p.m.
Saturday, June 12	Golden Hammer Awards, 11 a.m.
Saturday, July 10	Golden Hammer Awards, 11 a.m.

Photos of Winners with Mayor John Landwehr



Thank you for coming!

## Heritage Essay Contest Winners

1 <sup>st</sup> Place	"The Library Forged From Steel: The Carnegie Library" by <b>Ray Schneider</b> Ray and Anne Schneider, parents 9 <sup>th</sup> Grade, Simonsen Ninth Grade Center Kim Sellers, teacher
2 <sup>nd</sup> Place	"The House at 100 Madison" by <b>Peter Hanson</b> Jon and Ann Hanson, parents 10 <sup>th</sup> Grade, Jefferson City High School Kim Sellers, teacher
3 <sup>rd</sup> Place	"One Hundred Years of History 1 <sup>st</sup> Christian Church" by <b>Ian Murphy</b> Robert and Kristal Murphy, parents 9 <sup>th</sup> Grade, Simonsen Ninth Grade Center Kim Sellers, teacher
4 <sup>th</sup> Place	"Cornerstone of a Red Brick Building Grace Episcopal Church" by <b>Johnny Bakewell</b> Janice Bakewell, parent 9 <sup>th</sup> Grade, Simonsen Ninth Grade Center Kim Sellers, teacher



### Heritage Art Contest Winners

## 9<sup>th</sup> to 12<sup>th</sup> Grade Winners

1 <sup>st</sup> Place	"Cole County Courthouse" ink and ink wash by <b>Ashleigh Talbert</b> Rebecca and Boyd Talbert, parents 12 <sup>th</sup> Grade, Jefferson City High School Charlotte Middleton, teacher
2 <sup>nd</sup> Place	"Missouri State Capitol" pencil by <b>Alex Eickhoff</b> Dale and Shae Marie Eickhoff, parents 11 <sup>th</sup> Grade, Helias High School Mark Friggle, teacher
3 <sup>rd</sup> Place	"St. Peter Church" pencil – graphite by <b>Alexa Beck</b> Larry and Lily Beck, parents 11 <sup>th</sup> Grade, Jefferson City High School Charlotte Middleton, teacher
Honorable Mention	<ul> <li>"First Christian Church" pencil by Patrick Mahoney Carl and Diana Mahoney, parents 11<sup>th</sup> Grade, Jefferson City High School Donna Horn, teacher</li> <li>Image: Constant of the second secon</li></ul>
6 <sup>th</sup> to 8 <sup>th</sup> Grade Winr	ners
1 <sup>st</sup> Place	"The Marmaduke House" water color by <b>Elizabeth Gernander</b> Erik and Emily Gernander, parents 8 <sup>th</sup> Grade, Thomas Jefferson Middle School Brenda Doty and Debbie Schellman, teachers
2 <sup>nd</sup> Place	<ul> <li>"315 E. Dunklin Extension" water color by Chloe Bagnull Gary and Julie Bagnull, parents</li> <li>6<sup>th</sup> Grade, Thomas Jefferson Middle School Brenda Doty and Debbie Schellman, teachers</li> </ul>
3 <sup>rd</sup> Place	"The Capitol of the State of Missouri" pencil by <b>Sam Goeke</b> Nick and Lori Goeke, parents 6 <sup>th</sup> Grade, Thomas Jefferson Middle School Brenda Doty and Debbie Schellman, teachers
Honorable Mention	"Busch's Florist" water color by <b>Kylie Claypool</b> Jeff and Shelley Claypool, parents 8 <sup>th</sup> Grade, Thomas Jefferson Middle School Brenda Doty and Debbie Schellman, teachers

### **Gregory Stockard Distinguished Service Award**

#### Dr. Walter Schroeder, Recipient

Dr. Walter Schroeder has a long history in our community. He was raised in Jefferson City's southside, attended the former Broadway School, Simonsen Junior High and graduated from Jefferson City High School as the covaledictorian of the Class of 1952.

He earned a bachelor's degree from the University of Missouri, a master's degree from the University of Chicago and a doctorate from the University of Missouri. As a professor of geography at the University of Missouri from 1964 to 2002, Schroeder earned many awards as a leader in the field of geography.



Dr. Schroeder is being recognized today with the Gregory Stockard Award because of his leadership in preserving and promoting the history of Jefferson City and central Missouri.

Dr. Schroeder has researched many aspects of our history:

- Germans who settled in Missouri
- Old Munichburg neighborhood
- Churches
- Diverse communities in Jefferson City and central Missouri
- Individuals, families and organizations

Dr. Schroeder has written books and articles and has an exhibit of photographs and other materials about Jefferson City's Old Munichburg neighborhood. He is currently working on the book *The Breweries and Saloons of Jefferson City*. He is eager to share his knowledge in many ways. Dr. Schroeder has been a founding member of the Old Munichburg Association. He currently leads as president. This organization is an important community group that promotes an area of the city rich in cultural history.

Dr. Walter Schroeder brings the history of central Missouri alive. He encourages everyone to value their heritage, but he goes further than preserving the buildings around Jefferson City. He opens minds to social history. He encourages people to study the stories of those who lived before them.

### **2010 LANDMARK AWARDS**

516 E. Capitol Avenue Dr. Robert E. Young Home Missouri Association of Counties, owner

701 South Country Club Drive Joseph and Elizabeth Wallendorf House Missouri Farm Bureau, owner

120-122 East Dunklin Street *Nieghorn House* Dunklin Street Properties / Steve Rollins and Larry Kolb, owners

> 301 East High Street *Cole County Jail – Sheriff's House* Cole County, owner

115 N. Lafayette Street *Housing Unit #1 / H-Hall* Administration Building / Female Department State of Missouri, owner

1203 Missouri Boulevard *Washington Park Shelter House* Jefferson City Department of Parks, Recreation and Forestry, owner

> HISTORIC PRESERVATION COMMISSION City of Jefferson, Missouri

#### 516 E. Capitol Avenue

#### Dr. Robert E. Young Home Owner, Missouri Association of Counties

The Missouri Association of Counties (MAC) was founded in 1972. The current MAC building, 516 E. Capitol Avenue, actually dates back to the 1870s and was built by a prominent Jefferson City physician, Dr. Robert E. Young.



Dr. Robert E. Young was a familiar and prominent figure in Jefferson City for a half century. He was born and reared in the capital city. Robert enlisted in the Missouri State Guard and fought in the Civil War as a Confederate soldier. After the war, he became the physician of the Missouri State Penitentiary, the first president of the Medical Society of Central Missouri and the Cole County Medical Society, city alderman, Cole County school commissioner and Lincoln Institute regent. He also helped organize the Cole County Fair Association.



The location of Young's home (two blocks east of the former Missouri State Penitentiary) was known for being the center of society. According to local legend, Young built the smaller two-story building on the right for his newly married daughter. The two buildings had a common wall but no passageway.

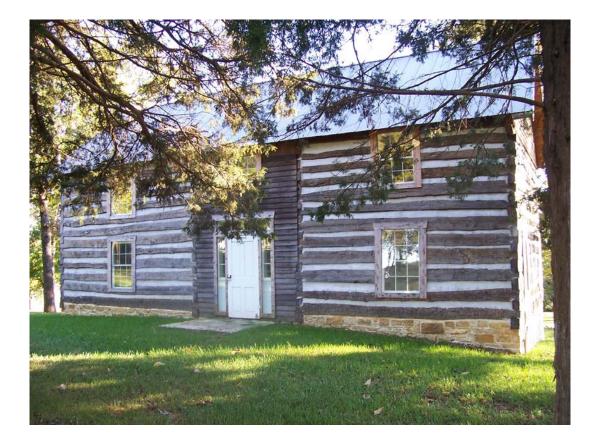
The taller three-story structure on the left was occupied by MAC in 1990. In 2003, MAC purchased the smaller carriage house and began renovation, which entailed cutting through the concrete common wall. Two offices in the carriage house are occupied today. Six offices are occupied in Young's original home. The foliage has been replaced. The original stoop in which his name is carved is still intact.

The original stoop, engraved with Young's name, remains as the first step from the sidewalk in front of the MAC office.

#### 701 South Country Club Drive

Joseph and Elizabeth Wallendorf House Owner, Missouri Farm Bureau

The Missouri Farm Bureau moved the pioneer period log home from its original location in Frog Hollow off West Edgewood Drive, off Route 179, and restored and reconstructed it on the south end of its property. The house was threatened with demolition at the time. The building is a two-story dogtrot style home. It has two rooms and a dogtrot landing on the second floor and two rooms and a dogtrot hallway on the first floor. The dogtrot style was popular in the southern part of the United States because it provides cooling air circulation to the rooms. In Missouri the dogtrot was customarily closed with doors. Log house construction was popular with pioneer families because they could build their home themselves from trees that they often needed to clear anyway to prepare their fields. The Farm Bureau log home was made using the half dovetail notch, a very long-lasting notching style that requires greater skill on the part of the carpenter than on some of the notches used in log construction. It has a locally guarried, hand-cut, stone fireplace on one end. The family modernized continually over the 140 years of continuous residency. They used the fireplace flue for a wood heat stove. They also added lath and plaster to the walls, which covered the logs, and then white washed or "alabastered" the walls or, as in the case in the living room, wallpapered over the furnished surface. The owners added clapboards and asphalt shingles to the outside of the house. The house had electricity, phone service, and at the end, running water.

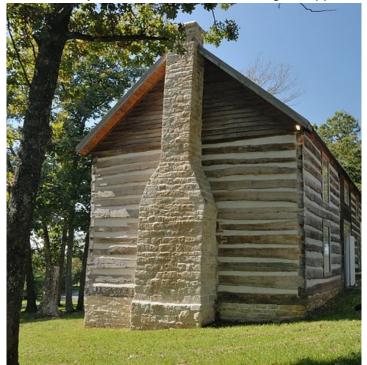


The house and farm were owned by one family from the 1830s until the 1980s. Josef (Joseph) and Maria Elizabeth (nee Tromm) Wallendorf emigrated from Germany. They arrived in Jefferson City by 1838 and homesteaded their farm. The Wallendorf's six children emigrated with them: Joseph, Mathias, Johann (John), Heinrich (Henry), Bartolomeus/mew and Katharina (Catherine). Their youngest child, Elizabeth, was born in Missouri. Bartholomew Wallendorf, purchased the family farm at auction in 1854 after his mother's death. Family tradition holds that he built the house. German-born Bartholomew married Jefferson City native Carolina Shousten. Bartholomew and Caroline raised their seven children in the house: Clement, Louisa, Francis, Karl, Anton, Catherina, and Bartholomew H. Their son, Bart H. brought his new wife, German-born, Anna Eva Wallau, to live with his family. Bart H. and Anna Eva's son Henry continued the custom of living on the farm until 1981. Bart H. and Anna Eva had five children: Louise Mary, Henry, Francisca Alberta, George, and Rosemary. The farm was nearly 300 acres. The family raised hogs, poultry, cattle, corn and hay as well as vegetables for home use. They had a smokehouse, brooder house and many barns and sheds. Over the 140 years of farming, they used draft animals, steam power and diesel engines in their work. Family members still live in the area and the state.



The house played a small but significant role in the Civil War. It served as the headquarters for Sterling Price, the commander-inchief of the Confederate State Militia (Army of Missouri) during the Siege of Jefferson City on October 7 and 8. 1864.

General Price intended to capture the capital from Union hands and install Confederate Governor-in-exile Thomas C. Reynolds. Price led upwards of 10,000 state militia troops against Federal regulars, militia and home guard. The Confederate men bivouacked on the Wallendorf farm, helping themselves to the provisions and livestock. The Federal troops held the heavily-fortified city. More Union troops were marching from St. Louis under the command of General Alfred Pleasanton. Price decided to protect his train of 500 wagons that was laden with munitions and supplies. He chose not to attack. The intended attack was part of a multi-pronged sweep by Missouri Confederate generals Sterling Price, Joseph Shelby, John S. Marmaduke and James Fagan. They led 12,000 men northwest across central Missouri, causing many farm families to flee to Jefferson City. The sweeping campaign began in late September of 1864 in the southeast section of the state. The divisions marched north and west, initially intent on St. Louis, then on Jefferson City, and finally on the border with Kansas and the Confederate forces in Arkansas. When the Missouri Farm Bureau moved the house from its original location, it worked conscientiously to retain as much of the original appearance and fabric of the home as



possible. The original cut stone foundation was replaced with a new foundation, the inner core of which is poured concrete, and the outer, visible layer is stone from the original foundation. The orientation of the house on the site is very similar to the original directional coordinates. Only rotten logs were replaced with new, hand-hewed logs and the soft lime mortar was mixed using a traditional recipe. Bead board was used on the ceiling on the second floor because the original ceiling was bead board. The house received new electrical wiring and a new mechanical system. The floors have been reinforced

and the second floor flooring is new. The Missouri Farm Bureau used private money for the purchase of the building and for the renovation. The home will be open to the public, on a reservation basis, free of charge.



#### 120 – 122 East Dunklin Street

Nieghorn House Dunklin Street Properties / Steve Rollins and Larry Kolb, owners



The first documented commercial building in the block of 120-122 East Dunklin Street was the Nieghorn House (later named the Southside Hotel and Bassmann Apartments). The three-story brick building is 42 feet high. Gary Schmutzler has records of its construction in 1892 by his great-great-grandfather, Bavarian-immigrant John Nieghorn. The architect and builder was Henry J. Wallau (who built many Jefferson City buildings, including St. Peter School). Wallau was a friend of John Nieghorn and according to family history, convinced John to build on that land. The cost was \$10,000. The limestone for the foundation was quarried on Nieghorn property south of Jefferson City on Nieghorn Branch. Andreas Nieghorn (John's son) laid the limestone. Nieghorn built it partly to be his residence (he was a widower at age 72) and partly for income. Water mains and gas lines (for lighting) had just been provided along Dunklin, and they were included in the original building. The ground floor has always been retail. For most of its existence, at least one side was a saloon/restaurant. The other side had, at the beginning, a harness maker, whose business depended on the many county farmers who came to the Nieghorn House for overnight accommodations.

The Nieghorn House is shown on the Sanborn Fire Ins map of 1898 as a three-story building with center staircase, etc. The building is shown on all subsequent Sanborn maps as essentially the same, except for changes in the rear.

The backside of the property and properties to the west were devoted to the stabling of horses and wagons of hotel clients. This was an essential component of running a hotel for overnight guests who came in horse-drawn wagons. (Contrast with the Monroe House on High Street that catered to guests coming by railroad and did not need stables.) The stables are shown on Sanborn maps. There were also scales for weighing wagons.

John Nieghorn died in his room in the hotel in 1899. His son, Andrew, executor, sold the building in 1903 for \$5,000 to George Caspar Bassmann, who continued to run the establishment under the name Southside Hotel.

The Nieghorn family has long struggled with the correct spelling of the family name and suffers from the misspelled "Neighorn Creek" sign on US-54 a few miles south of Jefferson City. A curious twist on this is that right after John Nieghorn built his hotel in 1892, he had its name painted on the façade, completely across the building in huge letters. It was spelled on the façade Niehorn House, leaving out the silent "g". Supposedly this was to maximize letter size in the available space (Germans were noted for frugality) but keep the pronunciation. Others say it was because the painter misjudged the available space.

In the 1920s (certainly by 1931) the Southside Hotel no longer catered to farmers with horses and wagons. Farmers had cars and trucks to come into town and didn't need overnight accommodations. The building was converted into apartments. Mrs. John (Agnes) Sullivan, niece of G. C. Bassmann, lived in the building from 1931 to 1944 and has recounted her experiences there.



The  $2^{nd} - 3^{rd}$  floor fenestration, doorway, roof line, etc. apparently have not been changed appreciably since the 19th century.

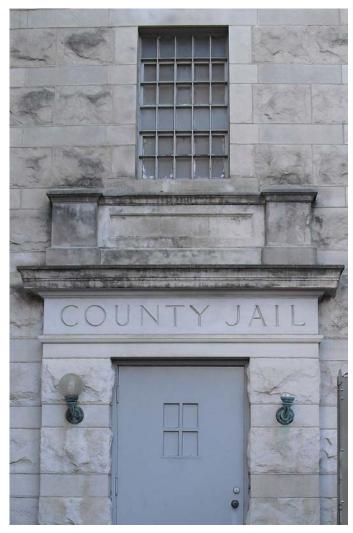
#### 301 East High

Cole County Jail-Sheriff's House Cole County, owner

The Cole County Jail-Sheriff's House is unique because it is one of the few remaining examples of a combined jail and sheriff's residence in the state of Missouri. The Jail-Sheriff's House was built in 1936 in the Romanesque Revival style to blend with the courthouse, which is attached at the jail's south wall.

In 1972 the U.S. Department of the Interior National Park Service approved the nomination of the Cole County Jail-Sheriff's House to the National Register of Historic Places. The areas of significance were identified as architecture, political and jurisprudence. The nomination form described the Jail-Sheriff's house as compatible in style and stonework pattern with the courthouse. The square-plan building is three bays wide on each facade, with the front entrance centered on the northwest façade in a projected, gabled bay.

The rectangular-plan, three-story jail is joined to the sheriff's house along the southeast façade of the



sheriff's house. The jail is of rock-faced stone, laid in irregular courses with the exception of the northwest façade which is identical to the stonework on the sheriff's house.

At the time of construction, it was common for the sheriff and his family to reside in the residential portion of the jail. The building has not been used as a residence for the sheriff since the 1970s. The building is currently being used as the county jail.

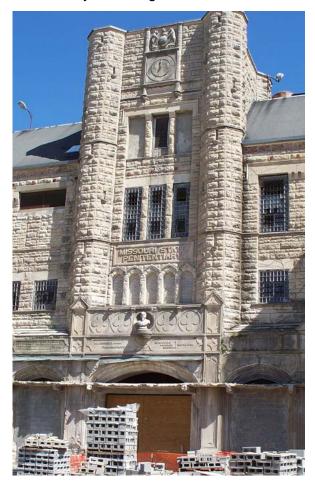
The natural stone façade and architectural style make this structure an appealing asset to downtown Jefferson City. The fact that the building has housed the county jail makes it significant to all of Cole County. Honoring this important public building with the City of Jefferson Local Landmark Designation Award will highlight the special and unique qualities of the Cole County Jail-Sheriff's House.



#### **115 North Lafayette Street**

Housing Unit #1 / H-Hall Administration Building / Female Department State of Missouri, owner

This property is located at the intersection of Lafayette and State Streets on the site of the old Missouri State Penitentiary (MSP). It is a multiple-story structure, constructed of stone with strong architectural characteristics of the Gothic Revival Period. The limestone used to construct the building was quarried from the Missouri State Penitentiary site using inmate labor.



Construction of the building took place during the administration of Gov. Alexander Monroe Dockery, who served from 1901 to 1905. The governor's bust, carved of stone, is displayed on the front of the structure. The Missouri State Seal and a clock also grace the building above Dockery's bust.

E.J. Eikel and George Mann are credited with the architectural design of the building.

Initially the building served as the administration building and female cell house at MSP. The words "Female Department" can be clearly seen above and just to the right of the main entrance. This is historically significant because at the time of WWI the United States had no federal prisons for women. Two famous women were sent to serve their time in the building around 1920: Kate Richards O'Hare and Emma Goldman, known as "Red Emma." Mattie Howard, known as the darling of the Kansas City Underworld, served time in the unit in the 1920s. The cells on the second and third

floors are still intact as are two cells known as the blind punishment cells.

Female inmates were no longer held in the building after 1926. For many years the building was known as H-Hall. Until the construction and opening of The Fulton Reception Center in the 1980s H-Hall was the reception and diagnostic center for all inmates who came into the Missouri Prison System. Thousands of men were housed there during that period and were classified and assigned to other permanent housing units at MSP. Among the more notable offenders assigned to H-Hall were Paul, Harry and Jennings Young later responsible for the Young Brothers Massacre in Springfield, Missouri in the 1920s. The Young brothers killed six law enforcement officers. Harry Snodgrass, known as the King of the Ivories, Charles Arthur (Pretty Boy) Floyd, Sonny Liston and James Earl Ray are but a few who were assigned to H-Hall.

During the 1930s the lower floor of the building was remodeled to accommodate the main Control Center at MSP. Later the building came to be known as Housing Unit #1. The building, including the cells, was used until the day the prison closed Sept. 15, 2004.



Submitted by Mark S. Schreiber

#### 1203 Missouri Boulevard

Washington Park Center (Washington Park Shelter House – Original Name) Jefferson City Department of Parks, Recreation and Forestry, owner

The historic Washington Park Center building, located at the corner of Missouri Boulevard and Kansas Street, was built in the early 1940s as a Work Projects Administration (WPA) public works project. The original structure was an open-air park pavilion named the Washington Park Shelter House.



The structure remained an open park pavilion until the early 1950s when it was enclosed and renovated to house the Jefferson City Park Board administrative offices.



The building remained unchanged until 1976 when the interior was renovated and 1,200 square feet of additional office space and public meeting rooms were added to the south

(back) part of the building. The Washington Park Center remained home to the Park Board administrative offices until 1983 when the Park Board became the Parks and Recreation Commission under the new city charter and offices were moved to City Hall. In 1983, parts of the building were turned into rentable public meeting room



space with the remaining office space rented to the Missouri Parks and Recreation Association.

When the Missouri Parks and Recreation Association moved to a new home in the mid-2000s, the interior of the building was gutted and the original historic design with vaulted ceilings and exposed rock walls was replicated.



The Washington Park Center is currently home to the Capital Arts Gallery which displays art work for public viewing and provides workshop space for art classes cosponsored with Parks and Recreation. The

historic building also offers rentable space for meetings and small family gatherings as well as space for youth and adult leisure classes.



#### City of Jefferson, Missouri Historic Preservation Commission Previous Local Landmarks

<u>1993 Landmarks</u> Temple Beth El The Jefferson City Community Center Parson's House The Col. Darwin W. Marmaduke House Housing Unit #4 /A-Hall/JCCC	<ul> <li>318 Monroe Street</li> <li>608 East Dunklin Street</li> <li>105 Jackson Street</li> <li>700 East Capitol Avenue</li> <li>631 E. State Street</li> </ul>
<u>1994 Landmarks</u> Dulle Home Richmond Hill Grocery St. Peters Roman Catholic Church Union Pacific Depot National Cemetery and City Cemetery	<ul> <li>800 St. Mary's Boulevard</li> <li>628 West Main Street</li> <li>216 Broadway Street</li> <li>301 State Street</li> <li>900 and 1000 block</li> <li>E. McCarty Street</li> </ul>
<u>1995 Landmarks</u> Central United Church of Christ International Shoe Building Cole County Courthouse McClung Park The Villa Panarama Mansion	<ul> <li>118 W. Ashley</li> <li>1101 East Capitol Avenue</li> <li>High &amp; Monroe Street</li> <li>1114 Chestnut Street</li> <li>1310 Swifts Highway</li> </ul>
<u>1996 Landmarks</u> Monaco House Grace Episcopal Church B. Gratz Brown House Bodtenschats Buehrle House Winan's Gallary/Caplinger's Clothing	<ul> <li>1122 Moreau Drive</li> <li>217 Adams Street</li> <li>109 Madison Street</li> <li>707 Washington Street</li> <li>207 East High Street</li> </ul>
<u>1997 Landmarks</u> The Byrd-Haar House Warwick Village First United Methodist Church Lincoln University Lohman's Landing	<ul> <li>110 Bolivar Street</li> <li>1507 East McCarty Street</li> <li>201 Monroe Street</li> <li>820 Chestnut Street</li> <li>100 Jefferson Street</li> </ul>
<u>1998 Landmarks</u> Governor's Mansion and Garden Burch-Berendzen Grocery Building Cherry Street Grocery Carnegie Library Jefferson City Correctional Center	<ul> <li>100 Madison Street</li> <li>304 East High Street</li> <li>423 Cherry Street</li> <li>212 Adams Street</li> <li>631 East State Street</li> </ul>

<u>1999 Landmarks</u> Ephriam B. Ewing House Whaley's East End Drug The Bassman House (materials from the Price Mansion) Cliff Street Mansion Houchin House	- - -	<ul> <li>512 East Capitol</li> <li>630 East High</li> <li>207 West McCarty</li> <li>722 Cliff Street</li> <li>611 East Capitol</li> </ul>
2000 Landmarks United States Post Office Lester Shepard Parker House Pat's Place Democrat Building Residence	- - -	<ul><li>131 West High Street</li><li>624 East Capitol Avenue</li><li>700 West Main Street</li><li>300 East High Street</li><li>210 Lafayette Street</li></ul>
2001 Landmarks Residence Governor's Office Building Immaculate Conception Church Old Moreau Heights School Building Residence	- - -	<ul><li>1427 Green Berry Road</li><li>200 Madison Street</li><li>1206 East McCarty Street</li><li>900 Moreau Drive</li><li>714 Washington Street</li></ul>
2002 Landmarks Architects Alliance Building Bob's Market Bolton - Kelly Home Oscar Burch Home Lincoln University President's Home	- - -	<ul><li>631 W. Main Street</li><li>101 Boonville Road</li><li>1916 Green Berry Road</li><li>924 Jefferson Street</li><li>601 Jackson Street</li></ul>
2003 Landmarks Elizabeth Rozier Home Dix Apartments Jefferson Female Seminary Albert and Wilhelmina Thomas House Old West End School	- - -	1216 Elmerine 623 East Capitol Avenue 416 - 420 East State Street 224 West Elm 1107 West Main
2004 Landmarks Tweedie's Shoes The Schmidt Apartments Louis Ott House Sommerer House Towles-Buckner House	- - -	<ul><li>122 East High Street</li><li>318 Jefferson Street</li><li>1201 Moreau Drive</li><li>2023 West Main Street</li><li>612 East Capitol Avenue</li></ul>

2005 Landmarks George and Judith Goff Home Frank and Carol Burkhead Kas A Designs Exchange Bank Clock O'Donoghue's Steak and Seafood	- - - -	1025 Adams Street 600 East Capitol Avenue 308 West Dunklin Street 132 East High Street 900 East High Street
2006 Landmarks Rotary Centennial Park St. Mary's Hospital (original building) The Prison Wall Etta and Joseph Miller Performing Arts Center The Tergin Apartments	- - - -	Bolivar Street 610 W. Elm Street Lafayette & Capitol Avenue 501 Madison Street 201 W. McCarty Street
2007 Landmarks St. Peter School Henriette Rieger House	-	314 W. High Street 801 Washington Street
2008 Landmarks The Garden Gate Building The Chez Monet Building Coca-Cola Bottling Company Monroe Plaza (Double Tree Hotel) The Ira Lohman House	- - - -	<ul><li>111-113 East High Street</li><li>124-126 East High Street</li><li>604 Jefferson Street</li><li>422 Monroe Street</li><li>1107 Moreau Drive</li></ul>
<u>2009 Landmarks</u> Hawkins-Herman Home The Cook-Nixon Home The Towne Grill The Sunken Garden	- - -	1005 Adams Street 1208 Elmerine Avenue 315 Jefferson Street 1110 Moreau Drive
2010 Landmarks Dr. Robert E. Young Home Joseph & Elizabeth Wallendorf House Nieghorn House Cole County Jail-Sheriff's House Housing Unit #1/H-Hall /JCCC Washington Park Shelter House	- - - -	<ul> <li>516 E. Capitol Avenue</li> <li>701 S. Country Club Drive</li> <li>120-122 E. Dunklin Street</li> <li>301 E. High Street</li> <li>115 N. Lafayette Street</li> <li>1203 Missouri Boulevard</li> </ul>

#### City of Jefferson, Missouri Historic Preservation Commission Previous Recipients for the Gregory Stockard Distinguished Service Award

2004	Gary R. Kremer
2005	Elizabeth Rozier
2006	Mark Schreiber
2007	Carol Blaney
2008	Mary Ann Hall
2009	Dottie Dallmeyer
2010	Walter Schroeder

#### **CRITERIA FOR LOCAL LANDMARK DESIGNATION**

City of Jefferson Historic Preservation Commission

- 1. Significance
- 2. Property type individual districts
- 3. Location
- 4. Integrity Preservation
- 5. Endangered
- 6. Willing to accept it and display plaque